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SAMPLE COLLECTING DEVICE AND MASS SPECTROMETRY OF DEVICE

Technical Field

The present invention is concerned with methods and devices for sample collection and simultaneous detection and/or quantitation of multiple trace elements in fluid samples.

Background Art

A wide range of trace metals and other elements is necessary for good health and physical well being in humans and other animals; deficiencies in essential elements have been shown to cause general malaise and lead to the induction of specific disease, commonly resulting in death. For many essential trace elements, it is not simply the absolute concentration, but also the inter-element balances that have a profound effect on health. For example, selenium deficiency is implicated in the aetiology of lodine Deficiency Disorders amongst humans, whilst copper deficiency, associated with high levels of manganese, may be implicated as a predisposing or causative factor in induction of Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE) in cattle and, by association, New Variant Creutzfeldt-Jakob Disease (nvCJD) in humans.

Dietary forages, vegetables, grains and fruits, which fix available trace elements as metal colloids within their tissue, have long been regarded as sources of essential trace elements. Such plant-based metal colloids are about ninety-eight percent absorbed and communities and animals that have a balanced range of plant products as essential components of diet may reasonably be expected to display markedly reduced incidence of specific trace element deficiency-related disease when compared with other groups lacking quality forage or a regular vegetable, fruit and grain intake.

The trace element content of vegetative material is directly related to the bioavailability of essential nutrients in soils supporting the vegetation. Soils vary in their trace element content from enriched to impoverished, according to local geology, soil degradation and nutrient impoverishment and as a function of inappropriate cropping practice, which is widespread throughout the world. In addition, soils throughout the world are sustaining increasing anthropogenic chemical damage threatening the 30 existence of many plants and animals. Consequently, human health is being threatened through the food chain.

While the productivity of the soils may be maintained through the application of N-P-K fertilisers, food crops growing on these soils becomes, without the regular application of biologically-available 'balanced' trace elements, progressively impoverished in essential trace elements and minerals. If not corrected, this may result in sharply increased incidences of mineral deficiency-related disease.

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Elements may be classified as being essential or toxic to human and animal health. In the case of animals, trace metal deficiency and/or toxicity is due largely to concentration levels controlled by environmental factors, whereas for humans, both environmental and occupational factors may be important; toxic response may a function of both natural and/or anthropogenic influences.

Ignoring carbon, hydrogen and oxygen, the biologically essential major elements are calcium, chlorine, magnesium, phosphorous, potassium, sodium, nitrogen and sulphur. Essential trace elements include bromine, chromium, cobalt, copper, fluorine, lodine, iron, manganese, molybdenum, selenium, silicon and zinc. If bio-available, many of these essential trace elements induce toxic responses, at elevated levels, or if out of balance with synergistic and/or antagonistic elements. Several other elements (lithium, scandium, rubidium, lanthanum) are minor essential elements.

In addition to dietary trace metal deficiency-induced disease, other cohorts of individuals are occupationally or environmentally exposed to a range of toxic element pollutants, which similarly induce general malaise and/or specific clinical symptoms commonly resulting in complications and death. Notable amongst these are arsenic, lead and mercury, which constitute the top three most hazardous substances on the US Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances and Disease Registry priority list.

The leaching of heavy metals into the aquatic environment, and uptake by wildlife in the food chain, may have a profound impact on human health. Cadmium and mercury, in particular, are strongly blo-accumulated in fish and shellfish.

Although it is not possible to quantify the hazards and deleterious effects associated with all trace elements, some elements clearly present a more serious problem than others. Respectively ranked 1, 2, 3 and 7 on the NPL, arsenic, lead, mercury and cadmium, as elemental pollutants, are considered extremely toxic and the health effects of these elements have received a great deal of attention from research workers. Other elements on the list, in alphabetical order, are aluminium, antimony, barium, beryllium, chromium, cobalt, copper, manganese, nickel, plutonium, radium, selenium, silver, thallium, thorium, tin, uranium, vanadium and zinc

Unlike many essential trace elements, the concept of a therapeutic index cannot be applied to toxic elements such as lead, cadmium, mercury and arsenic. These toxic elements play no known role in metabolism, as no enzyme has been identified which specifically requires any of them as cofactors. They are extremely hazardous to life and, resulting from ingestion, have been involved in historic poisoning episodes of both human and animal populations. They are increasing in concentration in both aquatic

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and terrestrial environments due to anthropogenic inputs, and thus will continue to be a concern to toxicologists and clinicians.

Hence, proactive intervention to Identify trace metal and element aberrations within general populations, thereby enabling the early implementation of targeted remedial strategies with consequent minimization of the huge social impact of trace metal-induced disease, is essential. However, mass acreening of general populations for trace metal deficiencies and/or toxic metal excesses, with reference to age, sex, socio-economic status and physical geography, while acknowledged as being highly desirable in terms of preventative medicine, is presently impractical. So too, is the mass screening of human food chain components, such as slaughter animals, prior to their entering the food chain.

Present test methodologies require relatively large volumes of fluid samples (for example, 5-10 ml of blood) and are commonly trace element specific, that is, simultaneous measurement of other trace elements potentially present is not possible. Because of this, other relevant trace metals are either overlooked or require further fluid samples for their determination. In the case of blood, this involves invasive, often traumatic extraction, particularly for young children, babies and the elderly, using hypodermic syringes. The derivative body fluid products require stabilisation and preservation, and having regard for transmissible disease such as HIV, appropriate biohazard handling and disposal. Further, the large volumes required give rise to handling and storage problems.

There is no current technology available that can conveniently be used for the collection and broad-spectrum analysis of the trace element content of large numbers of blood and other body fluid samples. Presently available testing methods are cumbersome and expensive, placing the service outside the reach of the general population, particularly in underdeveloped regions where problems are often greatest. Further, there are no convenient and sensitive mass spectrometric methods for detecting pollutants or contaminants in fluids such as water or lubricants.

There is therefore a need for improved methodologies which will enable more efficient and cost effective screening of trace elements in fluid samples.

It is an object of the present invention to alleviate at least some of the disadvantages of prior art methods, or to provide a useful alternative.

Summary of the invention

According to a first aspect there is provided a sample collection device comprising an inert collection matrix capable of adsorbing or absorbing a fluid sample, and a solid support, wherein the inert matrix is affixed to an area of the solid support

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Particularly useful matrices may be selected from aragonite, aluminium hydroxide, titania, giucose, Starch "A", Starch "B", giucodin, cellulose powder/granules, fibrous cellulose, hydroxy butyl methyl cellulose, vegetable flour and the like, or mixtures thereof. Particularly preferred is fibrous cellulose. The fibrous cellulose matrix may be modified by oxidation and/or acid hydrolysis to improve its properties and thus provide enhanced reproducibility and sensitivity.

The vegetable flour may be selected from rice, malze, wheat, soy, rye or comflour, or mixtures thereof. Particularly preferred is rice flour.

The inert matrix may also contain, on or within, one or more pre-calibrated selected analytes as internal standard, to aid in the quantitation of trace elements in the sample applied to the collection device.

The device of the present invention may also comprise an Integral lancing member, capable of piercing for example skin or tissue, to aid in the collection and application of a blood or body fluid sample to the inert matrix. The lancing member may be mounted adjacent to, within or below the area of linert matrix. There may be included a guiding channel in the inert matrix, to guide the lance should it be disposed below the inert matrix area.

The device may also be equipped with a laser-scannable bar code which may contain patient information or other information concerning the sample, its nature and source. The device may also include an antibiotic barrier, to prevent contamination of the sample to analytical equipment and personnel.

Preferably the inert matrix is applied to only one side of the support. It is also preferred that the area to which the matrix is applied is smaller than the area of the solid support and that it be in the shape of a small tablet-sized disc.

The inert matrix may include hydrophobic and/or hydrophilic components, depending on the nature of the sample and the analysis to be performed.

Preferably the solid support is made of flexible material having sufficient durability to withstand transport and handling. Of course it will be understood that the support can be made of rigid material, depending on the nature of application. It is also preferred that the device is of sufficiently small size to allow transport of the device through mall and for ease of storage. The device may have an integral or separate cover sheath, to protect the inert matrix and prevent possible contamination after collection. The cover sheath also protects the device during transport and handling.

According to a second aspect there is provided a sample collection device having multi-layer construction wherein the collection matrix layer is sandwiched between two

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supporting layers, one of said supporting layers having an opening, which exposes an area of the collection matrix.

Alternatively, the sample collection device may encapsulate a collection matrix tablet within the body of the support wherein the matrix is exposed flush with one surface of the support.

The collection device and methods of the present Invention may be used for analysis of any fluid sample, including body fluids, oils and other lubricants, water from drinking supplies as well as waste water, and the like. Body fluids such as whole blood are particularly preferred, however, separated blood (eg. plasma or serum) and other body fluids, such as urine or sweat, can also be used with the same device.

It will be understood that a sample of body fluid, particularly blood, can be collected for analysis by conventional means, or by using for example a sample collection kit comprising a resealable, sterile sample collection device, embodying a bar coded support in which is embedded, or to which is affixed, a tablet, wafer, wad, strip or the like, of sample absorption/adsorption matrix, a sealed alcohol-saturated wipe, and a separate retractable, single use, spring-loaded lance for penetrating the skin and drawing blood. Of course a lance can be omitted from the kit if the sample to be collected is for example urine or sweat.

As indicated above, the analytical sample need not be a body fluid. Thus, the devices and methods of the present invention are equally applicable to collection and analysis of water or oil samples without significant adaptation of collection devices or analytical procedures and equipment.

The matrix of the sample collection device can include one or more matrix-matched standards either adsorbed/absorbed onto/into sample collection matrix or, alternatively, supported on an impermeable substrate. Here, the matrix may be spiked with elements, for example, Be, in and Hf and these elements will serve as internal standards that will be released simultaneously with the sample during ablation; this will facilitate matrix matching.

According to a third aspect there is provided a method of detecting simultaneously a plurality of elements in a fluid sample adsorbed onto or into an inert collection matrix, comprising:

- (I) exposing the sample to high energy radiation capable of ionising at least a portion of the sample, and
- (ii) detecting plurality of elements in the ionised portion of the sample by mass spectrometry.

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According to a fourth aspect there is provided a method of quantifying simultaneously a plurality of elements in a fluid sample adsorbed onto or into an inert collection matrix, comprising:

- (i) exposing the sample to high energy radiation capable of ionising at least a portion of the sample;
- (ii) measuring quantity of a plurality of elements in the ionised portion of the sample by mass spectrometry;
 - (III) measuring quantity of ionised portion of sample, and
 - (iv) determining quantity of the plurality of elements in the sample.

According to a fifth aspect there is provided a method of quantifying simultaneously a plurality of elements in a fluid sample adsorbed onto or into an inert collection matrix having an internal standard applied thereto, comprising:

- (I) exposing the sample to high energy radiation capable of lonising at least a portion of the sample and a portion of said internal standard;
- (ii) measuring quantity of a plurality of elements in the ionised portion of the sample by mass spectrometry;
- (iii) measuring quantity of ionised internal standard in the ionised portion of the sample by mass spectrometry, and
- (Iv) determining quantity of the plurality of elements in the sample with reference to quantity of ionised internal standard.

According to a sixth aspect there is provided a method of quantifying simultaneously a plurality of elements in a fluid sample adsorbed onto an inert collection matrix, comprising:

- (i) introducing into the fluid sample a known quantity of a measurable internal standard
- (ii) exposing the sample to high energy radiation capable of ionising at least a portion of the sample and the internal standard;
- (iii) measuring quantity of a plurality of elements in the ionised portion of the sample by mass spectrometry;
- (Iv) measuring quantity of ionised internal standard in the ionised portion of the sample by mass spectrometry, and
- (v) determining quantity of the plurality of elements in the sample with reference to quantity of ionised internal standard.

According to a seventh aspect there is provided a method of quantifying simultaneously a plurality of elements in a fluid sample adsorbed/absorbed onto or into. an inert collection matrix comprising:

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- (i) exposing the sample to high energy radiation capable of lonising at least a portion of the sample;
- (ii) measuring quantity of a plurality of elements in the ionised portion of the sample by mass spectrometry;
- (III) exposing a matrix-matched Certified Reference Material (CRM) to high energy radiation capable of ionising at least a portion of the CRM;
- (iv) measuring quantity of lonised CRM in the ionised portion of the sample by mass spectrometry, and
- (v) determining quantity of the plurality of elements in the sample with reference to the CRM.

According to an eighth aspect there is provided a method of quantifying simultaneously a plurality of elements in a fluid sample supported on an impermeable substrate, comprising:

- (i) exposing the sample to high energy radiation capable of ionising at least a portion of the sample;
 - (ii) measuring quantity of a plurality of elements in the lonised portion of the sample by mass spectrometry;
 - (III) exposing a matrix-matched Certified Reference Material (CRM) to high energy radiation capable of ionising at least a portion of the CRM;
 - (Iv) measuring quantity of ionised CRM in the ionised portion of the sample by mass spectrometry, and
 - (v) determining quantity of the plurality of elements in the sample with reference to the CRM.

Details of some useful CRM's, for example, SARM 1, 3 and 46 (South African Bureau of Standards), and SY-2 (Canadian Certified Reference Material Project (CCRMP)) are given in Table 1. Other standard element cocktails may include elements such as Be, In, Hf, Bi, Th to cover the mass calibration range, but may include any element as a standard, that is not being analysed.

Preferably, the sample is whole blood and sample size is approximately 60μ to 100 μ l and even more preferred size of sample is 50 μ l or less. Of course, separated blood may also be used, eg. plasma or serum.

Also preferred is that the high energy radiation is UV laser radiation and that the sample is exposed to such radiation for a period of approximately 30 seconds, , but may be between 10 and 120 seconds.. The devices and methods of the present invention may be used in conjunction with any inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometer

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(ICP-MS) system. Particularly preferred are quadrupole and Time-of-Flight (TOF) ICP-MS systems.

The preferred elements to be detected and/or quantified are dietary trace elements, toxic elements and markers of pollution or wear and tear. For blood and other body fluids, these elements can include Li, Na, Mg, Al, P, K, Ca, Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn, Ga, As, Se, Rb, Sr, Mo, Cd, Sn, Sb, Te, Ba, La, Ce, Eu, Dy, Yb, Hg, Tl, Pb, Th and Pb. For wear metals in lubricants such as oil, the element array may include Li, B, Mg, Al, Sl, P, Ca, Tl, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn, Ga, As, Se, Sr, Y, Zr, Mo, Ag, Cd, Sn, Sb, Ba, La, Ce, Hf, Hg, Pb, and U.

In a preferred embodiment the matrix or the support comprise one or more wells or indentations to accommodate the fluid sample.

According to a ninth aspect there is provided a method of collecting a fluid sample for mass spectrometry analysis of multiple element content comprising the application of the sample to an inert matrix having a low background element content, wherein the matrix is selected from the group consisting of aragonite, aluminium hydroxide, titania, glucose, Starch "A", Starch "B", glucodin, cellulose powder/granules, fibrous cellulose, hydroxy butyl methyl cellulose, vegetable flour or mixtures thereof.

Description of the Preferred Embodiment

The present invention is in part based on Laser Ablation-Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometry technique, which allows rapid, automated, cost effective mass screening of general populations, bloodstock, zoo animals, pets and slaughter animals to identify trace element aberrations in body fluids. This technology facilitates proactive remedial intervention to target and correct essential trace element imbalances and/or toxic heavy metal excesses and enables identification and rejection of heavy metal-contaminated slaughter animals designed for human consumption. The methods and devices of the present invention are also useful for detection and quantitation of trace elements, metals and the like in fluids such water and lubricants, as indicators of for example water pollution or mechanical wear and tear.

The present invention in its various embodiments allows the simultaneous analysis and/or quantitation of a broad spectrum of up to 50 trace elements during a primary analytical run. A secondary run, using a screened torch may include Ca, Mg, Na, K and Fe. The analytical cost of a sample is lower than that of a large number of single element analyses currently being performed, on a chemically unmodified 50-100 micro-litre volume of body fluid sample or other fluid sample (single drop) adsorbed onto an inert collection matrix. In case of blood, the sample collection device, and collection protocol, may be so configured to eliminate the use of hypodermic syringes, and hence

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potential for stick injuries, is non-invasive and hence, non-traumatic, and does not involve the preservation, movement and storage of large volumes of blood and urine, or involve large biohazard disposal facilities. Indeed, in the case of humans, samples may generally be self-acquired at any geographic location through absorption/adsorption of a drop of biological fluid, such as blood from a pin prick, into/onto a lightweight collection device as described herein, and dispatched to the nearest analytical facility by post or courier. Because an approximately 8000°C argon plasma is involved in ionisation of the samples, the body fluid samples are expected to be largely sterilized during analysis.

Certain embodiments of the present invention have been developed using an ultraviolet laser and quadrupole inductively coupled plasma-mass spectrometer (LA-ICP-MS) with manual sample handling. However, the present methods are equally applicable to Time-of-Flight (ToF) and High Resolution mass spectrometry techniques. Further, the methods of the present invention, whether they make use of quadrupole, ToF or High Resolution mass spectrometry, can be automated to allow rapid, high volume throughput screening of samples.

The methods and devices of the present invention permit cost effective, simultaneous, automated mass screening of blood, and other body fluids, for a wide range of essential and toxic trace elements on micro-litre volumes of test fluid absorbed onto inert collection matrices. In certain preferred embodiments the core of the analytical system comprises a quadrupole Laser Ablation-Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometer. The spectrometer may be used in conjunction with an associated automated sample insertion system.

In preferred embodiments of the present invention the collection device, or kit of parts, is envisaged to consist of the following components:

- housing mount that forms the surround of the actual collection matrix and acts as the support of this matrix and also increases robustness of the entire device allowing for transport of the entire system;
- the collection matrix itself consisting of an absorptive pellet;
- a mechanism for puncturing skin and facilitating the collection of a single drop of blood; and
- a bar code or equivalent which ultimately will facilitate the recognition of both the sample and its association with the client.

However, the collection device, or kits of parts, may exclude certain features or include additional features.

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The invention will now be described in more detail with reference to non-limiting examples.

Examples

Example 1: Sample collection and application

Samples may be collected and applied to a chosen collection matrix of the present invention in a conventional manner well known in the art.

For example, blood from a subject may be collected using a kit which comprises a shielded, retractable, spring loaded 'pricker', as part of the sample kit, which also includes a sealed, alcohol-saturated wipe, or swab, for pre-cleaning the skin area to be pricked to avoid unnecessary sample contamination.

It will be understood however that collection of samples of other body fluids, such as urine and sweat, or other fluids such as water or oil and other lubricants, will not require most of the components stipulated above for blood collection, but it will nevertheless be important to exclude contaminants. Conventional techniques for this will be known to those skilled in the art.

The fluid sample, which ever fluid may be of interest, can be applied to the collection matrix for analysis by any known means. For example, a particular quantity may be applied to the collection matrix by a pipette, a capillary tube, a dip-stick or similar device. Exact quantity applied is not important but may be controlled if desired.

Alternatively, particularly for blood sample collection, a collection device such as described in Example 2 below may be used.

Example 2: Sample Collection Device

An example of one type of sample collection device of the present invention, particularly suitable for collection of a blood sample, incorporates an Inert fluid absorption matrix, most preferably a fibrous cellulose matrix (Whatman 540, but also 541, 542 and other cellulose filter papers, Whatman International Ltd, Maidstone, England), typically shaped in the form of a small tablet-size disc. The matrix is affixed to or encased within a small, lightweight, disposable or re-cyclable holder (disc holder or solid support material). Ideally the holder is made of relatively rigid material (for example plastic, cardboard or similar material). The device is designed so that a drop of blood or body fluid can be placed on the absorption matrix and the device sealed at the site of collection. Thus immobilized sample can be easily transported via post or courier to a sample analysis center and/or stored.

Of course the device may be used for other samples, which are not body fluids. For example water or a lubricants.

PCT/AU03/00450

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A collection device of this embodiment of the present invention, incorporating a number of features described below, is depicted in Figure 1. In plan view (A) the device is typically rectangular in shape and has an area of absorbent collection matrix (1) disposed on the surface, and may also have a bar code (2) containing relevant information about the sample and/or the subject. The collection matrix is preferably fibrous cellulose but other matrices described hereafter may also be used. The collection area shown is circular in shape but may be any other suitable shape. A cover sheath (B) may be provided, to cover the collecting matrix area after the sample has been collected. Figures 2 and 3 show the collection device in cross section, in closed and open positions respectively. The carrier or backing (support) portion (A) of the device can be suitably made of plastic or some form of card (stiff paper, cardboard and the like) material. The cover sheath (B) may be made of similar materials. Both the backing portion and the cover sheath may include a locking ridge (3), for positive engagement between the backing and cover sheath, and also to prevent the cover sheath, if used, from sliding off entirely.

Figures 2 and 3 also show the area of collection matrix (1) and a stylus or lance (5) disposed below the collection matrix and within the carrier or backing material. The lance may be guided by a channel (4) in the collection matrix, so that when the device is pressed between the thumb and a finger, the lance will be forced through the channel and into the finger, thus piercing the finger and enabling a sample of blood to be collected onto the collecting matrix. Once the sample has been taken, the cover or sheath can be slid over the collecting matrix, thus protecting the sample as well as individuals handling the used device.

Figure 4 is an enlargement of a section of figures 2 and 3, showing in more detail the preferred arrangement of the lance, collection matrix and the guiding channel.

Typically, a collection device contemplated herein, in a particular preferred configuration, will have dimensions of approximately 40x20 mm and will be about 2 mm thick. However, larger or smaller collection devices may be useful in different applications and can be designed along equivalent parameters.

The collection device is primarily designed for the collection of blood and other body fluids prior to analysis of the trace element content. However, similar design principles can be used for sample collection of other fluids, omitting the integral lance. Of course, even for blood sample collection, the device described above may be provided with a separate lance, packaged together in a kit of separate components if desired.

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The design of the sample collection device provides for low manufacturing costs, a robust configuration, ease of transportation, ease of storage, and can be used to collect a drop of test sample from a remote site by an inexperienced collector.

The matrix, which forms an integral part of the device, is typically an inert material with respect to fluid interaction prior to analysis and does not interfere with the subsequent sample analysis. The sample adsorbed onto or into the matrix can be stored indefinitely, without the addition of preservatives that may add contaminants to the sample.

The preferred material suitable for the matrix is callulose, either granular or fibrous and may be either formed or preformed. Typically, the sample of blood transferred to the blood collection device does not have a specific volume. Hence the matrix may be encoded with an internal standard to normalize the analytical data on analysis.

The matrix may also be composed of inorganic materials suitable for a matrix of the ceramic-type, for example compounds of lithium, boron, carbon, magnesium, aluminium and silicon. Although this list is not exhaustive, it does encompass the main ingredients for an appropriate robust thermo-ceramic.

Typically, a sample of blood is transferred to the collection device that has a small lance or puncturing needle incorporated into the matrix, or into the backing/support material. The patient grips the device and causes a small pinprick to be administered. The collected blood does not have to have a specific volume as the matrix can be encoded with an internal standard, which normalizes the analytical data on analysis.

The device can have a laser-scannable bar code for recognition of the patient or to include any other additional information on the sample and its source. The amount of blood required is usually less than 50µL. The device can also have a sealing mechanism to ensure that the device plus sample can be transported and will not be contaminated.

The matrix may be affixed to, or encapsulated within, the support material or holder by any known means and may employ adhesives. Further, an antibiotic barrier may be applied to prevent contamination of the sample or the analytical equipment and personnel.

The present invention also makes use of collection devices which do not possess a collection matrix affixed thereto. The collection matrix may be simply omitted and the sample applied directly to the support material (backing). This may be particularly useful in certain body fluid collection devices. In such devices it may be advantageous to

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introduce Indentations (wells) Into the support material, to allow for sample immobilization or the application of multiple samples and/or standards to the same support material (device) by application to multiple indentations (wells) in the support material.

Sample of fluids applied to any of the collection devices describe herein may be dried before analysis.

Example 3: Şample Analysis Şystem

Traditionally, quantitation in LA-ICP-MS has been approached by controlling the power coupling the laser to the sample, to ensure uniform ablation characteristics and transfer of uniform amounts of solid to the analytical plasma. While this has much to recommend it when the nature of the matrix can be assured (e.g. glass or similar), there are significant problems associated with standardisation of the coupling and transfer efficiency when matrices are not uniform. Furthermore, when the surface characteristics of the sample also vary it is extremely difficult to ensure uniform ablation.

Until the present invention laser ablation ICP-MS technology has been at best a semi-quantitative technique and more usually a comparative technique for the determination of trace element levels in any solid material. In this embodiment of the invention quantitation in LA-ICP-MS has been approached by quantitation of the amount of debris (ablated or ionised material) that is actually transported from the laser cell to the analytical plasma.

When using an infrared laser, where the particle size of ablated material is relatively large, Ultra-violet spectral interference can be used to quantify the amount of particles (ablation efficiency) entering the plasma. However, in the majority of cases the techniques currently employ either UV or Excimer lasers. These lasers produce particles that are too small to have sensible UV scattering and consequently relatively inexpensive particle quantitation is not possible. However, laser interferometry can be used, as an appropriate alternative technique, to quantitate the amount of ablated material and thus the efficiency of UV lasers. Once transport efficiency is quantified, it is then possible to quantify the amount of particles that are entering the analytical plasma and hence quantify the resulting signal (ie. amount of any one element).

The quantification process can be further enhanced by using Internal standards in the support matrix of the collection/transportation device described above, or by adding one or more standards to the sample to be analysed. A suitable internal standard can be selected from elements which are not commonly present or are below detectable levels in a particular sample. Thus, for blood samples, elements such as Hf, Ir, Ru, Rh, Ta and heavy rare earths can be used as internal standards, and

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incorporated into the inert matrix by bonding to the surface of the particles used to produce the matrix, or may even be present as a natural constituent of the sample itself.

In case where the internal standard is incorporated into the matrix, when the sample is ablated, the particles of the matrix are carried into the analytical plasma along with the sample. Quantitation of the transport efficiency of all debris is achieved using laser interferometry, or an appropriate alternative technique, and supported by normalisation to the signal from internal standards. Since the bonding characteristics of the internal standards and the efficiency of absorption of the matrix are known, as is the transport efficiency, it is possible to calculate the concentration of the element in the sample adsorbed onto the matrix, in this case blood.

In another embodiment of the present invention, quantitation by LA-ICP-MS has been approached by quantitation against matrix-matched standards.

Quantitation is achieved by using internal standards in the collection matrix, or by adding one or more standards to the sample to be analysed. A suitable internal standard can be selected from elements that are not commonly present or are below detectable levels in a particular sample. Thus, for blood samples, internal standards are incorporated into the inert matrix through solution doping, or may even be present as a natural constituent of the matrix itself. The collection matrix is doped with the relevant standards to act as mass calibration standards. These may be Be, in and Bi, or other sultable combination depending upon the analysis required. In addition any other analyte can be spiked into the matrix pad and the pads analyzed. The spiking of calibration standards onto the matrix pad allows for its analysis as a "blank". To the standard-spiked matrix pads, blood, sweat, urine or any other fluid sample may subsequently be added. The sample is dried at 105°C for 2 hours, but may be any other suitable temperature and time, and then ablated. The sample plus the 'under' matrix is ablated and carried into the plasma simultaneously. Ionization is achieved for both components and, in this way samples are calibrated. Hence, because of this, the nature of the sample is not important as the sample and the matrix containing the internal standards are introduced simultaneously to the plasma. This protocol removes the necessity for a spike as the spike is already in the matrix pad on which the sample is collected. Therefore, it does not matter what the sample is, as it will be introduced into the plasma with the standards thereby overcoming any matrix interference. In this embodiment, it is not necessary to add a range of analytes to the metrix because the Be, In and Bi act as the calibrants and can be calibrated against all other elements with respect to mass response before the samples are analyzed. Of course there are a series of matrices that are splked (detailed in text already) with standards from which

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calibration curves may be established thereby facilitating quantification of trace elements contained in the blood or other fluid.

Thus, fibrous cellulose matrix pads are prepared and doped with the set of mass calibration elements and dried. Blood, or other fluid is added, dried and ablated using a 10x10 matrix raster. The data are collected and read against results obtained from a concentration range (100, 200, 500ppb etc) of multi-element standards prepared and measured in the same way. Quantitation for any matrix may thus be achieved because the standard and sample are being introduced in the same way which therefore negates potential matrix problems. The data are cross-referenced to Be, in and Bi in the standards and in the matrix with sample, and their relative values in each normalized.

The core components of the Sample Analysis System of this embodiment comprise a laser for producing an aerosol of the sample (Laser Ablation), an argon plasma, or 'electrical flame', operating at temperatures in excess of 7,000°C (Inductively Coupled Plasma) in which the aerosol is ionized, a mass filter (Mass Spectrometer) for separating the ions into 'packets' according to their mass to charge ratio, and an ion detector (Multi-channel Analyzer or ion Multiplier) for detecting the ions in each 'packet'. The system operates with a routine sensitivity capable of achieving parts per billion detection limits. All data can be electronically stored for future reference.

Sultable ICP-MS system utilizes a quadrupole mass filter, controlled by alternating RF and DC fields in the quadrupole, to allow transmission of ions of one selected mass to charge ratio at any specific time. Cycling of the quadrupole allows passage of any selected ion with a mass to charge ratio of <250amu at specific times during the cycling program. Each naturally occurring element has a unique and simple pattern of nearly integer mass to charge ratio, corresponding to its stable isotopes, thereby facilitating identification of the elemental composition of the sample being analyzed. The number of registered element ions from a specific sample is proportional to the concentration of the element isotope in the sample.

For multi-element analysis, the quadrupole is generally configured to scan at 1Hz (once per second). Under this circumstance, if, for example, 100 isotopic masses are being analyzed, each isotopic mass will be collected only one hundredth of the entire scan time.

It will be understood that other configurations and types of instrumentation can be used with the devices and methods of the present invention without undue modification of protocols presented herein.

In one exemplary operation, the sample is introduced into a laser ablation cell and ablated, using either an Excimer or Frequency Quadrupled Nd-YAG laser, for a

period typically not exceeding 30 seconds. Debris from the ablated sample passes down an interface tube, made from Naigene as a suitable plastic material but other material could also be used, attached to the torch of an inductively coupled plasma (ICP). The sample debris passes through a zone in this tube, adjacent to the torch, into which independent laser radiation is being passed. A concentric series of dynode detectors measures the photon flux, reflected from the sample debris particles, which facilitates quantitation of particle scattering. Knowing the amount of scattering allows linear correlation to the amount of particles doing the scattering. The Laser scattering device is calibrated using conventional smoke cells.

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The level of scattering is a quantitative Indication of the amount of debris passing down the tube. This debris contains the sample material (blood) in addition to particles of a pre-coded (with internal standard) carrier matrix. The particles now pass on into the inductively Coupled Plasma (ICP) where they are lonised and separated using Time of Flight (ToF) segregation. The elemental composition for the sample is established and quantified with reference to the signal obtained form each of the analyte isotopes. Quantitation of the concentration of elements present in the sample and hence the blood, is calculated with reference to the scattering signal from the Laser Interferometer. The amount of sample being analysed is normalized to the signal generation by ionisation of the components in the pre-coded matrix. In this way the amount of material ablated is used to obtain the mass component of the transported material and the elemental signature of the pre-coded matrix facilitates normalization of the response with reference to an ionisation efficiency cross comparison.

Quantitation of elements in the sample may also be achieved by incorporating standards into the sample or into/onto the collection matrix/support, or both. The precoded collection matrix may contain a cocktail of elements that are not naturally present in the sample such as blood or other fluid, at levels above the detection limit of the technique. These elements typically include one or more (ie. mixture of) Beryllium, Scandium, Zirconium, Niobium, Rhodium, Ruthenium, Indium, Hafnium, Tantalum, Rhenium, Osmium and Iridium. This requires doping of appropriate analytes at levels between 1 and 10,000 ng/mL to the matrix or support. The elements are chosen to cover both mass and ionisation potential ranges present in the analytically significant analytes.

In another exemplary operation, the sample is introduced into a laser ablation cell and ablated, using a Frequency Quadrupled Nd-YAG laser operating at 266 nm, for a pre-determined time interval typically dictated by the number of analytes being aquired. Debris from the ablated sample passes down an interface tube, made from

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Nalgene or sultable other plastic, attached to the torch of an inductively coupled plasma (ICP). The pre-coded matrix may contain a cocktall of elements that are not naturally present in blood, at levels above the detection limit of the technique. These elements typically include one or more (ie. mixture of) Beryllium, Scandium, Zirconium, Niobium, Rhodium, Ruthenium, Indium, Hafnium, Tantalum, Rhenium, Osmium and Iridium. This requires doping of appropriate analytes at levels between 1 and 10,000 ng/mL to the matrix. The elements are chosen to cover both mass and ionisation potential ranges present in the analytically significant analytes.

Readout from the spectrometer, for reporting purposes, is expressed in concentration units appropriate to clinically accepted protocols. In addition, the readout contains information on the acceptable ranges of analytes in normal healthy individuals and indicate whether the sample under investigation is below, above are in the accepted range.

The methods and devices of the present invention enable the mass screening of a variety of blood or other body fluid samples for a wide range of essential and toxic trace elements, or of samples of other fluids such as water or lubricants, for contaminants indicative of pollution or wear. Only a small volume of sample liquid (one or two drops) is required for multiple element analysis. Sample collection of body fluids does not require the use of a hypodermic needle and consequently is essentially noninvasive and considerably safer than existing methods. The sample is collected and stored in an inert matrix without need for addition of preservatives. The sample can be handled and transported safely and easily. The preferred method of analysis, quadrupole Laser Ablation-Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometry, is very sensitive and can detect and measure trace/ultra trace amounts of an element. The methods described herein are sulted to full automation and high throughput screening and analysis of samples. Further, the methods and devices of the present invention enable multi-element testing at a significantly lower cost than many current single element tests, thus making the economical mass-screening of target populations possible.

Examples of suitable internal standards which may be used for quantitation of elements, in conjunction with the devices and methods of the present invention, are detailed in Table 1 below.

Table 1:

Sample Name	SARM 1	SARM 3	8ARM 46	SY-2
Alt. Name	NIM-G	NIM-L	314	
Sample Type	Granite	Lujavrite	Stream Sediment	Syenite Rock

	ppm	ppm	ppm	ppm
Si	353848	244936		280975
Ti		2878		899
AI	63933	72190		63722
Fe 3+	4197	61410		16996
Fe 2+	10105	8784		27672
Mn	155	5963		2478
Mg	362	1689		16222
Ca	5575	23013		56889
Na	24926	62093		31974
K	41424	45741		36942
Ρ	44	262		1877
Ag				0.029
As	19.3	1.92		17.3
Au	0.0011	0.00064		0,00052
В				88
Ba	120	450		460
Ве	7.75	29.5		22
BI	0.275	0.468		0,111
Br				
Cd	0.113	0.91		0.21
Ce	195	240		175
CI	263	1200		140
Co	0.36	2.44	54	8.6
Cr	12	10	593	9.5
Cs	1.06	2.78		2.4
Cu	12	13	563	
Dy	. 17	3.1		18
Er	10.5	2.6		12.4
Ev	0.35	1.2		2.42
F	4200	4400		5030
Ga	27	54		
Gd	14	3.6		29 17
Ge	 	0.89		1.3
Hf	12.4	231		7.7
Hg	0,0189	0.0445		0.0043
Но	3.6	0.9		3.8
1		9,0		
in				
ir	0.0005	·		0.0005
La	109	250		75
LI	109	48		95
Lu	2	0.4		2.7
Mo	2.84	1.21		0.53
N_		1.41		0.03
Nb	53	980	26	20
Nd	72	48		29
Ni	8	2.2		73 10
Os_			122	70
<u></u>				

Pb	40	43	14000	85
Pd	0.007			0.015
Pr	19.5	16.4		18.8
Pt				
Ra				3.7
Rb	325	190	18	217
Re				
Rh				
Ru	0.01			0.002
8		650		160
Sb	1.19	0.13		0.26
8c	0.9	0.5		7
Se	0.012	0.014		20
Sm	15.8	. 5		16.1
Sn	3.3	7.4		5.7
Sr	10	4600	28	271
Sr Ta	4.9	25.2		2.01
Tb	3	0.7		2.6
Te Th	0.007	0.009		0.002
Th	51	66	·	379
TI	0.93	0.325		1.5
Tm	2			2.1
U	15	14		284
V	2	81	195	50
W	1.45	8.28		0.76
Υ	143	22		128
Yb	14.2	3		17
Yb Zn Zr	50	395	6200	248
Zr	300	11000	95	280

The collection matrix, if one is used, may be impregnated with a trace metal cocktail, of known concentration using purpose prepared aqueous solution standards. In certain preferred embodiments, the matrix may contain 2ppm of Be, In, Hf as internal standards to calibrate the mass response for the system in blood analysis. In other embodiments describing wear metal analysis of oil, 2ppm of Be, In and Th may be used. In yet other embodiments, different suites of elements may be used.

Separate standard matrix pads may be used to calibrate the sensitivity and these may be as follows for blood and body fluids: a single pad containing, but not restricted to, Li, Na, Mg, Al, P, K, Ca, Tl, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn, Ga, As, Se, Rb, Sr, Mo, Cd, Sn, Sb, Te, Ba, La, Ce, Eu, Dy, Yb, Hg, Tl, Pb, Bl, Th and U at 1 ppb, a second pad with all these at 2 ppb. A third pad with all of these at 5ppb a fourth pad with all of these at 10ppb a fifth pad with all of these at 20 ppb a sixth pad with all of these at 50 ppb a seventh pad with all of these at 100ppb an eight pad with all of these at 200ppb a ninth pad with all of these at 500 ppb a tenth pad with all of these at 100ppb. An appropriate

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concentration can then be used for the set of elements being determined in a particular fluid sample. In another embodiment, a suite of elements appropriate to wear metal analysis in oil, for example, Li, B, Mg, Al, Si, P, Ca, Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn, Ga, As, Se, Sr, Y, Zr, Mo, Ag, Cd, Sn, Sb, Ba, La, Ce, Hf, Hg, Pb and U may be doped into 5 matrix pads at 1ppb through 1000ppb as above, so that when ablated, a range of elements across the mass spectrum may be used as internal standards to standardise the system. Thus, the collection matrix, when used, may contain a pre-calibrated concentration of selected analytes. Both a broad-spectrum general collection matrix/device and a test specific matrices/device/s may be employed for specific elements or suites of elements. Further, any one, or combination or range of internal standards analytes may be spiked into the collection device to ensure its broad spectrum or specific use. For example, for broad spectrum, the preferred combination is , Li, Na, Mg, Al, P, K, Ca, Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn, Ga, As, Se, Rb, Sr, Mo, Cd, Sn, Sb, Te, Ba, La, Ce, Eu, Dy, Yb, Hg, Tl, Pb, Bl, Th and U and for specific applications, for example analyzing oils preferred is , Li, B, Mg, Al, Si, P, Ca, Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, Ni, Cu, Zn, Ga, As, Se, Sr, Y, Zr, Mo, Ag, Cd, Sn, Sb, Ba, La, Ce, Hf, Hg. Pb and U and for blood the preferred combination Is , Li, Na, Mg, Al, P, K, Ca, Ti, V, Cr, Mn, Fe, Co, NI, Cu, Zn, Ga, As, Se, Rb, Sr, Mo, Cd, Sn, Sb, Te, Ba, La, Ce, Eu, Dy, Yb, Hg, Tl, Pb, Bl, Th and U.

A typical procedure of collecting and analyzing a sample is summarized in Figure 5. Of course, manual procedures can also me adopted, as can variations of the proposed exemplary scheme.

Example 4: Analysis of collection matrices

The purpose of the experiments described below was the definition and/or refinement of chemically and mechanically robust fluid adsorption/absorption matrix/matrices to facilitate the collection and quantitative analysis of micro-litre fluid samples by Laser Ablation-Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (LA-ICP-MS). For purposes of this example fluids under consideration are blood, urine and oil. However it will be understood that any other fluid, biological or otherwise, may be analysed using similar matrices and techniques.

Preferably the sample collection matrices should be sultable for incorporation into a robust, transportable sample collection device. The device should have specific attributes such as but not limited to:

- be cheap and capable of precision mass production;
- be small and easily accommodated in laser cells for abiation prior to analysis;

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- be able to be coded for automatic pre-analysis reading and referral of the sample back to the data, and the data to the client;
- for blood collection, contain a mechanism for penetration of individual patient's skin thereby minimising potential 'stick injuries'. There would be some form of shielding device, or mechanism, that would "shield" the puncturing mechanism such that it would not be able to penetrate the skin of another person subsequent to initial collection of blood;
- produce minimum biohazard with material after analysis and prior to disposal. This
 implies a small collection device and a small blood sample (less than 100µL), and a
 very small amount of material comprising the sampling device itself that would
 ultimately have to be incinerated;
- easy transportability to and from the collection site and through conventional mailing procedures. The device should be such that conventional postal systems can be used without the possibility of contamination and release of potentially biohazardous material; and
- be capable of being used by non-medical personnel.

MATRIX MATERIALS

The original preferred matrix material used for process testing was fibrous cellulose. Using this material, it was possible to readily form backed cardboard 'punchouts' containing the cellulose absorptive medium. Micro-litre samples of blood, added to this material, were qualitatively analysed by LA-ICP-MS. Qualitative spectra and raw count data were generated, much of which reflected trace metals in the absorbed blood. However, it was reasoned that the cellulose, being a natural organic product, might be contributing to the analyte signal of a range of elements recorded. Hence, it was determined that cellulose, together with an array of other potential matrix materials, be further investigated, both in terms of its chemical and physical characteristics.

Some attributes of suitable sample collection matrices include but are not limited to:

- must be chemically "clean", that is, have a low concentration of analytes of interest;
- robust, that is, capable of transportation, often over long distances without fragmentation;
- have significant wettability, both by aqueous and non-aqueous (blood and oil) samples while still retaining integrity;
- · capable of withstanding laser ablation removal of samples; and
- not contribute to analyte segregation during analysis.

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MATRIX CHOICE

The parameters detailed above govern the choice of matrix and, as such, preclude certain materials. A list of matrices investigated follows with indications as to their potential sultability, or otherwise, which resulted in a final short list of potentially useful material to be subsequently tested. The choice of white metal oxides as potential matrices is based on the fact that the two detailed herein are locally manufactured in bulk, are extremely cheap and, using the modern generation of UV lasers (unlike IR lasers), are customarily considered not to have variable coupling efficiencies between light and dark matrices.

10 Potential organic and inorganic matrix materials investigated are:

- Pig-toe mussel shell (aragonite) sourced from the WA pearl Industry
- Aluminium hydroxide Alcoa (WA)
- Titania New Millenium (WA)
- Bacterial grade glucose sourced by Professor Watling
- Starch "A" BDH Analar analytical reagent
 - Starch "B" Ajax Chemicals Univar analytical reagent
 - Glucodin Boots Healthcare Australia -
 - Cellulose high purity powder Sigma Chemicals Microgranular
 - Cellulose high purity fibrous cellulose _ Sigma Chemicals Medium Fibrous
- Hydroxy Butyl Methyl Cellulose Sigma Chemicals
 - Flour rice, maize, wheat, soy, rye and com flour commercially available grocery lines

All of the above matrices can be used for lubricants where the levels of metals are much higher. However, the following are particularly useful choices of matrices for blood and other body fluid analysis, which can also be used for analysis of lubricants or water samples.

Aluminium hydroxide [Al(OH)]: A very high quality aluminium hydroxide is produced in Western Australia. It is analytically relatively clean and cheap, and is being considered as a matrix.

Cellulose: Cellulose is an excellent theoretical matrix choice in that it is typically low in heavy metal concentration. A variety of ultra-pure cellulose was tested for compactability, wettability and metal content. The physical characteristics of cellulose as such (it was the original matrix) make it important material as a potential matrix. Particularly useful is fibrous cellulose in the form of-cellulose filter papers (Whatman

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540, but also 541, 542 and other cellulose filter papers, Whatman International Ltd, Maidstone, England).

Flour: Newly acquired rice flour has proved exceptionally robust under wetting and drying conditions and may also be advantageously used as a matrix.

In addition to simply using the matrix material as supplied, relevant matrices were leached and the leached residue tested to see if significant metals could be leached, thereby reducing the metal content of the matrix and possibly rendering it more useful by lowering the level of contaminant metals, or actually reducing the level of metals in the sample to a level where previously unsuitable material would now be suitable. EXPERIMENTAL

(I) Chemical Characterisation

Solution ICP-MS: In order to assess the 'purity' of the respective potential matrices, appropriate sub-samples of water-soluble materials were dissolved in Milli-Q (mQ) water and made to volume. Water-insoluble samples, (primarily the inorganic materials) were subjected to both cold and/or hot (or both) hydrochloric, nitric, aqua regia and nitric-hydrofiuoric acid leaches. The leachates were recovered, made to volume, appropriately diluted and analysed by solution introduction ICP-MS. The leached residues were recovered and a selection of sub-samples subjected to total dissolution followed by solution ICP-MS analysis using a VG PlasmaQuad 3 ICP-MS made by VG Elemental, Ion Path Road 3, Winsford, Cheshire CW7 3BX, United Kingdom. Further selected residue sub-samples, along with unleached equivalents, were subjected to total acid dissolution, made to volume, diluted and again analysed by solution introduction ICP-MS.

The solution experiments facilitated elimination of several of the potential matrix candidates, having unacceptable concentrations of analytes of interest in the raw material and analytes little, or not adequately, reduced by acid leaching. The 'solution' assessment indicated that cellulose and aluminium hydroxide were the best candidates but that both of these may contain certain analytes of interest. Because of the need to dilute the solutions for ICP-MS analysis, very low apparent concentrations in solution frequently translated to significant concentrations in the sample when corrected for mass and dilution; in many cases, these analytes may not be present or, if present, present at very much lower concentrations. To test this thesis, 'raw' sub-samples, and corresponding leached residues where applicable, were pressed into 'briquettes' (see below) and subjected to comparative qualitative UV LA-ICP-MS analysis.

Laser Ablation ICP-MS: It is not necessary that the sample matrix will contribute an equivalent amount of material to the analytical sample as the blood or other fluid.

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The incorporation of the matrix and its ionisation will not be equal to that for the blood contained in it. Because of this, the contribution of matrix to the analytical signal will not necessarily be in proportion to its relative matrix/blood ratio. Hence, it was necessary to determine what relevant contribution the matrix has to the analytical signal during a real analysis. Laser ablation analysis of the matrix was therefore also undertaken. Because the use of argon as a carrier gas is the traditional method of transport of ablation debris to the plasma this was the initial gas used for all experimental purposes. However, helium is finding an increased following in the scientific community as a transport gas as it often gives improved sensitivity and reduced isobaric interferences. Consequently this gas was also investigated.

(II) Physical Characterisation

Physical characterisation of potential matrix materials included assessment of compaction integrity, both at 500 and 1000 kg/sq in, wettability to blood and aqueous solutions, integrity after sample addition, contrasting behaviour of single and multi-component matrices, and internal standard introduction. Results from some of these investigations are detailed below.

The use of an internal standard is necessitated because of the variability in ablation efficiency between samples. There is no way of controlling the "fluence" variation (variation in the efficiency of coupling and hence power transfer of the laser energy to the sample) from sample to sample. Because of this, varying amounts of analyte will reach the plasma depending on the relative fluence between samples. Consequently, it is necessary to ensure that there is a mechanism for estimating the amount of material being transported to the plasma for each sample. The method used for an infrared laser was to measure the scattering of light by the transported particles. However, this mechanism is not possible when a UV laser is used (the laser used for these experiments was a frequency quadrupled Nd-YAG UV Microprobe Laser Systemoperating at 266nm in pulsed Q-switched mode. The Laser System was manufactured by VG Elemental, Cheshire, United Kingdom.

However, spiking a simple element cocktail into the matrix, either prior to, or concurrent with, sampling provides a useful and inexpensive internal standard for quantification experiments.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSIONS

Details of eighteen experiments completed during the period October-December 2002 are set out below. Sixteen of the experiments relate specifically to physical and chemical characteristics of the matrix, and analysis of absorbed aqueous standard, mineral CRM and blood samples. The remaining two experiments, Experiments 13 and

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15, deal with the analysis of oil samples — these are reported together at the end of this section.

The resulting analytical data is presented in a series of Appendices identified by experiment number, for example, 'Appendix Experiment 12'. These appendices should be viewed in conjunction with the relevant commentary on the individual experiments as contained herein. Frequently, averages of data and % standard deviations (coefficient of variations) have been computed.

In most appendices, isotopic data has been computed to 100 per cent elemental concentration using natural isotopic abundance relations. In a small number of cases, data is presented solely as isotopic concentrations at the measured isotopic mass. This is clearly indicated in the respective appendices.

In an attempt to optimise signal response, peak hopping instead of normal scanning acquisition was employed. Under this analytical regime, data acquisition at each isotopic mass occurred on three channels only. Not uncommonly, transient electronic spikes may be recorded on one of the three channels. The on-board computer processes the data from all three channels and reports the results as raw count 'concentrations'. Where a measurement includes a transient spike, the resulting raw counts for that analyte may be considerably elevated relative to duplicate or replicate analyses of the equivalent analyte in the same sample. This leads to often-marked concentration contrasts for specific analytes in these samples. The problem may be overcome by increasing, to say seven, the number of channels over which individual isotopic mass data is collected. Under these circumstances, a normal 'smoothing' algorithm may be automatically applied across the seven channels to produce precision results for duplicate or replicate analyses. Having established this as being a major cause of analyte variability, analytical protocols have been appropriately modified to allow data collection over the increased number of channels.

Another cause of analyte variability may be due to possible surface 'contamination' of the collection matrices. To minimise contamination, the top pad of a matrix wad has been removed so that there is no airborne contamination on the surface to be analysed. In an embodiment of this process, the matrix pads are prepared in a sterile, dust-free clean room, enclosed in a container which may only be breached immediately prior to sample collection. Improved analytical precisions, following implementation of this protocol, are attributed to the sample preparation

Correction of data for identified transient spikes had led to a marked improvement in analyte reproducibility and, hence, 'precision' data.

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Example 5: Matrix And Blood-Related Experiments Experiment 1

The alm of this experiment was to develop and test procedures to produce 3 mm diameter test tablets as a prelude to physical characterisation of sample matrices. For this purpose, an XRF pressed powder vacuum press was modified, and new dies manufactured, to facilitate pellet production. Matrix materials chosen for the inaugural production tests were glucose, cellulose and a 1:1 mixture of the two; initial compaction pressure was 500kg/sq in. Initial physical and chemical investigations were undertaken concurrently until preferred matrices were identified.

Pelletising of glucose required the use of weighing paper between sample and metal on the press die. Absorption of ilquid appears good.

Cellulose pelletised quite well, with very good strength. However, fluid absorption was slow. A 1:1 mixture of glucose and cellulose powder pelletised well without the need for weighing paper between pellet and die. Pellet strength was improved over glucose alone and fluid absorption was intermediate between rates for glucose and cellulose powder pellets compacted at equivalent pressure.

Experiment 2

The principal objective in this experiment was to assess the chemical purity of a range of potential matrix materials. Sample preparation for analysis was undertaken concurrently with pelletising press modifications. Various matrices, including pig-toe mussel shell, glucodin, glucose, cellulose, hydroxy butyl methyl cellulose (HBM cellulose), TiO₂ and Al(OH)₃ were leached, dissolved or digested in preparation for solution ICP-MS purity assessment.

Method

Pig toe mussel (Sample A, B, C and D) - ~1.5g pearl seed taken, dissolved in 20mL 1:1 HCl:mQ water, then taken to dryness. 4mL of HNO3:mQ 1:1 added, heated and made up to 100mL with mQ water. Diluted x20 with mQ (2ppb ir, Rh) water for ICP-MS.

Glucodin (Sample E and F) + Glucose (Sample G) - ~1.5g Dissolved in 100mL of mQ water. Diluted x5 for ICP-MS.

Cellulose (Sample H) + HBM Cellulose (Sample I) - ~0.5g digested in 20mL cHNO3 for 36 hours, reduced to 10mL and made up to 100mL with mQ water. Diluted x5 for ICP-MS.

TiO₂ (Sample 001) + Al(OH)₃ (Sample 003) – Leached with 1:1 HCl:mQ water for 36 hours, decanted and washed 3 times with mQ water (~20mL). Decanted solution (leachate) made up to 100mL with mQ water. Diluted x10 for ICP-MS.

TiO₂ (Sample 002) + Al(OH)₃ (Sample 004) - Leached with 1:1 HNO3:mQ water for 36 hours, decanted and washed 3 times with mQ water (~20mL). Decanted solution (leachate) made up to 100mL with mQ water. Diluted x10 for ICP-MS.

Residues were dried and saved for LA-ICP-MS.

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This experiment was concerned with the determination of the trace element concentrations in prospective matrices for blood (and other fluid) collection, together with looking at some of the results of leachates of titanium dioxide and aluminium hydroxide.

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The results for the leachates are detailed (Appendix Experiment 2). It may be possible to indicate that aluminium is obviously leached from the aluminium hydroxide matrix, but also from the titanium dioxide matrix, and conversely titanium is leached from the titanium dioxide matrix and there is also some indication of leaching of titanium from the aluminium hydroxide matrix. In the case of titanium dioxide, HCi appears to be more aggressive than HNO₃, whereas the reverse is the case for the aluminium hydroxide. Concentrations of manganese, copper, strontium, zirconium are found from the leachates of both matrices while zinc, rubidium, barium and lead appear to be quite concentrated in leachates from the titanium dioxide matrix. In the aluminium hydroxide matrix tin, gallium, zirconium, hafnium and uranium appear to be present in leachates from this matrix.

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Total digest and/or solubilization data of pig-toe mussel, glucodin, glucose, cellulose and HBM cellulose are also presented in Appendix Experiment 2. The pig-toe mussel contains significant concentrations of lithium, aluminium, titanium, manganese, copper, zinc, rubidium, strontium and barium. While this would imply that the matrix is not suitable as a blood collection matrix, because of the concentration of these elements, it is also necessary to analyse the pig-toe mussel material with sample attached under laser ablation conditions rather than solution conditions to make sure that these elements are also carried over by laser ablation and not just present in total digests. In the case of glucodin, glucose, cellulose and HBM cellulose all contain significant amounts of aluminium, titanium, chromium, manganese, nickel, copper, zinc, rubidium, strontium and barium while cellulose matrix alone, in addition to containing these elements, also contains significant concentrations of lead and bismuth; both cellulose and HBM cellulose also contain concentrations of zirconium, tin, thallium and thorium not found in the glucodin and glucose.

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Although these matrices all contain significant amounts of trace elements in the ppb range, this does not necessarily preclude them from use as a sample collection

matrix as conventional blank correction can be used to overcome problems associated with blank content. This can be further emphasised by the fact that inter-element ratios could be used to determine, and to augment, blank corrections by looking at relationships between metals and tracing these through to the final analytical protocols Experiment 3

The purpose of this experiment was to further test, the pelletising and adsorption characteristics of cellulose powder, glucose, and starch, and mixtures thereof, and to check the dissolution/absorption characteristics of the pellets by SY-2 (mineral CRM,, Canadian Certifled Reference Material Project (CCRMP), Table 1 solution. The results of Experiment 3 are set out in Appendix Experiment 3

Cellulose powder alone works well. The glucose undergoes surface dissolution leaving holes on the surface. The starch absorbed water and expanded, causing the surface to bulge. Under the pelletising pressure of 500 kg/sq in, the cellulose powder is tightly compressed and it takes some 10 to 15 seconds for fluid absorption. This suggests that a more fibrous cellulose with an 'open' structure may be preferable. To this end, further experimentation with fibrous cellulose is indicated. In addition, further experimentation with powdered cellulose at differing packing pressures is warranted. Experiment 4

The aim of this experiment was to assess the absorptivity and mechanical stability of cellulose powder pellets compacted under differing pressures. In the first instance, powdered cellulose was suspended in mQ water and vacuum filtered. The collected filter cake was mechanically incoherent. This caused it to flake and fall apart. However the adsorption of solution was rapid.

Cellulose powder compacted under a pressure of 100kg/sq in, while mechanically robust, still absorbed slowly. At low compaction pressure, estimated to be about 50kg/sq in and achieved by turning the tightening screw on the press just until there was resistance, the resulting pellets illustrated rapid absorption. Furthermore, the pellet holds together well. The experiment appears to confirm that compaction destruction of porosity rises with increasing pressure thereby rendering the matrix progressively less absorptive.

Experiment 5

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The aim of this experiment was to quantitated trace elements in a blood sample using internal standards. The experiment also tested the absorption of SY-2 (mineral CRM) and blood onto cellulose pellets, robustness of the doped pellets when subjected to LA-ICP-MS analysis, assess levels of possible contaminants, evaluate results arising from the doped matrices and assess the comparability between 'wet' and 'dry' matrices.

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The following instrument settings were used: Lens voltages – Lens 1, 2, 3, and 4 respectively –10.8, -22.6, 0.7 and –13.3 Volts, Collector – 4.6 Volts and Extraction, -332 Volts; Gas Flows – Cool gas 13.6 L/min, Aux gas 0.81 L/min Neb gas 0.74 L/min and Oxygen gas 0.00 L/min; Torch box positions – X, Y and Z axes respectively 932, 165 and 250 steps; Multiplier voltages – H.T. pulse count –2634 Volts and H.T. analogue) Volts; Miscellaneous settings – Pole bias –2.2 Volts, R.F. power 1500 Watts, Peri speed 0%; PlasmaScreen is OUT, S-Option pump is QFF.

Samples of blood were obtained from a subject with the aid of a SoftTouch lancet device (used for home blood glucose testing and manufactured by Boehringer Mannheim, Germany) applied to a pre-cleaned (absolute ethanol wiped) area of a fingertip. Successive drops of blood were encouraged to form through application of pressure. The drops were directly 'touch' applied to 3mm diameter by 2mm deep sample collection matrix tablets formed by pressing granular cellulose (Sigma Chemicals Microgranular powder) under a load of 500 kg/sq. in. The matrix tablets were affixed to a Perspex disc, 37.5 mm in diameter and 6mm deep, fabricated from Perspex rod, using 3M Scotch Permanent Double Stick Tape. The volume of the drops was estimated to range between 30 and 70 microlitres. No preservatives or anticoagulants were used and there was no requirement to store the blood prior to application to the collection matrix, or subsequent analysis. However, there is provision for loaded sample collection matrix tablets to be refrigerated and stored following oven drying at 60°C for one hour.

Four blood samples were prepared; two were oven dried and two were maintained "damp". Duplicate sets of equivalent SY-2 CRM-doped (Syenite, Canadian Certified Reference Material Project) matrix pellets were prepared by pipetting 50 µL of the standard solution onto the respective matrix tablets and drying thereby generating matrix matched standards. The SY-2 CRM contains calcium, iron, magnesium, potessium and so forth and this provides a high ion flux that is possibly equivalent to the ion flux expected of blood. Hence, any ion effects that were taking place would be comparable in the blood and SY-2, as compared with a straight aqueous standard solution.

The sample holder, with affixed blood- and CRM- doped matrices was placed into the laser ablation cell of the UV Microprobe Laser System attached to a VG PlasmaQuad 3 ICP-MS both manufactured by VG Elemental, United Kingdom. The laser is a frequency quadrupled Nd-YAG operating at 266 nm; 10x10 matrix raster

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ablation of the samples was undertaken in pulsed Q-switched mode at a fluence of 6.2 millipule for 60 seconds.

The output data was acquired as raw counts from on-board software and exported into Excel and manipulated. No algorithms were used for computations. The raw count data for both blood and CRM samples were matrix blank corrected by subtracting the averaged matrix blank value from the Individual blood and SY-2 values. From these corrected data % Standard Deviations were computed as a measure of precision. Finally, trace element compositions for the 11 analytes examined in the exemplary run were computed with reference to matrix matched SY-2 CRM values.

Data obtained is set out in Appendices Experiment 5A and 5B.

As indicated above, part of the experimental design was to determine whether it was necessary to fully 'dry' the sample prior to analysis. Collection of blood onto a matrix without the drying step as detailed above, may lead to a sample being slightly damp. Hence, it was necessary to determine whether variation in the moisture content of the matrix would affect the readout of concentration of elements in the matrix. Consequently two sets of samples of cellulose were set up and, in addition to 'wet' and 'dry' blood, SY-2 certified reference material doped samples were also prepared in an attempt to quantify the concentration of metals in the blood. Blood samples and SY-2 were spiked onto cellulose in duplicate and one set of blood samples was analysed 'wet'. A second subset was taken and dried (as above) and the samples were analysed dry. Data from these experiments is also presented in Appendix Experiment 5A

Following analysis, results for the wet samples were blank corrected and data produced. Simple inspection of the data for the 'wet' blood samples indicates relatively high variability in analyte concentrations particularly in the case of lead and zinc where a variation of $\pm 100\%$ is recorded. The analysis of SY-2 certified reference material is far more uniform.

For the dry sample, the results are better. Reproducibility is improved and results are more uniform. From the blank corrected values for the dried blood sample it can be seen that, with the exception of barlum, the results are meaningful. Barlum results go negative and this is probably due to the fact that the barlum signal is small relative to the blank – the blank is quite high. However, both lead and zinc are much improved and, if these are used to calculate concentrations of these elements in the blood, based on SY-2 concentrations (calculated in Appendix Experiment 5B) the blood values and expected blood values from the literature are quite close for the analytes under consideration. SY-2, a cartified reference material, has been used for a number of reasons. First, use of simple aqueous solution on the collection matrix would not, on

ablation, have provided a significant ion flux. The SY-2 contains calcium, iron, magnesium, potassium etc (see Table 1) and this provides a high ion flux that is possibly equivalent to the ion flux of the blood. Hence, any ion effects that were taking place would be comparable in the blood and SY-2, as compared with a straight aqueous solution. Thus a normal CRM, that has a relatively high matrix concentration will suffice.

The above experiment, including instrument settings and internal standardisation as described, is equally applicable to simpler biological fluid samples such as components of whole blood (eg. serum or plasma), urine, sweat, tears, cerebrospinal fluid and the like. The sample collection, handling and analysis of such fluids is simpler and thus greater accuracy can be achieved.

Experiment 6

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This experiment was conducted to analyse the titanium dioxide and aluminium hydroxide matrices, both before and after leaching (leached residues from Experiment 2). The data produced in this experiment ties in with the leachate data from Experiment 2. Upon total dissolution, solutions derived from titanium dioxide have very high concentrations of titanium, while those derive from digestion of aluminium hydroxide are similarly rich in aluminium. Accordingly, these two elements have not been measured.

The purpose of the experiment was to evaluate the efficacy of acid cleaning of the white oxide matrices. Hence, appropriate sub-samples of 'raw' titanium dioxide and aluminium hydroxide, together with their hydrochloric- and nitric acid-leached equivalents, were digested in a sulphuric/hydrofluoric acid, made up to volume, diluted and analysed by solution introduction ICP-MS. The leachates derive from HCl- and HNO3-leaching of bulk titanium dioxide and aluminium hydroxide were analysed in Experiment 2 and the results reported in Appendix Experiment 2.

The comparison of the "raw" original material and the HCI- and HNO3-leached residues show that, for titanium dioxide, its HCI-leached residue and associated leachate, weak to strong leaching of lithium, manganese, copper, zinc, gailium, rubidium, strontium, (zirconium), barlum, lead, (thorium) and uranium has been achieved. Here, there is generally a good mass balance between concentration in the original versus the sum of concentrations in the leachate and leached residue. In contrast, concentrations of vanadium, chromium, nickel, germanium, yttrium, zirconium, niobium, tin, antimony, hafnium, tantalum and tungsten in the raw material are unaffected by HCI-leaching.

For titanium dioxide, its HNO₈-leached residue and associated leachate, weak to strong leaching of lithium, (chromium), manganese, copper, zinc, gallium, rubidium, strontium, (zirconium), barium, lead and (thorium) is evident. In contrast,

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concentrations of vanadium, (chromium), nickel, germanlum, yttrium, niobium, tin, antimony, hafnium, tantalum, tungsten, (thorium) and uranium are little or unaffected by HNO₃-leaching.

Turning to the aluminium hydroxide matrix, HCI and HNO₃ both have a similar leaching response with both acids weakly to strongly leaching all elements occurring in significant concentrations in the aluminium hydroxide matrix. The elements involved are lithium, beryllium, chromium, manganese, copper, gallium, strontium, zirconium, tin, hafnium, thorium and uranium. Hence, use of these acids to pre-clean the matrices is recommended. Both can be leached quite easily in both HCI and HNO₃.

Of particular importance is the presence of gallium in the aluminium hydroxide matrix. A small amount is acid-leached but this does not impact its potential of being used as an internal standard; the same holds true for zirconium. Although not as high as zirconium in the titanium dioxide matrix, zirconium in aluminium hydroxide could still be used for a double internal standard based on gallium and zirconium. There is a possible problem with the aluminium hydroxide matrix in that there is copper in it but the copper tends to be relatively uniform and if copper results in previous analyses are considered, reasonable results for copper are obtained by doing blank corrections. It should be remembered all the time that although these metals are present in the matrix, they may not contribute an equivalent amount to the determination of metals in blood because they are not transported as much as the blood to the plasma. The blood tends to fill interstices and sit on top of the matrix; hence, these elements may not contribute a significant amount to the concentrations that are present in analysed, so-called blood.

This experiment demonstrates that it is possible to variably reduce and/or eliminate a range of trace elements from titanium dioxide and aluminium hydroxide matrices. When combined with previous experiments, it would appear that possibly two matrices, aluminium hydroxide and cellulose, may constitute particularly suitable matrix materials.

Experiment 12

The purpose of this experiment was to examine the efficacy of a fibrous cellulose mat (Whatman 540 filter paper, Whatman International Ltd) as a sample collection matrix. This material is an efficient absorber of fluids, but its 'coarse' fibrous texture may result in variable ablation characteristics. Six duplicate sub-samples of the cellulose mat were taken and pre-prepared as follows: Two duplicate sets were rinsed for 10 minutes with 50% aqua regia and dried; a further two duplicate sets were washed overnight in aqua regia and dried while the remaining duplicate sets were left unwashed. One set each was doped with 2ppm multi-element standard and dried whilst

the second set of each was retained as blanks. It was observed that the fibrous cellulose mat, rinsed for 10 minutes with aqua regia, upon drying was rendered 'harder' than the other two (unwashed and overnight washed) mats.

The blanks and doped equivalents were analysed by LA-ICP-MS and the results of analysis are recorded in Appendix Experiment 12. Upon ablation, it was observed that for the 'hardened' rinsed matrix, the laser penetrated through the whole mat, whereas for the other two, the laser did not penetrate all the way through. This observation clearly implies that the contrasting physical characteristic of the fibrous cellulose mat impact upon laser penetration and, hence, lasing characteristics. With reference to the relevant Appendix, pages Experiment 12/3 and 12/4, it is clear that, for cerium-normalised data, data for the 'hardened' rinsed fibrous cellulose mat, which exhibited complete laser penetration, gives rise to the best overall precision data. Indeed, most analytes have precisions of less than 10% and frequently less than 5%. This outcome further emphasises the potential value of fibrous cellulose as a matrix material.

Experiment 16

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The objective of this experiment was to evaluate potential sensitivity improvements for aqua regia and ammonium fluoride (NH₄F) doped 3:1 Al(OH)₃:cellulose matrices.

From a 3:1 Al(OH)₃:cellulose mixture, six triplicate sets of pressed pellets were prepared. These unwashed triplicate pellet sets were affixed to a Perspex disc. One set was left 'blank' and a further set was doped with 1ppm multi-element standard; both were oven baked. Two of the remaining four triplicate sets were doped with 5µL of 50% aqua regia and oven at 105°C for 2 hours; the remaining two triplicate sets were doped with 5µL of 1M ammonium fluoride (NH₄F) and oven baked. One set each of the aqua regia and ammonium fluoride treated pellets were further doped with 1ppm multi-element standard and dried.

A further sample of the 3:1 Al(OH)₃:cellulose mixture was washed with aqua regla, rinsed and dried. This material is referred to as the washed matrix. From this washed matrix, equivalent triplicate sets of pellets were prepared as for the unwashed matrix described above. It was observed that the 50% aqua regia doped matrices were not as mechanically robust as other matrices prepared in this experiment. All triplicate sets were analysed by LA-ICP-MS. The results for the unwashed matrices are presented in Appendix Experiment 16A while those for the washed matrices comprise Appendix Experiment 16B.

When results for unwashed material, that is, no aqua regia wash, are considered, it is apparent that the results are significantly better for unwashed, than for the washed, material. For blank corrected matrices, normalised to cerium, precisions for the unwashed material are better than those of the washed matrix. This outcome suggests that there is no fundamental need to wash 3:1 Al(OH)₃:cellulose matrix.

Disregarding, the blank corrected, cerium normalised data for the present, and considering only the 'raw' 1ppm doped matrix data, the recorded precision measurements for both unwashed and washed matrices show a general improvement in the NH₄F doped matrices. This apparent improvement in sensitivity may result from improved ablation of the matrix possibly through production of a more volatile atmosphere in the presence of NH₄F.

Experiment 18

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The several previous experiments have sought to identify appropriate clean matrix materials together with preferred compaction, absorption, ablation and pre-treatment characteristics. Particularly preferred matrix and analytical conditions for most test samples, and particularly useful for blood and other body fluid samples, were identified as Whatman 540 filter paper, ablated at 10Hz at a fluence of between 4 and 9 Milljoule with a flow of argon between 900 and 1000mL per minute.

In the course of this work, consideration was given to the question as to whether it may be possible to prepare a blood sample in such a way that it was matrix supported, rather than matrix absorbed. If this could be achieved, then it may be possible to ablate blood samples free of matrix. In this way, analytes present in the analysis would be derived from the blood alone. Consideration of direct analysis of supported, rather than matrix-absorbed blood, arose from the observation that, during the experimental procedures segregation of blood serum and plasm appeared to occur. The observed probable segregation was not considered to be a significant problem; the laser ablation protocol was designed in such a way that the laser would penetrate through any dispersion front in the matrix, thereby sampling any segregated blood and consequently 're-assembling' or re-combining the analyte cocktail. Nonetheless this observation suggested that it might be possible to overcome any potential matrix interference by ablating only dried blood.

It was reasoned that if a shallow, 3mm diameter, 125 micron deep, depression was cast into the surface of the matrix pellet, then a drop of blood delivered to the depression would flow to fill the depression and present a flat surface away from the depression lip (meniscus) for subsequent lasing. A requirement would be that no chromatographic segregation of serum and plasma occurred. To this end, it was further

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reasoned that if the 3:1 Al(OH)₃:cellulose powder was compacted under high pressure (at least 1 tonne/sq in), then the matrix may be rendered effectively impervious and simply support blood as it coagulated and dried.

Consequently, a new die for the vacuum press was fabricated to produce a 6mm diameter pellet into which was impressed a 3mm diameter by 125 micron deep, flat bottomed circular depression. An appropriate number of new pellets were pressed at 1 tonne/sq in pressure.

Micro-litre samples of blood were delivered to, and contained within, the surface depressions on the surfaces of ten matrix pellets; five of these pellets were air dried at ambient temperature and the remaining five oven dried at 60°C. A further two blood drops were applied to the Perspex mounting disc and dried. Here, the surface of the dried blood drops was not flat, but rather, strongly undulating.

On application, it was clear that some plasma segregation and absorption occurred, causing a volume increase and expansion in the tightly compressed cellulose powder. However, the pellets retained sufficient mechanical integrity to allow LA-ICP-MS analysis. When ablated, the 'serum' tended to fragment in 'chunks' giving rise to somewhat variable results. Notwithstanding, the counts obtained were reasonable for most elements.

For the matrix free blood drops, dried onto the Perspex support, the ablated blood was far more coherent, with nice ablation. However, as noted above, the surface was strongly undulating leading to changed laser focal conditions and, hence, non-optimal results.

Given that the aluminium hydroxide:cellulose matrix was not impervious, the matrix free approach described above can be adopted, ie. use impervious substrate, such as Perspex, into which 3mm diameter by 125 micron deep circular impressions have been pressed, moulded or machined. Each sample collection device can contain two such depressions, one for a matrix-matched, trace metal-doped standard reference blood, and the second to contain and confine the unknown blood sample. Alternatively, a matrix-matched, trace metal-doped reference blood could be inserted into the analytical run such that each unknown had a standard immediately adjacent to it. This would lead to 33% reference samples in the analytical run as opposed to 50% if standard and unknown were applied to the same collection device.

The results from this Experiment are presented in Appendix Experiment 18.

This experiment examined heat and air-dried blood partially absorbed into an aluminium hydroxide:cellulose powder matrix, and matrix-free blood dried onto an impervious Perspex substrate.

If the corrected and normalised "no-matrix" blood is examined, the numbers are reproducible. Indeed, values are commonly comparable to the dried material. In the 'no matrix' blood, both mercury and lead are recorded and the reproducibility of lead is with a precision of 14%. Good numbers are also recorded for uranium on the dried material, but in the blood matrix alone, the numbers are considered to be 'below detection limit', consistent with a matrix uranium background and anticipated absence in the blood.

Example 6: Wear Metal Analysis in Olis

Experiment 13

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The objective of this experiment was to carry out pilot analysis of wear metals in engine oil. It is held that the technology being investigated is equally applicable to the analysis of wear metals in oils, and that wear metals analysis is a major global industry almed at early detection and prevention of catastrophic plant fallure. Such early detection is of particular importance to the military, airline, shipping and mining industries where component failure (automotive, heavy machinery, weaponry and the like) may lead to tragic loss of life and destruction of expensive plant.

Oil from the engine of a 'new' Ford Fairlane was sampled hot, with the engine still running, via the dip-stick. Oil from a single dip of the dip-stick was transferred to both an unwashed and washed 3:1 Al(OH)₃:cellulose powder matrix pellet pressed at 500kg/sq in. Duplicate pellets (without oil) were prepared as blanks and all four pellets analysed by UV LA-ICP-MS. Instrument settings as for Experiment 5 were used, with minor adjustments for day-to-day variations. The results of analysis are presented in Appendix Experiment 13.

When blank corrected, there is very little difference between results obtained on the unwashed and washed matrices. If the two matrices are treated as a single matrix, then precisions, with the exception of Iron, are excellent, commonly being <1 for the restricted range of analytes expected in oil. Reproducibility of the data, are thus excellent and this is graphically illustrated in the X-Y log plot of 'concentration' versus elements comprising Chart Experiment 13/1. Here, consistent with the precision/reproducibility data, iron excepted, the two profiles are effectively superimposed upon each other.

The experiment clearly indicates the general reproducibility of the analysis and indicates considerable promise for the technique.

Experiment 15

This experiment had as its main objective, the analysis of oil from the engines of five different cars, collected under the same conditions as described above, that is hot

with the engines running, on three consecutive days, to assess whether contrasts in wear metal content in oil form cars of contrasting age, engine capacity and, presumably oil used, could be established. For one 'old' car, which required frequent oil top-ups between services, a sample of the new top-up oil was available for comparison. The oil was collected as for Experiment 13, but in duplicate on unwashed 3:1 Al(OH)₃:cellulose powder pellets pressed at 100kg/sq in pressure; new reference oil was dipped with a glass rod and applied, in duplicate, to equivalent pellets. All samples were analysed by UV LA-iCP-MS; the results of the expanded range of analytes are presented as Appendix Experiment 15.

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During the course of the analysis, eleven glass standard measurements were made. The precisions on the raw glass data are generally in the range 10 to 20%. However, when the raw data are normalised to average cerlum, precisions are generally excellent and, with the exception of selenium, cadmium and mercury, are <10; selenium and cadmium are just marginally higher and mercury sits at 24%. The cerium normalised glass standard data have been plotted in a log X-Y line chart plot which comprises Chart Experiment 15/1. Here, it is clear that the several profiles essentially superimpose, consistent with the very good precisions and reproducibility. In addition to the glass standard, 10 air blank measurements were made throughout the analytical run. These have been drift corrected and the average drift corrected air blank has been used to correct the reported data.

Assessment of the data clearly demonstrates significant, and often marked differences, in specific analytes between the engine oils from the different vehicles. Oil from two cars, 'John' and 'Scott', were selected to demonstrate these contrasts. 'John' engine oil is plotted as a log X-Y line chart in Chart Experiment 15/2 while 'Scott' oil comprises Chart Experiment 15/3. Examination of the respective Charts illustrates that while, there is general profile superimposition for the respective replicate oil analyses, there are some clear difference in the shapes of the respective profiles as well as peak height contrasts between equivalent analytes. Chart Experiment 15/4 graphs the averaged composition of 'John' and 'Scott' oli (n=6). This latter Chart clearly emphasises the marked compositional contrast between the two oils. Hence, from this experiment, it may reasonably be concluded that the technique can readily identify and measure analyte contrasts in the examined engine oils. It is clear from the pilot experiments that wear metal analysis of oils of plant in service by LA-ICP-MS techniques is feasible and useful. The experimentation into the analysis of wear metals In alls indicates considerable potential economic benefits of being able to, for example, regularly monitor potential component wear, through 'dip-stick' sampling, in plant in

service, that is without the need to plant take off-line, are large. In this way plant downtime can be carefully scheduled with minimal impact upon operations.

The use of a defocused laser to ablate sample matrices is a variation of the protocols described, which can be used to improve laser coupling to the sample. If a laser is focused on the surface of a sample, the first crater it produces is a response to the laser focal point being on the surface of the sample. As soon as the surface material has been ablated and removed, the next ablation event (laser shot) is into the crater area from the first shot where there is no focus and, therefore, the laser coupling Is diminished. If, however, the laser is focused below the surface, that is, it is defocused at the surface, potentially it is now possible to generate a more active ablation because a large amount of material can be ejected from the middle of the sample because the focussing is below the surface. Hence, it might be expected that at least the first and second shots will produce a lot of ablation debris and therefore this may increase the sensitivity because, at this stage the ablation ejecta is a powder/zerosol and this may be more efficiently transported to the plasma torch. For the existing equipment, laser defocusing can be fairly readily achieved manually. Modern lasers have automatic defocus capabilities where the depth for defocusing can be simply programmed.

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As a further modification of the present protocols, triple shot ablation, as compared with double shot, at each point in a 10 point by 10 point raster grid, may be used.

Example 7: Quantitation using solution doped matrices (further experiments)

In this example three fibrous cellulose matrices, being Whatman 541, high purity Whatman 541 and old Whatman 540 filter papers (Whatman International Ltd, Maidstone, England), were prepared as blank material by affixing to a support substrate using a backing tape; a sample of the backing tape (3M Scotch Permanent Double Stick Tape) was also analysed. The raw count data was analysed firstly as isotopic concentrations for the designated elements and secondly as elemental abundance concentrations derived from the isotopic data using natural abundance relations. All elemental data has been air blank corrected. Air blank correction has produced negative values for isolated analytes implying that the analyte concentrations in the average air blank are significantly higher than in the matrices for those analytes. Examination of the data illustrates generally high analyte air blank values.

All elements have been spike corrected (ie. normalised to an average value for the spike) and 'old' refers to fibrous cellulose substrates that have previously been opened and exposed to the laboratory environment through 'open' long-term storage. 'New' refers to sealed fibrous cellulose substrates opened for this experiment. With

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respect to the single versus multiple layer substrate data, it appears probable that analysis of single layer substrates may have involved laser penetration into the backing tape. Hence, data for single layer substrates may reflect composite data whereas for the multiple layers, where the top layer was peeled off immediately prior to analysis, the data reflect only the cellulose matrix substrate.

The data Illustrated lower concentrations for a significant number of analytes in multiple, relative to single, layer matrices; other analytes are essentially equivalent while some are higher. For many analytes, for example Cu, Zn, Sn, concentrations in the backing tape is very much greater than in the both the single and multi layer matrices but, here, the single layer matrices are much higher in these elements than the equivalent multi layer material. This strongly suggests that laser penetration to the backing tape has occurred and that much of the difference between single and multi layers has little to do with handling contamination.

Furthermore, the corresponding data for 'new' versus 'old' clearly demonstrates significantly lower overall concentrations in the new matrices, both single and multiple. This latter observation strongly suggests that long-term exposure of matrices to the laboratory environment has led to variable, but significant ambient laboratory contamination of exposed matrices.

Further experiments examined white and black Whatman 540 filter paper cellulose matrices (Whatman International Ltd, Maidstone, England) doped with 1ppm multi-element standard (details are provided in the table) and with blood.

The data have been matrix blank corrected. For many of the analytes the air blank is high and similar to the concentrations measured in the white and black cellulose blanks (matrices without samples applied).

The Isotopic data, as obtained, was converted to elemental concentrations and the multi-element standard and blood doped samples have effectively been doubly corrected. The respective white and black cellulose matrix blanks have first been air blank corrected using the average of two air blanks. Following this, the averaged data, for multi-standard and blood doped white and black cellulose, have been corrected using the respective corrected air blank corrected white and black cellulose matrix blanks. There is good correlation between the averaged corrected values for white and black multi-element standard doped matrix samples and white and black blood doped samples. Little difference exists between the multi-element standard and the blood on white and black matrices. The data obtained in this experiment also illustrates excellent reproducibility for the vast majority of analyst across the mass spectrum in both multi-element and blood doped matrices.

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Comparison of the computed concentrations in the blood may now be compared with anticipated concentration ranges from the literature. Data for Fe, Cu Zn, Sn, Ba and Pb show very good agreement.

Hardware optimisation

This experiment was to evaluate hardware optimisation at low, medium and high mass, using respectively manganese, lanthanum and lead. The isotopic data (isotopic concentrations), as obtained, has been rearranged and treated in a manner analogous to that in Example 7. For the current data, air blank, 540 matrix blank, 1ppm multi element standard and blood doped matrices were examined during optimisation at the relevant masses. Again, the respective 540 matrix blanks have been air blank corrected by subtracting the averaged values from the averaged matrix blank values. Using the corrected matrix blanks, both the 540 multi element and blood doped matrices have been matrix corrected. Again using the corrected data, concentrations in ppb in blood have been computed.

The current data appear to Indicate that low mass optimisation may be preferable. When doubly corrected, the indications are that, both for the multi element and blood doped matrices, optimisation at the lower mass, that is manganese, appears preferable to the mid mass and to the high mass. Once again, it is clear, with respect to quantification of trace element in the blood, matrix matched standards are of particular value.

Detection limits and precision

The experiment was designed to establish detection limits, precision and quantitation for solution doped cellulose matrices. A series of standards were used for these experiments. In addition a reagent blank was also used.

Deionised water samples were doped, using a 'stock' multi-element standard solution, to produce a series of aqueous multi-element standard solutions with element concentrations of 100, 200; 500; 1000; 2000; 5000 and 10000 ppb. 100 µL of each of these aqueous standard solutions was transferred to fibrous cellulose matrix pads, prepared from Whatman 540 filter paper (Whatman International Ltd, Maldstone, England), using a pipette; the pads were affixed to Perspex supports using 3M 9cotch Permanent Double Stick Tape. Delonised water matrix blanks were also prepared by pipetting 100 µL of deionised water onto the matrix pads. In addition, solutions of three Certified Reference Materials, SARM's 1, 3 and 46 (South African Bureau of Standards) were diluted 250 times, and 100 µL aliquots of each were doped onto Whatman 540 matrix pads. In all, 10 matrix pads of each aqueous standard concentration and CRM were prepared along with deionised water matrix blanks. A 2ppm samarium internal

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standard solution spike was added to the respective matrix pads to facilitate internal normalisation; the spike was added using a pipette. All doped matrix pads were dried at 105°C for two hours prior to ablation.

Five of each set of ten prepared matrices were analysed on successive days. The sample holders, with affixed matrix pads, were placed in the laser ablation cell of a UP 266 UV Laser System connected to an X Series ICP-MS with Xi Cone System (Thermo Optek (Australia) Pty Ltd, Rydalmere, Australia) and ablated on a 10x10 matrix raster using a UV laser operating at 266 nm, 10Hz at a fluence of 6 Milijoule and an argon flow between 900 and 1000 mL per minute for 60 seconds.

Samples were analysed manually and results have been corrected for air blanks, facilitating cross comparison between CRM and standard matrix matched samples. The output data was acquired as raw counts from on-board software and exported into Excel and manipulated. No algorithms were used for computations. From these corrected data, Standard Deviations and Coefficients of Variation have been computed as measures of reproducibility and precision. Finally, quantitative trace element compositions for the 44 analytes examined in the exemplary run were computed for the CRM's; sub-20ppb detection limits for most analytes were achieved.

Data obtained data is set out in Appendix Experiment M1. It is also quite apparent that data for the standards, when plotted, indicate excellent calibration can be achieved. Quantitation of data for the CRM's indicated extremely good agreement for elemental concentrations for all elements with values (for samples once diluted) in the optimum analytical range of the technique.

There are a number of points that this data demonstrates.

- 1) It is possible to achieve sub 5% precision for a wide range of elements using the analytical protocols developed in conjunction with ICP-MS.
- 2) It is possible to achieve sub 20ppb detection limits for a wide range of elements simultaneously.
- 3) It is possible to achieve accurate quantitative data, using matrix matched certified reference materials, or other equivalent CRM's.

Examples of useful areas of application of the methods and devices of the present invention are:

- screening occupationally exposed workers for anomalous levels of a range of toxic metals;
- monitoring environmental exposure of the general population to toxic metals;
- screening populations for trace/ultra trace element deficiencles for preventative medicine

- screening trace/ultra trace element deficiencies, and toxic heavy metal excesses, in bloodstock, general livestock, zoo animals (including animals in endangered species breeding programs), and domestic pets for veterinary medicine; and monitoring heavy metal pollutants in slaughter animals for meat product quality control in the human food chain.
- Monitoring/detecting wear of mechanical components of plant, machinery and the like by analysing lubricating oils.

Although the Invention has been described with reference to certain preferred embodiments, variations in keeping with the broad principles and the spirit of the Invention are also contemplated as being within its scope.

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Pin Toe B dinest	<u>\$</u>		956'6		⊽	<u></u>	25.00	7	7	3 1	3 8	7	7	7	1	2
O'er Ton Coffeed	100		10.314	2,165	₹	⊽	260,092	ঢ়	⊽	9	3	7	7	7	7	2 6
Tel 100 Cultural	13	₹	\$CV 6		2	₽	936,818	₽ 	⊽	5	2	⊽	চ	⊽	⊽	8
Light of the profession	3												•			
	Š		9.070	ā	7	93	365	V	101	\$	149	⊽	ঢ়	حا	⊽	8
Chrodin E solute	8				7	3 8	2000	7	ξ	g	\$	⊽	₹	V	⊽	<u>بر</u>
Gucodin F solute	4		2,218	36	5	K	37	7	3	1						
								1	•	ē	707	7	1	₹	۷	\$
Ghroosa G sofute	8	7	1,896	88	₹	355	8	0	2	7	2	7	7			
										1	18	1	7	7	V	8
Cellulose H digest	6	7	22,353	1381	S	25	X	₹	3	3	ğ	7	7	;		
	L									1	999	7	7	7	7	182
HBM Cellubse I digest	~	3	25,313	1,278	8	2,392	-,538	⊽	1,282	1,6/1	2	7	7		7	!
									1	1		†		T		
a - 4 to act diam for langer														1	1	

Element - pob* in original	တ်	>	2	2	9	\$	2	æ	යි	Te	8	83	ra Fa	පී	£	₹
													,			
TiO2/HCI -001 teachate	134	₽	8	⊽	3	⊽	⊽	ધ	V	دا	۸	2,808	8	æ	₹	⊽
TiO2/HNC3 -002 backate	195	1	180	ر د	₽ V	\$	۲	₽	₽	4	7	3,250	8	#	ঘ	⊽
AICHIGHCI-003 leachate	12	₽	1,289	ঢ়	4	V	₽	169	b	V	ব	₽	₽	2	⊽	⊽
AUCHISHINOS -004 leachate	189	احا	9H8	₽	٧	₽	V	174	V	₽	₹	7	V	8	⊽	⊽
Pig Toe A digest	237,704	Þ	ادا	V	10	₹	⊽	V	⊽	ঢ়	₹	66,117	4	8	⊽	⊽│
Pig Toe B digest	233,800	⊽	1	⊽	*	در	ادا	حا	⊽	₽	⊽	40,257	4	15	⊽	⊽
Pig Toe C digest	332,026	⊽	₹	⊽	41	V	4	વ	₽	b	₹	85,251	8		⊽	⊽
Pig Toe D digest	303,588	5	<1	₽	61	₽	V	0	₹	₽	₹	101,341	9	82	⊽	∇
Gircodin E solutia	188	b	₽	7	8	0	₽	⊽	⊽	5	₹	22	-	2	⊽	ে
Ghoodin F solute	229	Þ	حا	9	61	ঢ়	V	⊽	⊽	⊽		8	⊽	⊽	⊽	⊽
															1	
Glucose G solute	22	ا	₽	₽	12	₽	ঢ়	⊽	⊽	₹	⊽	8	⊽	⊽	V	∇
																ľ
Celutose H digest	357	<د(9008	217	870	⊽	⊽	88	⊽	⊽	চ	28	8	12	⊽	∇
HEM Cellubse I digest	13,800	حا	1,351	285	524	⊽	V	257	⊽	₹	⊽	\$	9	=	⊽	⊽
* ppb in solution for leachsfes																

रु छ ए ए ए 5 5 5 5 ٧ ٧ 55 32 £ **000** ₹ ⊽ ⊽ ⊽∣⊽ Þ 137 窗 19,014 186 ママ र र र र ママ ⊽ £ ত ত -\⊽ 5 5 5 5 ᄝᄝ 24 K F হ হ <u> ঘ</u> **⊽** ⊽ ⊽⊽ ママ V ₹ ₹ 문 **V V** ⊽⊽ ত ত ত ত ত ত ₹ ₹ ₹ ₹ ত ত V V 5 5 5 5 ত ত ₹ 7 V 먣 ত ত ₹ E ত ত ত ত ٧ V ₹ ₹ ŧ ⊽⊽ ত ত 7 7 7 7 ⊽ ⊽ ⊽ ⊽ ₹ र र **চ চ ७ ७ ७ ७** ত ত V ₹ ₹ 2 ए ए <1 ⊽ **ত ত ত** ⊽⊽ ₹ ₹ 7 1 Ę र र र ত ত ₹ V ₹ <u> যা য</u> **ए ए**। ŭ ⊽⊽ <u> ত ত ত ত</u> চাচ ₹ ⊽ ⊽ 운 ⊽⊽ ছ ছ ₹ ₹ V হ হ ত ত ⊽⊽ ā <u>ت</u> ت ⊽ ₹ VV <u> ৮</u> ৮ ए ए ए ए ⊽ 2 ⊽⊽ ত ত V V ত ত ত ত r V ⊽ 3 **5 5 5** ⊽ ⊽ **ছ**।ছ ⊽⊽ ₹ ⊽⊽ V S **000** ママ ₹ **V V** চাচ V レ 3 ppb in solution for leachabes Al(OH)3/HCI -003 leachate Al(OH)3/HNO3 -004 leachate Element - ppt in original FOZANOS -002 leachate FOZMCI -001 leachabe (BN Cellulose I digest Glucodin E solute Glucodin F solute Pig Toe A digest Pig Toe B digest Pig Toe C digest Pig Toe D digest Cellulose H digest Glucose G solute

Sample	Sample	Pelletise	Absorption	Dissolution	Comments
	40		Rate of SY-2		
Clucose	-	POOR	188	Kes	Petel dissolved, absorbed quickly
Celifose	7	충	10-15 sec		Solution absorbed slowly
ARStarch	3	ğ	Sion	Partial	Pellet sweits
CR Stanch	4	ğ	Sign	2	Peter swals
Glucose + Celiabse 1:1	5	Ø	* 000	Partial	Absorption OK, partial dissolution, holes on surface
Glucose + Cellulose 3:1	8	ŏ	Store	Partia	Dissolution of peliet
Celulose + Glucose 3:1	_	ğ	A. Stow	Partial	Patial dissolution of pellet, holes left on surface
Gucose + AR Starch 1:1	80	š	V. Slow	Partial	Dissolution and ewelling
Gucose + UR Starch 1:1	6	ð	V. SiDer	Partial	Dissolution and swelling
Cellulosa + AR Starch 1:1	9	ğ	Sion	Š	Dissolution and swelling
Cellulose + AR Starch 3:1	4	ð	Sine	2	Dissolution and swelling
AR Starch + Calubase 3:1	12	ğ	Slow	2	Swelling of surface
Cellulose + UR Starch 1:1	65	Ą	Sibe		Swelling of surface
Cellulose + UR Starch 3:1	4	ğ	200	2	Swelling of surface
UR Starch + Celulose 3:1	33	ð	AGIS	ક	Swelling of surface
Glucose + Cellulose + AR Starch 1.1.1	82	ð	V. Slow	Partial	Dissolution and swelling
Glucose + Celhiose + UR Starch 1:1:1	17	¥	Slow	Pertial	Dissolution and swelling

•											
Isotope - Raw Counts	% GS	2	Fn 58	58 58	8 ₫	Zn 66	As 75	Se 71	Mo 98	Ba 138	Pb 208
WET											
"02/1/07 CELLULOSE AIRBL?"	38,010	14,080	2,719	25,180	2,696	377	999	432	138	111	R
YOM 1/07 CELLULOSE AIRBLZ	35,740	13,480	2,579	24,210	2,592	308	8	₹	108	88	38
*02/11/07 CELLULOSE BLANKI"	50,150	24,560	7,283	689,700	15,140	19761	1.29	328	1,542	5,132	8,896
TO2/11/07 CELLULOSE BLANKZ	58,520	20,620	10,250	701,400	10,720	5,452	Ř	83	2254		6,359
TO2/11/07 CELLULOSE SYZM"	75,080	31,360	24,930	375,200	2,948	1,459	8	400	2085		8334
"C2M 1007 CELLULOSE SY22"	73,650	28,060	22,240	337,700	3,598	1,065	74	2	1,663		5.185
"02/1/67 CELLULOSE BLOOD1"	129,300	29,240	4,941	2,803,000	6,377	15,490	88	407	25		10.030
"02/11/07 CELLUIOSE BLOODZ"	101,900	26,030	5,736	2,218,000	6,518	7,60,7	744	\$	817		2.713
TOZA 1 ACT CELLULOSE CLESSTDA"	233,300	544,400	175,200	227,800	50,490	52,420	25.230	918	91,410	2	37,880
TOZM 1/00 CELLULOSE AIRBLS	33,650	12,570	2,563	27,070	2638	జ	747	3	25	\$	R
"02/11/07 CELLULOSE AIRBLA"	35,000	12,680	2,545	28,020	2,765	352	82	511	148	4	28
DRY											
TOZI 1/07 CELLULOSE AIRBLS"	25,660	10,520	2,391	23,630	2,197	133	88	511	145	88	72
"02/11/07 CELLULOSE AIRBLG"	26,490	10,700	2,465	24,380	2211	338	2	532	128	4	12
"02/11/07 CELLULOSE BLANKS"	35,730	18,150	4,002	71,500	2,491	288.2	83	379	8	2751	2758
"02/1/07 CELULOSE BLANNG"	39,820	18,460	4,104	78,720	2,500	5,450	382	33	***	2.147	2.319
TOZY11/07 CELLULOSE SY2/3"	102,100	30,740	36,790	678,500	3,000	6,896	288	98	2,332	11,880	7.340
TOTH 1007 CELLULOSE SYZM"	117,400	35,750	43,590	791,600	8. 20.	5,782	8	28	2,869	14,010	8,050
TOWN INT CELLULOSE BLOODS"	107,400	32,000	4,320	2,898,000	6,533	8,477	88	83	88	1,056	3.126
"02/11/07 CELLILLOSE BLOOD4"	106,200	33,000	4,300	2,766,000	8,308	7,468	292	35	88	1,179	3,389
"02/1/07 CELLULOSE GLSSTD?"	145,100	571,300	186,600	212,500	41,850	35,320	25,530	126	102,000	298,800	61,500
TO2/11/07 CELLILOSE AIRBLZ	28,040	12,350	2,988	30,210	2,224	320	286	2	112	88	22
"UZI 1107 CELLULOSE AIRBLB"	28,620	12,380	2,962	30,540	2,255	364	97.1	255	3	S	2
AVB STZ	71,975	14,940	36,137	650,940	557	673	20	83	2,248	10,496	5,167
Ava Blood	89,625	2 .	757	2,757,890	3,955	2,303	96	172	37	-1,332	200
Blank comected		_									
TOWN TO CELLALOSE SYZE	64,325	12,435	32,737	604,390	505	1,230	17	77	1,977	9,431	4,802
"02H1/07 CELLULOSE SY24"	79,625	17,445	39,537	717,490	5 26	116	\$	8	2,514	11,561	5.512
% Sad Dev	ŧ	×	13	42	ţ	117	100	73	11	2	10
"UZI 1/UT CELLULOSE BLOODS"	88	13,695	192	2,823,890	4,038	2,805	3	171	37	-1,383	3
"0271/07 CELLULOSE BLOODS"	68,425	14,695	247	2,691,890	3,813	98,1	5	12	33	5.20 1.20	\$
% Std Dev	=	6	9	<u>-</u>	7	<u>.</u>	K	F	0	7	*

rsonope - raw Counts	Mg 24	2	Ho 55	Fe 55	25 25	88 43	As 75	28	No 98	Bs 138	Pb 208
102/11/07 CELLULOSE AIRBLS	25,660	10,520	2,391	23,630	2,197	125	098	511	145	38	74
102/11/07 CELLULOSE ARBLG"	28,490	多人 (5)	2,465	24,380	2211	338	158	225	128		1
"V2/11/07 CELLILOSE AIRBLS"	25,680	10,520	2,391	23,630	2,197	327	098	511	145		7.6
INT CELLILOSE AIRBLE	26,490	10,700	2,465	24,380	2211		834	253	128	10	1
11/07 CELLULOSE BLANKS	35,730	18,150	4,002	71,500	2,491		813	379	198	27	2,758
TO211/07 CELLULOSE BLANK6"	39,820	18,460	4,104	78,720	2,500		288	358	346		2318
HOT CELLULOSE SYZOT	102,100	30,740	38,790	678,500	3,000		988	388	2322		7340
1107 CELLILOSE SYZH*	117,400	35,750	43,590	791,600	315		88	485	2 869		A DEO
1/07 CELLILOSE BLOOMS	107,400	22,000	4,320	2,899,000	6.533		828	539	380		3.126
TIZHTIOT CELLILOSE BLOOD4"	106,200	33,000	4,300	2,768,000	6.308	l	298	540	360	1579	3.369
IND CELLULOSE GLSSTOP	145,100	571,300	486,800	212,500	41,650		25.530	128	162 000		R1 SON
TOTH NOT CELLUICSE AIRBLY	28,040	12,350	2,966	30,210	2224		296	505	172		2
WATER CELILILOSE AIRBLE	28,620	12,380	2,962	30,540	2,255	38	1/6	939	162	33	Ę
Blank Corrected				•							
TZ/11/07 CHILLOSE SYZ/3*	£ 326	12,435	22,77	604,390	505	1,230	41	27	1,977	B.431	4,802
WOY CELLULOSE SYZM"	79,625	17,445	39,537	717,490	809	116	8	97	2,514	11,361	5,512
WATER CELLIDING BLOOM	69,625	13,695	287	2,823,890	4.038	2,805	18	171	37	-1,383	288
AT CELLULOSE BLOCOF	68,425	14,685	247	2,891,890	3,813	1,800	110	173	37	-1,270	831
Care is nom in EV.3	096	2004	6	2,5	8.5	100	100	44			
		(C)	N CHAP	34.5	9	74077	2.5	Su us	200	400,000	OT CR
	A to sample	1		VESTINGED!							
	Old House			1			1				
								OUC TELEG		197.07	
	090	0.71	4.0	02.0				M 31-4			
	%Metal in SY-2			0.78							
Conc in ppm in SY-2	16220	158657	2478	17010	520	248,00	17.30	20.00	0.53	460.00	P5 00
				27689							
Conc in ppm for SY-2 in 50ml, sample	ह्यअ	288.51	12.58	86.31	0.03	1.26	6070	0.10	000	2.33	0.43
				140.50							
Average Average for SV 3	746775	44040	20490	Central	1						
	E/AL/		25105	Obsnoo	Š	22	75	23	Z	10496	5157
Conc in gpm for blood samples (avg)	78.9	274	0.089	360	0.186	4.31	Q.143	0780	4 000	A 061	6500
Expected concentrations for blood	0.02	320		500-1800	.08.16	800					900
							_				

2444		36,070	38,610	28	ž	3	Š	2	ន	- 183	1,678	1,690	1,405	2382	27.4	4,907	4,865	30,370	39,260	280	22		-1588	1,881	- 890	222	3,372	3,330		-1,598	-1,166	1,168	1,268	4,468	2,534	2	3	\$559	7133	108	4417	15.570	8			5,569
88		112,700	112,900	22	292	¥ (3	289	908	325	343	2,007	2562	3,652	3,817	1,891	2,345	09,780	114,900	335	376		1,700	2225	3,354	3,519	1,357	2011		1,700	1,404	2,072	2,007	1,789	1,525	4		7,055	5,824	8.58	8.329	7.854	6321			7,065
2, 30		177,500	177,400	<u>د</u>	3	E	2	Æ,	\$	100	<i>121</i>	3,179	5,203	5,188	S,819	2,364	4,282	180,200	192,600	169	88		2,968	4,982	5,088	5,719	2,251	4.179		2,868	3,148	3,143	3,262	2,983	3,168	1,	5	3.775	8 177	B 115	8347	5,808	8 164			5,775
2		415,400	403,100	1,761	1,182	<u></u>)cn'	1,026	987	1,489	1,345	7,690	9,900	10,630	13,940	7,067	8,289	383,800	442,700	1,135	6,648		6,581	B.781	8,823	12,333	5,645	6,867		6,581	5,545	6,945	7,035	7,482	5,207		7	7867	8713	7 (97)	8517	800	8			7,967
27.84		25,180	25,580	3,055	3,671	2,785	2,700	3,257	3,480	153H	3,674	3,013	8,968	3,691	4,319	2,935	4,100	22,170	22,820	4,043	3,952		Ŕ	1,210	8	88	8	80		727	193	188	299	-685	377		2	22	THE	8	675	18	15			237
8		193,900	190,000	হ	ង	\$	3	235	387	999	200	2,658	987'9	4.206	4,783	2,195	3,644	162,200	182,200	306	305		2,083	3,921	3,985	4,477	28.) (8)		2,083	2,473	2,462	2,551	2,065	2,280	į	3	3466	4 115	408	4 744	103	100			3,486
2		25,830	28,190	1,246	1,428	86	1,000	1,381	1,491	1,778	1,938	242	2,310	3,437	3,829	5,443	673	21,590	28,350	1,804	1,749		588	10	2001	2,487	3,585	4.877		200	8	1286	1,419	4751	3,696	,	5	2.100	4 000	167	Y V	17 (789)	19.254			2,100
99 12		41,720	41,450	1,434	1,495	28	3	1,353	1,444	1,492	1,453	1,688	2631	2,862	2,788	1,980	4,235	34,300	39,880	1,508	1.508		410	1,063	145	380	88	2783		410	25	959	8	88	2,005	1	3	1330	2 155	285		2 6	800			1,330
8	3	258,100	244,400	50,128	50,620	61.880	67,680	54,740	60,640	79,450	67,650	52,480	77,020	25.280	69,430	57,130	73,610	235,800	257,900	57,110	57 590		9.845	14,8865	17.670	H.740	-18 420	8		598'8-	8 Zea	10,854	6,697	21,763	\$,	2	1	١	13 837	1	1				-ta 738
1	3	252,900	265,500	10,620	3,167	3,562	985	2,827	3,230	4,522	3,651	5,811	18,040	9,195	10,120	14,920	13.870	222,400	243,100	3.701	1686		2002	12 461	8.167	7,082	10804	97.6		2,002	7,880	3,808	4,045	14,358	7,418			2002	1 888	900	1988	35.7	7.448	2		2,032
8	5	152,300	149,000	1,699	1,759	6,269	6,311	5,007	6,408	7,191	7,387	6,604	10,960	10,510	11,280	5,754	10,320	137,500	147,600	2625	3.245		ş	089.7	4.803	5573	1535	305		Ş	2939	2,967	3,179	2,034	2,288	1	5	5	9 800	35	201.0	3 60	10%	\$		6 97
2	5	182,200	180 100 100	ğ	285	92	202	233	159	1,090	217	2,751	4.217	4,724	2,087	2241	200	164,900	177.800	162	25		2571	3,967	1 S2B	5	1588	3.107		2531	262	2,787	2,780	2,104	2355	,	>	2 53.0	652 0	280	200	3 2 5	186			2,539
1	5	006'099	634,200	21,220	23,090	015'22	28,350	24,650	2 0.85	37,410	33,910	22,180	33.410	28,700	OBO OC	23,210	28,730	984,000	646.500	28,320	24.810		57.5	2466	3,756	53	-12,650	98		6,75	24.5	2011	2644	16.501	1.00	1	3	27R RSR	100	27,00	407 407	700 900	1 2 2			-278,6BS
1 2	5	194,900	187,600	94,140	106,100	101,800	107,500	92,690	108,400	119,000	142,800	122.290	122,000	127,000	130,600	124,200	131,200	186.700	188 600	120,200	123 100		17.640	17.350	29.45	30,05	6.700	9		17.640	10.94	18.343	17.144	889	II		2	200	1	25 CC	200	44 240	200	3	1	22,328
	,	107,400	105,400	1,919	2014	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	2,032	1,596	1,976	2213	2391	\$21	4.343	4863	4,805	2,830	3,703	98.400	088	9.53	2051		118	2315	143.6	SGIB	829	5		1,183	1,460	1,963	172	2	1,062		3	1 270	9	Pag.	7 200	Ž Ç	148	1		1,2779
	Southe - rail coulins	TOPHIZZ HICH CLS STD 1"	TOPA 1/27 HICH CLS STO Z	TOSH 1/27 HKH AIR BL 1"	TO2Y 1/27 HIGH AIR BL 2"	"02/1/27 HIGH CELL ON BL 1"	"DZI 1/ZT HIGH CELL ON BL Z"	TO2/11/27 HICH CELL R BL F	TEM 1/27 HIGH CELL R BL 2"	TIZZY HICH CELL UN BL. 1"	TIZM 127 HIGH CELL UW BL Z	TOWNEY HAY CELL ON ME I'	TON 1/27 HICH CIBIL ON ME Z	"TOST 1122 HICH CELL R LIE 1"	"0271/27 HIKH CELL RIME 2"	"02/1/27 HIGH CELL UW ME 1"	"CON 127 HIGH CELL UW ME ?"	TOWN TOTAL STORY	TOWN 127 HIGH GLS STD 4"	TOWAY HICH AIR IN ST	TOTAL THEN AREN	Real corrected	TOTAL THE HEALTH CON ME I'	TOTAL OF HICH CALL ON ME 7"	"NOM 4277 HICH CELL RAIE 1"	WOM 127 HICH CRIT RIVE Z	TOM 427 HER CELL INVINE 1"	TOWN 127 HICH CELL UNIVEZ	Normalised to carium	102/11/27 HIGH CELL ON ME 1"	TOTAL HONCELL ON ME 2"	TOSTILET HEN CELL RIME T	TOPHIZZY HICH CELL RIVE Z	*0271/27 HIKH CELL UNIVE 1"	WORTHOT HINH CELL UNIME Z		Element - Your Counts	TOWNER TO NOT THE YEAR YOU	THE THE PARTY OF THE PE	TEST TAN CELL UN MEZ	TOTAL CONTROL OF THE	WONTEST TWO CELL RIME 2	WOLLYST HIND CELL DIVINE T	WOTHER THAT WELL UNITE. A		"O2M1/27 HIGH CELL ON ME 1"

Sotage - Raw Counts	Sh 120	Ba 138	1.8133	S 146	Eu 151	Dy 162	76174	HF 478	Pb 208	U 228
TOSH (ZZ) HICH GLS STD 1"	182,100	399,900	450,200	517,100	270,700	112,100	ı	94,780	64,560	115,800
TOWN TO HAN GLS STD Z	188,400	:	439,100	505/750	283,900	109,500	123,400	88,590	85.130	119,100
TOTILZ! HOHAIR BL 1"	ž		8	12	43	ß]	4	312	71
**************************************	152	183	25	æ	R	6	14	44	8	80
"OZY127 HIGH CELL ON BL 1"	675	1,160	182	164	112	\$	S	R	4450	88
"02F11Z7 HIGH CELL ON BLZ"	999	1,673	142	138	52	12	23	24	4,759	æ
"UZT 1/27 HIGH CELL R BL 1"	83	242	25	8	\$	47	12	10	88	Z
"02/1/27 HIXH CELL R.BL.Z"	909	192	2	98	38	*	11	83	771	18
TOWN TO HIGH CELL UN BL 1"	355	883	8	8	\$	72	æ	14	2,580	\$
TOZY 1,ZZZ HIGH CIELL UNY BL. Z	474	987	8	119	\$	Z	4	10	2,789	167
TEXTIZE HOH CELL ON ME 1"	3,088	6,283	7,982	7,442	8CX.4	1,942	2,202	1,708	4,944	1,805
"DZY 1/27 HICH CELL CAN ME 2"	4,897	8,724	12,580	11,710	6,788	3,269	3,531	2,848	5,061	2,346
"VZ711/Z7 HKH CELL RIME F"	5,747	10,890	12,480	11,830	9,827	3,122	3,407	2,525	6,512	2,378
TOSTITZT HICH CELL RIME Z	6,991	11,629	13,830	12,810	7,619	3,567	3,867	2,839	8,501	2,716
"WAT 127 HIGH CELL UW ME 1"	3,486		5,896	6,602	3,258	1,482	1,577	1,167	086	1,200
TOWN TET HIGH CELL UNVILET	5,174		9,995	9,717	5,474	2,645	2,812	2,111	7,663	1,833
TEZN 1/27 HICH GLS STO 3"	180,000	374,500	437,100	473,100	258,400	105,700	118,500	86,230	47,700	88,150
TO/11/27 HICH GLS STD 4"	203,100	000'02+	497,200	257,500	295,600	120,200	138,200	100,200	64,190	123,100
TIZT LIZT HICH ARE BL. 3"	. 778	182	44	22	8	18	8	10	44	æ
**************************************	2 2	465	8	41	R	5	\$	12	83	80
Blank corrected										
CONTACT HIGH CELL ON ME F	2489	4.877	7,889	7.291	424		2,164		8	1,546
TOWN 1/27 HIGH CIELL CAN INE ?	\$27	8,308	12,368	11,558	6,708	3,238	3,493		457	2287
TOWN 1/27 HIGH CELL RIME 1"	5228	10,737	242	± 82	6,778		3386	2,503	282	2000
TOWARD HIGH CHAIL RIME Z	6,403	11,567	13,882	12,782	7,568	3562	3,876		5,581	2500
TOPH (27 HIGH CELL UNINE I"	3,081	4,612	5.941	5,50	\$152	j	1,556	1,155	7,158	1,034
"DON 1/27 HIGH CELL, UNINE 2"	B	8,689	980	8948	5,388		2	2,088	4,673	172
MONTHE NO COUNTY	9 400		4	7	1000	4 040	2000	400	340	• 676
TO THE TIME OF THE PARTY OF THE	2000	l	2007	1000	1	1000	2000	1	2000	
WOLDS THAT CELL DINE A	0007		C GRO	1302	207	4,044	300	100	95.46	1 2
MAI UZ IINI CELI NIE 7	4 607	200	7 040	i de	2017	2000	2 244	4 848	3,000	200
TOPINGT HISH CHI INWINE IS	4 083		7 100	2	11.7	187	2,082	13	2576	1
TUZIN 1277 HIGH CREAL UNINE Z	3,009	7,354	75.8	7.291	4,070	196	2116	1,502	569	8
	6	١	٤	1	,	į	Ś	3	á	-
Charles - Mary County	3	8	,	3		5	2			•
TZZ11ZZ HOH CELL ON ME 1"	7,572	6.801	7,828	8,238	883	7,925	108°9	0.154	2	1.56
TO/1127 HRH CELL ON NE Z	8.276		7.828	8,238	8,850	8,004	6283	6,049	93	1,462
TO2/11Z7 HOUCELL RIVE 1"	9,808	<u> </u>	7,688	8,238	8.757	7,502	6,598	5,685	6711	1,486
TOTAL THEN CELL RIME Z'	1.238		1,928	823	100,6	7,944	6,962	6285	8,184 A	25.
TOWNET HANCELL UNINE T	12,524		-88 ⁻ /	823	8,738	7.634	6484	5,609	18,124	1,460
"02/11/27 HICH CELL UNINE 2"	11,020	10,257	7,544	8239	B,514	7,786	6,854	5,830	7,059	1,318
						7				
WENTER HITH CELL ON SEE 1-	7037	A ROT	7.898	9.248	a A	7.605	RAM	A that	Adr	4 563
100 MET 1100 CALL WILLIAM	1,00		2	3				ı		

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botone - Raw Counts	<u>~</u>	ス 品	3	- -	is is	R E	R	3	8	3	ę	3		R	
TOTAL DE MINISTER ON MEZ	150	13.853	145,727	2529	3,508	7,880	10,108	2,166	1,072	4,115	200	6,713	6,127	5,824	4,133
Ch Am	212		312831	-	2228	4.121	14,739	3	727	653	372	1887	248	aya	1,009
K Stel dow	45		3	-	115	8	7 683	7	7	12	X	4	4	75	-21
TOWATON HICH CELL RIME 1"	2.02	20 688	96.675	2.808	3.540	3,809	11,637	2,815	4,431	4,006	199	7,187	6,115		4,069
TONA AND LICE CELL DIES 2	1 862	ļ	427,167	2 798	27.00	4.045	7,503	2573	5,085	424	21/2	215'8	6,347	8	
Cal des	3		21519	197	8	167	3226	342	ĺ	106		1338	164	180	246
Con dev	9	F	\$	0	8	7	3	•		•	S8	12	3	7	•
WORLD HICH CELL LINGUE F	200	-1120	- 100 Mg	2111	-2428	14.358	-23,732	2,098	17,030	3,437	-885	8,058	5,803		15,570
WASHINGT HICH CELL INVINE 7	1.48	2	-68 530	2383	2742	7.418	l	6,800	18281	207.8	228	SDE, 8	6,184	6,927	8,786
On de	<i>m</i>	8 152	512.498	- 78	3,656	4,908	16.8	3,325	2,670	263	269	1,949	957	804	4780
A Sof dev.	R	169	₽	8	क्रू	3	40	22	18	7	28	82	•	12	8

Botope - Raw Counts	Sn 120	Ba 138	5 8	35.8	Eu 159	Dy têz	70.07	H-172	Ph 202	877 17
TOTALIZZ HICH CELL ON INE 2"	8,276	7,308	829'2	8,238	0,850	8.004	6.928	8008	550	1450
Std dev	689	88	7	0	12		28	72	R	72
% Stid dov.	9	5	0	0	0	4	-	-	7	100
CON 1/27 HIGH CELL R AJE 1"	9000	0.284	7 599	074-0	131.0	7.00	92.9			
CZ/11/ZZ RICH CELL RIME Z	13.32	200.8	100	3 4		707		200	B/11	
Std dev	1,002	12	2	0	4			15 E	5	2 8
k Std dev.	6	0	2	0	~	4	4	2	9	3
A THE STATE OF THE STATE OF										
USI ILLI MINI CELL UN INE T	22	8253 8253	188/	6238	8,738	7,634	6,484	5,609	48,124	1,480
WZM 1/Z/ HIXM CIELL UW ME Z	11,070	10,257	7.544	8,238	8,514	7,796	6,654	5,830	7,059	1.319
States	1,000	1,224	238	0	455	114	8	157	7.824	ğ
K Std den.	B)	13	3	•	2	-	N	-	B	_

199,370 178,895 54,275,269 199,370 178,895 54,275,269 273,282 188,398 56,142,554 6,470 66,725 1,901,035 8,882 67,226 1,730,516 6,470 66,725 1,901,035 8,882 67,226 1,301,035 8,882 67,226 1,301,035 8,480 36,102 1,513,146 5,477 36,102 1,513,146 5,477 36,102 1,513,146 5,477 36,102 1,513,146 5,477 36,102 1,513,146 7,361 1,313,146 7,361 7,361 1,313,146 7,361 7,363 1,51,268 7,361 7,363 1,51,268 7,361 7,363 1,51,268 7,361 7,363 1,51,268 7,361 7,363 1,51,268 7,361 7,363 1,51,268 7,361 7,363 1,51,268 7,361 7,363 1,51,268	V 2569 282,339 2556 288,275	8	£			i			10		
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"COT 209 HICH 3:1UTY NEHF WINET" 5,522 46,166 1,617,840	0 7 nmg*	2700	300	00'00	7,000	3 6	700	200	30 000	777	6 00
5,772 47,201	۱	B,5/8	7	111,228	100'R/2	3	5	7,304	2017	5 2	10,000
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Experiment 16A/2

51,285 55,018 200 S 記覧記述 2222 1,566 56,243 90 80 B 6 013 6 013 6 013 2 8 경출절구 3336 3,0865 2 33 8 2 P P 388 3882 1,088 1,177 1,560 1.05 모 8,481 9,789 213,258 29 52 元五日の 18,286 18,663 17,404 8,548 8,673 368 588 Ŧ 272,971 18,427 3244 8824 8,838 828,836 2 4 名のかな عِ 33,957 8 8 3 2 8 8 異なる。 21,167 21,242 17,818 11,148 2 3 3 5 480,267 24,639 25,309 21,624 11,556 12,813 12,218 3 8 8837 8 2 2 2 18,788 13,812 4 2 2 2 ۵ 560,157 2 3 5 B ब्रह्म 24,311 26,815 12,185 12,918 12,391 15.27 15.25 15.35 行協品と 2 6 2 보 ಕಿ 424,698 88 21,149 20,589 20,286 10,910 10,745 8 2 2 X 82728 8,970 8,101 3 550,080 565,925 11,414 15,280 8 8 E B 24,883 26,370 13,515 14,683 13,877 13,506 13,713 拉幕 1,88 2 200 B 551,101 589,025 11,289 11,589 7,686 8,341 23,091 28,544 27,931 39,788 28,715 15,863 16,285 654 596 8 148,498 154,948 25 26 26 5,980 5,085 2852 463 339 3,488 3,315 國民 8 558,331 683,278 53 E. 3,128 22,888 2871 3,988 21,554 11,963 11,895 ₽ UN NHF W ME 1990 TOTZOB HICH STUW NHF W MEY TOTZOB HICH STUW NHF W MES' 'S SHI DO UW NAME W BIANK TOZIZOG HAN STILW NIME W BLT TOZIZOG HAN STILW NIME W BLZ TOZIZOG HAN STILW NIME W BLZ TOZIZOG HAN STILW NAME W BLZ K SM Dev TOTIZOB HICH STUDN AR W BLST TOZIZOB HICH STUDN AR W BLST TOZIZOB HICH STUDN AR W BLST % SHE DEV UW AR W HE 1ppm "D27,279 HKH 3:1UW AR W ME?" "D27,379 HKH 3:1UW AR W ME?" "D27,379 HKH 3:1UW AR W MES" "S2A Dev LARWASHED" MATRICES AR and NHAF Bate Element - Raw Courts UN BBart "V27/200 HIGH S. LUFF BL.T" "V27/200 HIGH S. LUFF BL.Z" "V27/200 HIGH S. LUFF BL.Z" % Bad Dev UN ME TOPM 'UZ7/Z09 HG! S:1UW MET' 'UZ7/Z09 HG! S:1UW MEZ' 'YZ/Z09 HG! S:1UW MES' 'K. SM Dev Gless Standard "G271209 HICH GLS STD 6" "W271209 HICH GLS STD 6" Matrix corrected UW NE minus Av. UW Blank Ar Blank "LZHZTOB HICH AIR BL S" "LZHZTOB HICH AIR BL G" UNV AR W Blant

Experiment 16A3

											ŀ		ŀ	ľ
Element - Raw Counts	7	5	8	>	8	S	٤	2	3	5	8	8	,	7
UNINE	679	3,885	1,706	5,586	23.	2,892	95. 95.	12,678	2	3	8	77	8	14,212
CENTED	679	9,012	878,5%	6000	5,662	6,742	30,267	21,804	£	23	Š	1,831	18,314	2
- 144.00	717	7.778	-19,421	5,257	2,826	5,452	CSO'683	11,544	1,373	2	7,28	2619	\$ 869 6	00 E
	3	24	629	^	S	1	5	22	2	ន	38	35	=	77
LAN AR W DE releas UN AR W Blank														
INCAP WIE-1	686	3,020	73,756	2,896	1,38	2,791	71,536	13,923	8	₹.	888	673	/99/	BB3'/
110V AR OF LAFT	456	4.712	90,610	3,177	1,535	2,762	56,238	13,730	998	1,248	1,012	457	88.	7.240
13th AD UV LES	517	5717	70.882	2,722	1,534	2,883	44,350	16,512	475	₹	068	758	28	6.878
4 Std Dee	X	B	=	8	-	7	Z	11	F	ฉ	7	8	7	-
													1	
UNINEMED WALE minus UN HIAF W Blank											ļ		1	1
UNY NOTICE WOMEN	953	9,380	799,75	1,329	1,378	655	38,688	10,697	28	ê	7/4	Z'OJO	3	777
LIVY NOTAGE WAREZ	98	10,428	60,031	1,640	1,280	200	28,629	10,788	3	8	5	2	200	222
INVINITE WILE	258	10,278	41,252	1.498	1,554	603	21,930	¥,928	25	8	Š	2,206	18	2
4. RM Dev	Ē	9	\$	\$	2	\$	R	\$	2	=	F	R	~	
												1	1	
Blank Corrected											1	+	1	
Normalised to Average Certum							,	1		Ş	1		20.00	4A 20E
UN MEI-JUV BL.1	8	3,859	2 8	25. 25.	288	200	1843	360	1,472	2 2	200	200		18, 20C
UW NEZ-UW BL2	8	929A	37,091	6,195	2,627	6.951	R	ZZATB	7	8	2	8		
IN MESTIN BIS	Ę	7,600	-18,978	5,137	5,791	5,327	87,013	11,280	- 28	2	227	2509	7	200
Standard Standard	+	2	8	8	5	71	E	\$	2	\$	*	2	\$	3
												1		
USWAR WINELWAR WILL	702	3,036	75,631	3,072	1,364	2,962	73,286	14277	g	1.477	5.05	8	3	870
UWAR WHEE-WAR W BIZ	#	4,558	87,654	3,074	1,484	2,872	2 2	13,282	2	25	2	3	1,877	103
UWAR WWES-WAR WELS	22	5,768	0ES,17	2,746	1,548	2,888	2,73	98 98 98	2	200	2	8	Ş.	
% SM Dev	R	35	11	•	10	4	R	2	5	A	2	5	•	2
									1	956	1	250	698	44 400
UW NIME WASSILM NIME W BL1	648		55,697	- XG	2	999	2	Zan'E	2//		Ş	3	200	
UW NIME WINES UW NIME W BLZ	SS	10,179	58,554	1,001	126	7.7	<u>중</u>	\$ 265	25	8	3	7.082		2 5
UW NIME WIRES UN NIME W BL3	862		41,653	1,513	158	600	215	15 av	6		3	777	3	10,400
% Sed Dev	46	P	4	8	#	47	F	R	2	2	F	A	1	•
													1	
Percent Standard Deviations												1		
Betrix Bibrik								1	ľ	ľ	Ī	•	•	•
Av. UWBL KSTDEV	+	9	1	4	=	~		-	2	7	7	7	2	`
Ay, UNY AR WASH BL %STORY	3	9	2	4	~	9	*	S	*	72	7	1	7	- `
Ay, UWNHAF WASH BL %STDEV	7	6	-	7	7	•	6	P7	B	5	9	•	2	
						1					1			
1 ppro Mutth-element Standard				1	ľ	ľ	1	•	·	-	1	1	0	7
Av. UW ME %STDEV		4		6	2	7	2	7	4 6	7 9	•	•	9 6	
Av. UWAR WIME SSTDEV	2	62	-	a	-		1		7	٦	7	•	36	٦
AN UNVINHE WINE WISTORY	2	1	-	8	7	7	2	=		7	7	1	7	
						1							T	
				Ì							1	Ì	1	
						1	T							
Matrix Blank Corrected	*		AES	•	۲	-	æ	8	Z	8	ਲ	33	=	17
AV. CATALON BL. ASSILLEY	2 2	3 5	3	1	•	-	2	=	200	23	-	8	7	•
AN UST AN WINDOWS AND WELL WATER	•		1	\$	F	-	Я	9	17	92	=	8	7	*
AV. UW ATTHE BIG-LIW NITH WELL DOILES				2		-			1					

Experiment 1844

Element - Rave Counts	QE	3	Sa	88	3	3	a	6	2	¥	至	2	-
UAV NET	20,067	6,266	20,848	14,003	789,02	24,568	13.58H	21,118	18,378	18,529	82	2,569	3,043
UWMEZ	18,612	5,273	20,234	15,288	20,226	23,873	25,250	21,193	18,14	17,927	8	3,736	900.6
UWINES	20,462	545	23,088	14,380	20,02	24,577	21,588	17,570	15,107	18,687	23	£134	2,749
% Std Dev	S	6	7	2	2	7	•	9	46	5	88	2	43
The second secon													
DOMESTIC CONTRACTOR OF AN ORDIN	676.07	Was !	900	2000		100	18377	1000	4	-	1	9,7,6	
INV AN WINE?	3 5 0	2 2	200	2 2 2	500	\$37.5°	17.308	200	200	28.0	28	ELV.	3
Inc. AD WATER	37.0	7 60 4		740 A	40 050	2000	2 6	3 5	200	2000	8 8	3 6	17/4
K SM Day	9,0	=	2	27	2	3	2017	2 2		5	8 4	2	7/1
			1	-	1	•	•	1	1	+	3	1	
USPNING WILL WANTS WE WAS THE WEBSTA				 -							†		
UW NIHE WREI	8,600	8,178	927	11,514	7,787	14,116	13,745	11,112	8.153	8,042	313	2437	1.158
UW NIHE WHED	8410	2706	2824	12734	8757	14.681	13,214	10.122	8,907	8,903	53	2594	8
UW NHG WINES	8,738	3,008	225	11,72	6,917	14,192	13,789	200.	170,0	9,191	×	2,783	1215
% Std Dev	2	5	7	8	7	2	7	8	8	1	9	~	9
											-		
Black Corrected													
Normalized to Average Cerium													
UNMEELUN BL1	19,035	6225	20,710	13,912	20,750	24,405	24,420	20,980	18,256	18,408	32/	2552	3,024
UNMEZ-UN BLZ	19,188	5,438	20,860	15,761	20,965	24,405	26,032	21,849	18,702	18,481	952	3,851	3,089
UWWES-UW 813	19,894	5,129	22,559	14,051	19,560	24,405	21,073	17,167	14781	16,285	418	4,036	2,686
% Std Dev	2	8	16	7	4	0	41	#	13	7	K	7	7
UWAR WAEL-WAR WELL	18,810		15,902	12,588	8 =	2,288	11,802	2	£2	B.173	8	3,500	2
UMARWINEZ-WARWBL2	18,918	283	3	12,888	# 55	25.58	228	986	828	7,887	8	200	1,670
UNIAR WINES-WAR WELS	18,887	¥.	15,684	12,831	87.68	22.88	2	9,285	8 068	6, 169	8	8,610	1,722
Note Dev	0	-	2	1	0	7	~	7	7	7	7	4	2
I DECEMBER OF SAME A TRANSPART TO SAME	9	1000	0770	14 800	1	200	03000	200.5	1	0999	1	1	1
CONTINUE CONTROL TO A CONTROL OF	200	300	2	900		200	3 5		70	3	Š	2,474	51.
THE WINE WASELING WINE WELL		7	8	277		2 2	12 ESB	20.0	2 9	2000	F	7,207	273
4. SM Day		3 5			5	3			3	3 "	3	2	
			1	•	1	•		1	1	1	1	1	
Percent Standard Dovistions					T	l					<u> </u>	T	
Matrix Blank								T					
Ar. Uny BL %STDEV	2	34	10	41	22	20	21	22	7	88	•	33	R
Av. UW AR WASH BL KSTDEV	Θ	\$	9	z	23	21	8	8	24	4	6	13	12
AN UNINHE WASH BL KSTDEV	8	89	20	6	17	B	92	83	41	2	18	0	2
			1	1	1	1							
						1							
Ax. UW ME %STDEY	9	9	2	6	7	"	80	2	=	5	•	五	S
Av. UW AR WIME ASTDEV	၈	6	-	7	ম	~	2	2	9	1	•	2	3
Ay. UM NHAF WIRE %STDEV	2	~	-	S)	~	7	7	5	10	80	2	9	5
			1		1								
		†	1	+	1	1	1	7	1	1	1		
				1	1								
Matrix Blank Corrected		1			1								
AV. UW ME-LAY BL %STDEV	9	8	7	80	7	F .	8	2	Ξ	2	8	R	5
AV. UWAR WIRE-UWAR WILL INSIDEV	29	2	7	7	7	62	2	2	8	-	2	2	•
AN UNFIDENT ME-UNIVERS OVER SISTINEY	7	7	7	4	7	7	7	2	2	7	=	7	7

Element - Raw Counts	ם	8	3	>	ප	L)	£	¥	8	Ę	84	es.	8	72
Matthr Blank Corrected														
Norsalised to Average Cartum														
W. UNIME-UW BL. MSTDEV	5	9	428	9	S	14	١,		K	84	8Z		#	30
AV. UW AR WINE UW AR IW BL SKSTDEY	*	R	=	8	9	4	ĸ	42	2	24		18	*	10
Ay. UW NHAF ME-UW MHAF W BL %STDEV	9	4	11	6	=	47	5		\$	7.	11		92	6

Element - Raw Counts	2	3	5	22	5	3	a	ď	ę	ŧ	₽	Pb	2
Natur Blank Corrected													
Normalised to Average Certum													
AV. UNIMEUW BL KSTDEV	2	6	S	1	†			12	13	~	``	2	
A. UWAR WINE-UWAR WBL %STDEV	٥	2	w	-	ç	0	2		n	7	3	*	
AY UM NHAF MEUW NIMF WBL %STDEV	R.)	9	6	3	7	0	4	7	•	9	•	2	

"WASHED" MATRICES														Ī	
AR and NHAF Bake											1	1		ļ	
Element - Rare Counts	2	S	8	>	č	S	2	Z	3	5	2	33	*	8	2
Glass Standard										1	9	10,00	1000		000 500
TOZHZOB HKH GLS STO 1"	X	184.784	59,436,620	314,956	2386,520	401,600	3	2	001/102	2	2	200	Man 2		200
TOZYZYO9 HIKH GLS STD 2"	185,177	172,010	51,381,502	268,845	283.49	88. 88.	288,392	330,073	181.	12,513	2	200	200	286,100	110,010
TOZYZOG KICH GLS STD 3"	202,475	179,353	\$2,360,745	789,957	278,358	370,025		384,180	210,348	3	300.	27/2	BON'SCO	430,612	000
7221209 KICH CLS STD 4"	188 128 128	14,342	\$2,500,302	2228	25 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	20005		18 78 S	24	3. 3.	200	27.72	281,010	2	350,030
								\dagger	1						
AT BEET	2000	200		E.	2000	14	153	200 BDS	11 205	188	188	25.78H	55	8	1.00
TEXTESTS IN ALIK BE. T	2000	10,01	_L	3	3 8		40.450	204 454	100		1 657	E X	95	573	3
"COM200 HIGH AIR EL. ?"	Brcc	18,628	2,738,906	ŽŽ.	2,600	2/db/c		101,827		1/0'	3 5	3 3	3 5	Ş	
O271209 HICH AIR BL \$	5,784	18,270		\$	R.Y	5.000 5.000	/IR (8)	230,670	11,4/8	780	OFF.	20,20	2	8	
*OZY 209 HICH AIR BL 4"	5.528	18,208		Σ	888	85.68	48,133	23,65	<u>\$</u>	8	1,882	N N	22	3	Q.
												1	1	1	
W Black															1
"CZ7 209 HIGH S. IVY BL I"	0,647	13,351		658	11,022	9,277	372,705	200,255	2288	7. 186	1,477	23,621	2,430	8 6.	200
TOZH 209 HIGH STAY BLZ	E.458	32,613	2772,709	SE.	10,525	0Z0/8	392,898	208,066	13,336	6,717	1,585	8	238	7.07	3.107
TO WAY TO HICH STOW ILL ST	6983	34.283	1_	714	9700	8719	243,007	213,853	12,650	6.283	1,649	21,774	2,058	0.660	3,632
X SM Dev	•	8	L	•	6	7	র	-	~	9	•	7	6	8	46
				-											
WARWEIN															
TOWNSON HICH S-TW AR WEB! T	8247	28.697	1	3	11,745	8721	657,849	190,119	11,922	8,802	1,628	22,404	6,382	14,024	223
TONING HIGH 3- NW AR WARI 2"	8.575	29.783		886	= SX	8.574	674,748	28,182	11,990	050'9	1,634	21,178	5254	15,559	2083
TOTAL STATE AND WELLS	8.780	87.62	3.140,376	822	67.50	8,780	140,789	228,748	12,098	0,018	1,617	22,803	5,604	18,370	2,336
W CM Day	67	2		Z	7	-	~	-	-	1	9	-	6	90	•
													_		
W. M.LG W. Rank															
TOXIZED HIGH 2-TW NHAF W BL.1"	STIZE	32,181	<u>t </u>	2	20 CO	7,167	437,587	197,859	11,220	4,750	1,524	22,482	3,654	11,508	2201
TO/1209 LECH 3-TAW NEW F W BLZ	6299	31,864	1	797	029	8,783	423,514	212,844	11,330	5,498	1,629	22,628	#Z\$	900	1,88
TO/12/09 SECH 2: TW NINGF W BLS"	\$25	23,033	2640,376	769	10,777	7,180	441,980	220,031	11,744	4,609	1,702	27,906	3687	\$ 22	168
% 3dd Dev	9	7	4	5	HD.	S	2	N)	7	8	9	•	•	2	*
Well Appro								-							
TO212/89 FIGH X RV MET	7,407	33,219		618	H,667	5 88	\$27,00	E B	3	1 00,	3897	1 2	2		2
TOZICZOG HICH X RIV MEZ"	7,817	35,078	3,384,507	923	1,631	10,100	£8.051	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3	15/20	NZ.	200	77	2112	Z Z	1
TOZIZAGI HICH STAV MET	7,156	30,751		88	£	0.870 870	4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	23,651	14,562	888	SZZ.	B/01/8	2 P	/80'R7	₹ ?
% Skd Dev	7	7	2	~	7	4	7	7	2	2	2	-	7	•	•
					1		1					1		†	
W AR W LIE Tapm		000	_1_	8	43.77	of C	970 WILL	948 440	49 000	0 750	4 RCC	22 600	40 749	24.45	0.1.0
TESTEMB HIGH STAWAK WINDET	7200			3 8		8 6	240,000	2012	2 2	8 097	3 5 9 B	2 5	1	20.4m	17.00
CONZOS HICH ETWAK WILEZ	6,047	26, 700	2,877,302	3 8	2 2	3 4		200	04017	3 2	Z DY	1 5	15 005	22.45	47 808
CONZUS HICK CTOV AK WINES	2//2	200	-	1		2			3	•	-	-		4	7
≯ atd Dav		•	7	1	1	•	†	1	1	1		†	•		
CHOMING WITH GRAND															
TOTAL THE STAN BALLET	9 604	37,038		813	11,897	1256	484,047	219,962	15,183	5,783	2,578	24,134	14,159	21,839	19,517
TON YOU HICH 3-10' MAGE WENT?	8541	40 140		25	<u> </u>	10,510	472312	X	14,869	5,430	2,869	23,643	14,729	22,149	18,588
TOOK 2008 HIGH S. IVY MINE WILES	9.882	22.463	2699,531	8	12.348	10,330	508,540	22,492	16,503	5,951	2863	24.007	14.971	23,507	20,736
SE SE Dev	-	=	1	\$	7	3	4	•	9	9	4	-	62	*	9
													1		
Matrix corrected									1		1	1	1	1]

"WASHED" MATRICES												П
AR and NHAF Bako		1			1	1	ě	5	3	4	í	=
Element - Raw Counts	8	5	3	9	3	3	5	2	2	E	2	,
Glass Standard	CAT ATO	240 444	041 670	760 027	SCA ACA	415.177	200 123	779 677	220 150	344	51812	56 235
MOTOR HIN GLOSICI	442 806	2000	20.02	000 COS	107 103	67.77	1 2	266.074	182.281	88	00.909	50.816
WAHAMA MICH CITY OF	158.447	SRASS	585,007	988	100 085	480 706	234.323	274.448	214,616	3	SS 138	25.88
WONDER WITH CLIS STILL OF	456 383	2X.	981.715	300 815	S77.3778	436.162	289.847	24 (B9	191.74X	827	50.604	48,359
At Black												
"C2/L2/09 HKH AR BL. 1"	ZYZ	238	249	99	3	48	8	ន	S	282	8	ch
TC21209 HXH AR BL 2"	82	3	24:	\$3	8	63	8	Ŕ	23	Ž	<u></u>	2
TOTO BOTH AR BL 3"	777	23	178	\$	Z	39	18	12	83	233	2	8
TOTO SHOT AR BL 4"	2%	188	包	33	R	9	23	37	16	303	26	9
Weltnit												
"COPTOMO HIKH 3:1W BL.1"	1,351	7,868	3,111	122	283	צ	2	8	8	ğ	운. -	₹
TOPTOOB HICH X-1W BLZ	1,263	8,119	3202	88	282	71	88	æ	282	ğ	 28	3
TECTESTIS HIGH STIW BLS"	1,417	976.9	289	88	82	28	B	88	#	88	<u>S</u>	3
S Std Dev	8	6	2	5	2	4	•	9	7	0	•	7
WAR William												
TOWARD HICH STOWARWELT	2.163	15.58	ğ	7	\$2	88	8	38	22.5	443	2,286	90
	1.887	15,096	1,888	3	214	8	23	¥	953	480	1,896	617
TONIONO HITH 3-1W AR W IN THE	1807	18.187	200	23	ន	35	8	\$	83	400	1,800	35
	9	-	2	-	65	2	~	(5	•	9	22	8
W. Sept. W. Stand												
702/12/09 FECH 3:1W NIME W BL.1"	728	9,280	2,169	E	2	9	2	7	7.0	8 8	1,721	員
	958	114.0	2773	8	174	3	84	11	131	484	1,562	ş
TIZNIZOS HICH R-1W NI-KF W BL.S"	885	8,835	1,781	8	175	49	2	3	2	ē	<u>.</u>	ន
% Std Dev	10	3	+	11	•	~	•	-	2	8	22	•
WillE typm							Ì					
TOSH 209 HICH STIW ME!	5,072	19,911	12,882	2	12,082	10.88G	888	7,352	2	190	3	1,000
TOBY 2009 HICH SLIVE MEZ	6,529	17,774	12,670	980	<u>ت</u>	1.50	<u>8</u>	288.	7,914	Ę		Š
"G27209 HICH 3: IW MET"	4,069	17,828	12,706	10,068	1,686	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	3	727	28	22	600	2
% Stel Dev	22	7	₹	•	~	F	7	20	~	2	R	
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	5,058	87. 87.	<u>8</u>	88	6,617	200.	6236	4,812	2	3 5	207	3
"02/12/09 FUCH 3: 1W AR WI MEZ"	4,823	27,871	20	2	8	9,150	7,481	2	3		3	2
	5,320	30,848	11,832	8,08	9,912	8,4152	/00/	2,147	2	1,924	7797	7
% SM Dev	2	5	*	•	8	-	•	₽	3	-	5	7
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TOZHZOB HICH SHWINSHAF WIMET"	5,817	27,48	4.88	13,202	2	15,018	2	2		200	3	2 1
TOZH ZOSHKH ZIVY NHAF WIMEZ"	6,528	40,552	1,88 8,5	3	17,680	5.68	=		8	2	2	3
"COST 2019 HIGH 3: OVE NIMAF WIMES"	5,770	35,851	16,927	13,882	16,984	15,087	12,188	200	8	8	5	272
X Std Day	7	8	2	4		7	7	-	*	2	2	
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Watth corrected	bracket		1	1	1	1	1				1	

Element - Rane Counts	5	£	3	>	ბ	T.	e	2	3	5!	2	8	5	7	
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WAX WELZ	3 5	23	138 065	8	73	1433	84.178	20.629	2,805	172	2,386	2	6,668	7,083	15,388
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WHILE WHE	623	4,643	1.	3	1,586	2,887	49,657	9,748	3,752	774	£	8	10,736	11,449	17,500
WHILE WISE?	285	7.74	l	\$	1,089	3.63	37,952	12,150	8,438	411	Ę	9	±,308	<u>2</u>	16,580
VANHAF WAS	882	83	145,227	3	2046	3,363	74,180	22248	5,072	828	1,335	88	11,548	19,117	1878
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W NE2	656	1,672	-11,525	-165	1,382	1,10	3 .	3 2	77	3 8	3 1	3 2	100	7700	40 497
W.MES	396	2,73		152	- 07	1,000	11/20	1	7	3	27.	3 8		3 5	
🖈 Std Dev	2	\$.]	8	3	R	71		*	\$	5	3	1	2	
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NATIONAL DESIGNATION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR	6805		L					22,457	6,120	ਛ	1,347	675	11,657	13,240	18,98
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Experiment 1684

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Fig. Character 2,552 10,217 8,265 8,560 11,476 8,262 1,777 4,705 4,477 5,907 1,747 4,707 1,747 4,707 1,747 4,707 1,747 4,707 1,747 4,707 1,747 4,707 1,747	NI NE	2625	5 ,163	9,471	10,140	1,00	ł	6	30.	2001		122	355
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WEET Accordance Accordance <td>W ME2</td> <td>2000</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>11,585</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>7.253</td> <td></td> <td>477</td> <td>170</td> <td>1,387</td>	W ME2	2000	1			11,585			7.253		477	170	1,387
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			989 687	Om 644	128 200	204 100	268 500	158 700	83.060	44,890	31,300
TONZII HKH GLS SID 1	43,170	3.3	30,00	100	700	1	02 GU	A 749	ľ	2163	118
"02/12/13 HICH AIR BI. 1"	6,097		30,380	2	107	CONT	010,20	2 6		2 4.63	1 000
102/12/13 HKH AIR BL 2	992'9		29,020	212	10,420	4,539	200	\$ \$ E	1	7,147	3 /3 3 /3 1
TOTION 3 HICH BLOOD HEAT F	6.158		41,530	419	14,550	11,976	3,454,000	5,171	Ì		7,888
TOHOMS HIGH RE OLD HEAT 2"	5,708	96.200	42.1301	474	17,160	12,250	3,905,000	5,220		5,313	8,333
TO/12/13 HICH BI CON HEAT 3"	5.975		68.05	478	19,270	1,080	3,556,000	5234			8,350
TOH 2H 3 HEAT BLOOD HEAT 4"	5.460		38.130	490	18,800	11,870	3,926,000	5,336	097'89		8.48?
TOWARD HICH BLOOD HEAT FF	5811		41370	508	17,030	8436	3,894,000				9,230
WO112H3 HIGH RI OOD AIR 1"	5.142		43.810	475	19,060	11,200	3,502,000			5,641	9350 6
TON 21/2 HIGH BLOOD AIR 7	5.101		38,060	205	14,740	8,533	3,991,000			4,264	8,920
TOHONS HICH BY OND ARE 3"	5364	124.400	40,090	25	26.845	8,338	3,497,000	5,362		4,139	9,310
TOHONS HICH BI COOL AIR &	5342		38.770	355	18,900	9,867	4,211,000	5.24		5,377	9,18
TOTAL SHICK BLOOD AIR F	5.469		38,580	828	18,710	9,405	4,763,000				8890
TONOMY HICH LIATRIX RI	4 989		31.890	713	13.480	9,868	477,300		57,860	2,435	92.
Transmit HICH BI COO 1" no matrix	5.276		39.780	245	13,780	5,998	2,779,000				8,127
TOTI 2HS HIKH BI COD 7- no matrix	5511	L	22.230	267	14,880	6,401	3,997,000	895'7			12,500
TOHOMS HICH AND RE	5.574	L	23,580	280	12,450	690'9	110,100	4,932		1,930	1,602
TICHOMS HICH AIR RU 4"	5.882	38,930	24,410	888	12,770	6228	111,000		57,100		1,633
TOUR HICH CAS STD 2"	42,650	66.880	435,700	122,900	108,800	178,500	235,400	128,300	78,170	37,790	24,760
Air Blank corrected											
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TOY 273 HIGH BLOOD HEAT 2	-282-	_	15,415	Ŕ	5,725	6,946			-		6.88
TOPIOTES HIGH BLOOD HEAT 3"	-15		14,215		7,835			ĺ			6,988
TOZYZYJ HKY BLOOD HEAT 4"	83		11.415		7,365					3,102	27.
TOTATA HICH BLOOD HEAT 5"	379	57,090	14,655	266	5,995	4,135	3,790,950	2	- 180		7,878
		\ !					1				
TEMENS HICH BLOOD AIR 1"	878	63,610	17,095	822	7,625		3,398,950		_}	3,580	7,968
TOYOUT HIGH BLOOD AIR Z	-889	L	11,335	8	3,305		lI	393	2,110		25. 26.
TOZNZM3 HOH BLOOD AIR 3"	629		13,375	83	5,405		3,393,950		_	2,078	28. -
TOTAL SHICK BY COD AIR 4"	648	\ 1	12,055	311	7,465	65.0	4,107,950	ļ		_	7,829
"DZM2M3 HIGH BLOOD AIR 5"	421	70,110	11,885	88	7,275		4,659,850	İ		2,581	配/2
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22 23 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24		132,300 613 888 1,520 2,005 2,005 2,050 2,160 1,624 1,624 1,689 1,689 1,689		214,900	200 200	438,300	200,900	564 690	SEG ONN	98,710
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S satisk satisk		2,160 1,624 1,464 1,589 1,696	561	1,915	22	914	45	28	ਲ	72
actrix		428;1 1,882,1 1,883,1	35	7051	34.	3	162	2	47	12
artick satisk		1,464	<u>64</u>	<u>1</u> 22	192	876	176	119	3	16
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no matrix no matrix 2		1,854	229	2,290	22	88	178	5	88	22
no metrix (2,809	999	3,371	251	Š	160	3	71	47
no metrix		866	25	974	2	1,672	190	72	23	\$
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2	13 12,780	206	32	S22	æ	15	8	8	8	28
36	12,100	876	83	8 8	88	86	541	8	83	EZ
		111,700	37,550	191,300	169,800	424,000	471,100	519,600	259,000	105,900
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"VZ/12/13 HKH BLOOD HEAT ?" 347	1,205	1,120	88	1,438	315	786	5	89	ဖ	d,
		916	æ	1,498	170	780	86	183	0	9
		1,165	£ 3	121	126	736	92	33	0	2
"COY 12HT BILDOD HEAT S" 567		1,275	151	1,347	052	929	8	ន	9	4
_		738	108	1,497	170	699	23	\$	14	4
		579	83	1,328	247	930	8	æ	6	\$
		704	81	1,299	356	969	S	25	1 5	7
"CZ/IZ/13 HKH BLOOD AIR 4" 407		610	140	1,677	243	808	123	2		7
"WZM2M3 HKM BLOOD AIR 5" 357		696	- 139	1,586	136	192	8	\$	80	80
Normalized to Ba			-							

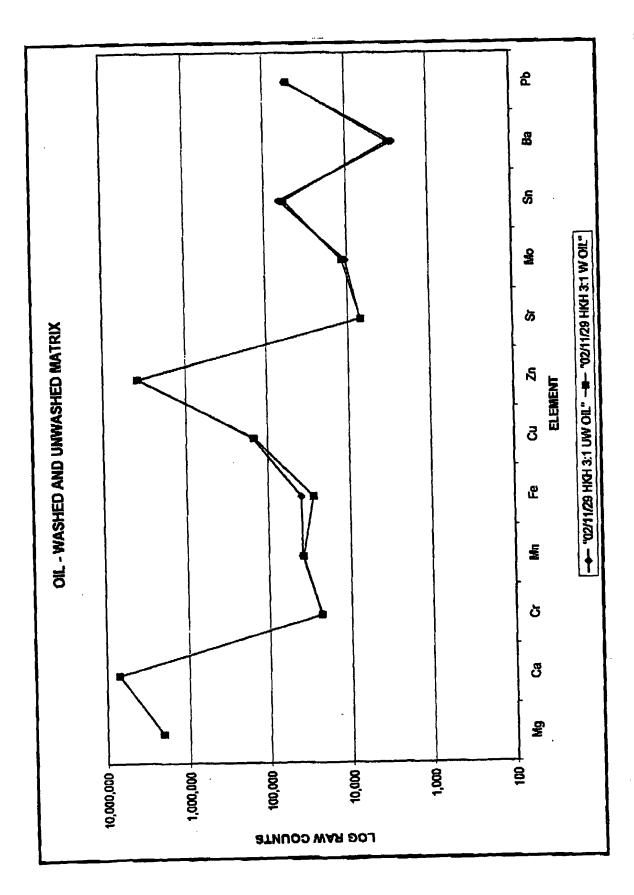
		į					
Isotope - Raw Counts	YB 174	HF 178	Hg 202	TI 205	Pb 208	Th 232	U 238
TOZI ZYJ3 HICH GLS STD 1"	100,400	72,560	172	11,630	55,260	84,200	98,260
	\$	18	108	47	292	10	4
722/12/13 HCH AIR BL. 2"	14	8	8	7	छ	12	7
TOZIZII SHICH BLOOD HEAT T	01	31	796	35	1,415	10	203
TOZYZYS HIGH BLOOD HEAT Z	18	30	1,026	11	1,200	35	278
TOZYIZYI3 HICH BLOOD HEAT 3"	81	æ	1,139	ฆ	1,840	92	382
72/12/13 HKH BLOOD HEAT 4"	6	8	58	12	1,369	15	153
TOPI 2/13 HIGH BLOOD HEAT 5"	æ	S	833	2	- 38	7	219
TO2H2/13 HKH BLOOD AIR 1"	11	30	36	ā	1,387	15	125
"02H2H3 HKH BLOOD AIR 2"	71	53	617	₹2	1,28	12	211
"CZMZM3 HKH BLDOD AIR 3"	81	25	832	12	1,756		132
T02/12/13 HKH BLOOD AIR 4"	81	29	485	15	1,785		407
TOZIZIS HICH BLOOD AIR 5	72	28	\$	15	1,367	\$	28
72212713 HICH MATIRIX BL.	14	26	195	18	134	19	378
702/12/13 HKH RECOD 1" no matrix	14	11	1,010	Ξ	1,602	6	8
"02/12/13 HKH BLOOD 2" no matrix	15	. 17	1,178	8	1,316	\$	\$
**C2/12/13 HKH AIR BI. 3*	14	15	232	ŧ	157	17	30
"02/12/13 HKH AIR BL 4"	13	18	209	12	143	=	17
"02/12/13 HKH GLS STD 2"	108,300	74,610	281	6,293	47,660	87,290	98,340
Air Blank corrected							
"02H2H3 HKH BLOOD HEAT 1"	3	15	640	2	1,280	3	252
"12/12/13 HKH BLOOD HEAT 2"	4	14	988	4	1,045	4	285
TOY 2713 HIGH BLOOD HEAT 3"	2	\$\$	981	6	1,685	14	383
"02/12/13 HIGH BLOOD HEAT 4"	4	23	402	-5	1,235	9	35
TOTATA HICH BLOOD HEAT 5"	9	37	380	2	1,236	3	208
"02H2H3 HKH BLOOD AIR 1"	2	14	706	1	1,242	6	114
V2H2/13 HKH BLOOD AIR 2"	1	37	469	2	1,114	-	8
TOYTOY 3 HICH BLOOD AIR 3"	9	S	674	٦.	1,600	9	123
TOTIZM3 HIGH BLOOD AIR 4	4	5	328	1	1,630	12	386
TOYTOY 13 HICH BLOOD AIR 5	20	55	324	2	1212	7	187
Normalized to Ba							

5,718 7,503 7,343 8.28 5,923 6.222 7,724 8,127 13 6,775 11,148 12,500 6,775 Zh 66 2,746 2,863 2,712 2,138 3,300 2,248 1,820 2,640 2,182 5,066 7,003 3,005 3,005 28 916 58,110 58,050 1,133 2,154 2,130 67,110 1.000 940 8 8 × 3 1 **第 8 8 8** 4,441 12 8 2 8 8 8 \$ 9 8 odet fimit edet Emit Aet Frank 8 გ 3,113,017 3,132,643 3,135,670 3,997,000 3,610,816 3,270,755 12 2,779,000 103,050 2,675,950 2,675,950 2,913,224 3,341,997 3,968,120 3,893,950 3,350,950 Fe 56 5,687 5,688 5,688 3,939 **8 2** 3,296 2,803 3,474 5,398 <u>8</u> 8 5,434 3,467 8 um 3,115 4,688 6,632 5,329 7,028 4,894 5,944 6,150 13,780 2,345 3,445 2,345 14,880 11,435 × 25 5 245 3 2 **∞ 2 3** 19 ۸ ا 12,622 12,033 9,979 13,969 39,780 52.230 14,815 11,569 12,357 9,598 10,030 28,715 13,066 13,065 19,089 8 2 52,230 45,206 45,248 58,626 60,737 77,062 53,911 59,269 133,500 40,990 61,910 92,510 61,910 69,211 **8** 8 5,276 5,511 5,990 -781 -578 -516 Aet fimit 230 -12 3 7 7 <u>\$</u> det ibnit cotat ilmit cdet limit <det limit 3 102/12/13 HKH BLOCD 1" no matrix 12/12/13 HKH BLOOD 2" no matrix TOZIZIS HKH BLOOD HEAT 1" TOZIZIS HKH BLOOD HEAT 2" TOZIZIS HKH BLOOD HEAT 5" TOZIZIS HKH BLOOD HEAT 5" "OZYZIS HKH BLOOD HEAT 5" TOPATATS HIGH BLOOD AIR Z TOWNSHISHOOD AIR 4" WAZHSHICH BLOOD AIR ST TO212/13 HICH BLOOD AIR 1 Sotope - Raw Counts **Hormalized to Ba** (Median air blant) Blank corrected *Stdev *Stdev A Stder

Set Int Aet Imi Act limit Adet [m] AR III Dy 162 Set mis <det imit 88 Se E cotot Brait 2 7 7 chet II mit E 151 क्ष ऋ 2 5 3 2 \$ 83 8 74 8 9 8 AA <det limit 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 **88** 888 13 2 E 2 8 Z **ST** = 3 1,672 33333 3 3 3 3 1,494 \$ <u>\$</u> Ba 138 8 4 110 238 33 8 2 2 2 2 3 22 88 \$ 5 **富養** 91 Sb 121 ह्यम 1,177 1,268 1,058 25. 05. - 08 974 2 3 Satz 8 8 5 5 5 8 8 2 2 2 3 725 725 533 219 192 5 1 8 **\$** 917 776 1,019 1,215 1,138 885 885 35 48 88 2 2 2 2 2 E 115 253 **86 98** 1,209 2,074 1,501 1,813 11,140 A in 8,787 8 8 Aget timit 28 翌年 数3 2 2 2 2 2 12,770 16,230 4,784 Acet Emit Adet Emit det limit **d** 7 As 75 702/12/13 HIKH BLOOD 1" no mathix "02/12/13 HKH BLOOD 2" no matrix TOZYZYJ HIGHBLOOD HEAT 4" TOZYZYJ HIGH BLOOD HEAT 5" TOZNZM3 HICH BLOOD HEAT 3" TOWNSHICH BLOOD HEAT 2" TOZNZM3 HACH BLOOD HEAT 1" "CZMZM3 HICH BLOOD AIR 2" "CZMZM3 HKH BLOOD AR 4" "CZMZM3 HKH BLOOD AIR 5" TOWNSHICH BLOOD AIR 1" **Isotope - Raw Counts** Normalbed to Ba (Median air blank) Blank corrected %Stdev %Statev **KStdey**

Isosopie - rein Courins	7012	± 478	F 75	1 205	Pb 208	1 222 F	822 O
"DZ/12/13 HICH BLOOD HEAT 1"	ę	15	640	2	1,260	7	192
"02/12/13 HKH BLOOD HEAT 2"	4	=	710	8	998	8	217
TOZMZM3 HICH BLOOD HEAT 3"	2	13	83	8	1,427	12	887
"02/12/13 HBOH BLOOD HEAT 4"	4	8	352	7	1,079	6	133
TOZIZII SHICH BLOOD HEAT 5"	\$	8	383	2	1,178	8	\$
%Stdev	<det ilmit<="" td=""><td>23</td><td>37</td><td>edet limit</td><td>18</td><td>edet limit</td><td>82</td></det>	23	37	edet limit	18	edet limit	82
"D2A2H3 HRH BLOOD AIR 1"	-2	13	650	1	1,145	6	5
"DZ/12/13 HIGH BLOOD AIR 2"	1	37	468	2	1,137	1	204
TOZM 2M3 HIGH BLOOD AIR 3"	S.	31	622	-1	1,478	9	114
TOZM ZYT3 HIGH BLOOD AIR 4"	6	9	253	1	1,288	10	315
"02/12/13 HICH BLOOD AIR 5"	7	₽ ₽	204	7	1,025	9	158
*Studen	Adet Emit	37	\$	Abst limit	41	cdet Omili	8
"D2/12/13 HKH BLOOD 1" no metrix	14	4	1,010	#	1,602	6	6
"02/12/13 HIGH BLOOD 2" no matrix	15	47	1,178	8	1,316	7	9
(Nedian air blank)	4	16	158	14	155	11	11
Blank corrected	\$	₽	852	8	1,447	₹	7
	₹	\$	1,020	8	1,161	\$	3
							-
Normalized to Ba	<det limit<="" td=""><td></td><td>852</td><td> <b< td=""><td>1,447</td><td><det limit<="" td=""><td>cdet fmit</td></det></td></b<></br></br></td></det>		852	 	1,447	<det limit<="" td=""><td>cdet fmit</td></det>	cdet fmit
	<det limit<="" td=""><td>det fimit</td><td>783</td><td><pre><det limit<="" pre=""></det></pre></td><td>889</td><td><det limit<="" td=""><td><det fmi<="" td=""></det></td></det></td></det>	det fimit	783	<pre><det limit<="" pre=""></det></pre>	889	<det limit<="" td=""><td><det fmi<="" td=""></det></td></det>	<det fmi<="" td=""></det>
%Stdev	<det limit<="" td=""><td>cdet imit</td><td>8</td><td><dre>det limit</dre></td><td>35</td><td><det limit<="" td=""><td>det limit</td></det></td></det>	cdet imit	8	<dre>det limit</dre>	35	<det limit<="" td=""><td>det limit</td></det>	det limit

2,748 2,678 14,150 54,012 51,833 11,402 12,200 13,620 Pb 287 £ 2,326 1,684 3,873 302,700 2,660 3,081 1,907 9.9 2 Be 138 æ 145,300 175,000 315 254 1,589 1,748 22,850 65,218 58,561 7.6 21,261 19,091 Sn 128 S 98,200 113,900 276 539 561 561 3,340 2,545 10,558 11,532 3 25 SE £ 378.700 555 552 532 1,773 1,899 7,619 7,075 0.8 5,77 **8** ŭ 21,800 25,290 347 6,135 6,135 3,757,799 1,048,426 \$ 1,081,000 2n 68 ā 150,416 36,630 2,936 3,022 3,339 46,328 22 8 3 3 246,500 236,200 34,200 159,200 168,200 39,913 24.5 38,600 串 £ æ 200,300 223,900 4,463 4,175 5,888 5,888 5,177 45,040 45,040 39,174 16 38,313 18 S £ 134,200 151,700 2,367 2,390 4,238 4,833 2,460 24,160 23,107 2 19,364 3 5 Ö 7,006,100 631,300 46,350 41,380 48,710 199,000 149,230 3 S 4 8 37,230 24,630 54,710 1,717,000 1,691,000 1,654,110 2,093,810 94,550 105,400 870 Mg 24 F Noths blank corrected "OZM1/29 HKH 3:1 UW OIL" "02/11/29 HICH 3:1 W BL" "02/11/29 HICH 3:1 UW OIL" -02/11/29 HKH 3-1 UNFOIL-TOZY1/Z9 HICH CLS STD 1" 12211/29 HICH GLS STD 2" TOZMIZES HICH 3:1 UW BL. "02/11/29 HICH 3:1 W OIL" -DOY 1129 HICH 3:1 W OIL "CON 1/29 HIGH 3:1 W OIL" TOTI 1/29 HKH AIR BL 1" 102/11/29 HICH AIR BL 2" Element - Raw Counts schape - Raw Counts % Std dev.



7,490 65,250 314,800 91,720 1,942 57,354 271,565 78,793 1,018 66,479 274,201 77,234 0,524 66,151 266,149 77,234 0,524 66,151 266,184 77,234 0,524 66,151 266,184 77,234 6,256 64,516 269,884 77,234 6,680 64,516 286,341 77,234 6,680 64,516 286,347 77,248 8,517 64,809 30,688 91,882 7,723 64,806 30,688 91,882 7,480 30,688 91,882 7,480 30,688 91,882 7,480 30,688 91,882 7,480 30,788 91,720 8,516 77,448 324,822 91,708 8,516 77,448 32,887 92,825 8,540 77,448 32,887 92,825 8,400 77,537 77,723 <th></th> <th>=</th> <th>£</th> <th>2</th> <th>></th> <th>O</th> <th>5</th> <th>5</th> <th>Z</th> <th>3</th> <th>ន</th>		=	£	2	>	O	5	5	Z	3	ន
4,1016 6,6473 274,474 77,524 17,124 1	monancing comis	47 490	65.250	314.800	91,720	84,220	129,400	187,500	116,900	27,130	16,370
1,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	motions under section	41 942	57.354	271.565	78.799	70,067	105,356	164,878	107,511	22,207	11,341
46,526 6,451 286,149 78,279 115,400 177,240 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,427 14,429 116,401 12,429 11,429 116,401 12,401 12	WELLAND THAT CLES STOCK	41 018	85.479	774 20H	A5277	74.012	122.292	181,008	115,329	25,437	15,405
38,540 62,446 246,149 75,279 75,279 119,179 119,241 2,457 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 2,4572 14,459 14,459 2,4572 14,459 14,459 1,4572 14,459 1,4572 14,459 1,4572 14,459 1,4572	WALKING TINN GESSIES	40.624	66.151	266.149	78,201	72,208	116,400	174,192	116,401	23,432	14,478
4,720 6,4516 236,828 6,917 73,141 73,141 73,141 71,142 71	TO LEVE HANGE STORE	28.540	52445	269.884	75257	72,523	116,193	178,409	107,941	22,457	14,211
Colored Colo	TOTAL STATE OF STATE	48.258	68644	316,450	89,011	88,965	129,212	191,707	118,299	25,862	14,902
4,722 65,169 286,379 70,941 70,161 115,279 115,729 10,4415 22,190 11,4415 11,4416 11,4416 12,4416 14,	TOTAL THE PROPERTY OF THE PROP	48.680	84.516	280,828	84,820	75,278	117,909	176,308	104,553	21,660	13,946
A	TOHOUSE HICH CASS STD 8"	47,022	63,160	285,341	78,84	76,177	117,169	175,239	103,415	22,190	13,141
98,574 54,466 220,407 68,320 64,264 100,769 100,769 100,769 11,775 11,690 27,130 11,7 47,236 64,680 20,688 91,720 17,31 17,11 11,690 27,130 11,2 47,240 64,580 20,688 91,720 84,220 128,400 16,200 27,130 16,500 27,130	TOWNSHIP IS STD 9"	58,517	65 282	369,379	109,351	100,166	152,187	212,044	115,211	31,787	2,203
47,209 64,609 30,689 91,802 13,71 116,802 24,974 14,474 4,627 65,249 30,779 45,241 11,200 111,800 27,130 16,802 24,974 14,474 4,627 65,249 314,600 91,720 64,220 123,400 131,517 77,130 16,800 27,130 16,800	"TOHOMB HITH CASSID FO"	38,574	24.486	230,407	68,320	64,884	100,749	163,475	107,654	21,080	11,485
44,627 65,454 296,744 63,794 77,531 71,21 11,801 24,414 14,817 11,801 24,414 14,817 11,801 27,130 16,910<	TOWNSON HICK STD 11"	47,238	28.28	300,688	91,882	157.00	127,156	189,277	116,602	25,975	17,487
47,400 65,240 314,800 91,720 94,220 128,400 197,500 116,800 27,130 18, 45,610 137,517 17,140 137,517 17,140	Australa Class Stanfard	44,627	E3,414	290,791	83,704	128,11	121,276	18H,276	11,80	20,474	14,906
47,480 66,250 314,800 91,720 142,00 157,50 146,50 173,400 157,50 146,50 173,40 146,50 174,48	Y Shdey.	\$	8	77	13	12	11	2	20	42	#
47,450 65,250 314,800 91,720 64,220 128,400 116,500 27,130 16,400 41,450 27,130 27,130 16,400 41,450 27,130	Certum Normalized										
51,307 70,461 350,202 96,394 86,713 128,681 27,186 13,517 27,186 13,517 17,186 13,517 27,186 13,517 27,186 13,517 27,186 13,517 27,186 13,517 17,186 18,486 27,231 27,186 17,18	TOYTOGHKH GLS STD 1*	47,490	65,250	314,800	91,720	64,220	128,400	187,500	116,900	27,130	16,370
48,516 77,449 20,325 91,700 97,541 144,646 214,056 133,139 27,000 77,702 32,387 61,525 15,525	TOTIZED HICH GLS STD 2"	51,307	70,161	332,202	96,394	85,713	128,881	201,691	131,517	27,166	13,874
49,406 77,627 317,132 65,401 73,639 207,539 77,202 77,201 77,002 77,00	TOY 2006 HICH CLS STD 3"	48,516	7,449	32/22	91,708	87,541	144,845	214,096	138,411	28,087	18.23
41,537 77,072 332,887 92,825 89,433 143,316 220,088 133,196 153,139 277,700 177 46,807 77,072 326,586 91,685 89,773 133,496 197,864 123,196 71,276 376,200 145,504 276,002 153,002 145,604 175,202 276,002 145,604 175,202 276,002 145,604 175,202 276,607 145,604 175,202 276,607 145,604 175,202 276,607 145,604 175,202 276,607 145,604 175,602 147,604 276,603 147,604 175,603 147,604 175,604	*CONDENKHGIS STD 4"	48,406	78,823	317,132	83,181	86,040	138,698	207,559	138,699	27,921	17.251
49,003 70,046 326,586 91,865 69,733 133,356 157,150 326,589 91,865 91,865 133,356 125,944 72,047 141,639 21,179 125,944 26,000 14,630 126,269 15,544 26,000 14,630 126,269 16,511 72,744 72,749 126,269 17,549 26,200 17,549 26,200 17,549 26,200 17,549 27,200 126,269 17,549 27,200 126,269 17,549 27,541 226,300 17,549 27,541 27,540 426,260 17,549 27,541 27,549 42,360 17,549 26,540 17,549 26,540 17,549 26,540 17,549 26,540 17,549 26,540 17,549	TOMORE HICH GIS STD 6"	47,537	77,022	332,887	\$2,825	ES), EB	143,318	220,058	133,139	27,700	17,528
56,074 77,500 380,182 98,287 41,639 21,779 125,594 26,074 77,500 380,182 98,287 41,639 21,779 125,594 26,074 77,500 94,221 91,234 100,324 208,689 122,882 28,676 14,671 28,576 15,671 28,576 15,671 28,576 15,671 28,576 15,671 28,576 145,761 28,676 15,671 28,676 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 15,890 117,761 28,670 145,761 28,670 145,761 145,761 145,761 145,761 146,761 28,670 145,761 145,761 145,761 145,761 145,761 145,761 145,762 145,762 145,761	TOTAZOS HIGH CALS STD 6"	49,803	70,845	328,596	91,865	89,753	133,366	197,854	122,082	28,692	15,380
66,314 75,642 341,730 94,421 91,231 140,324 200,889 123,682 425,676 145 45,341 55,309 312,952 32,847 84,864 120,892 97,611 28,901 17,600 45,341 72,345 35,767 30,767 30,444 79,469 125,450 14,764 25,596 15,601 48,890 71,320 326,542 30,444 79,469 125,450 14,764 25,596 15,767 48,890 71,320 324,2952 81,477 86,501 15,690	TOTAZADE HICH CLIS STD 7	56,074	77,500	360,182	98,287	90,427	141,639	211,791	125,594	26,020	18,753
45,341 45,346 312,952 92,647 44,854 173,639 173,632 97,611 25,160 147,761 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 25,160 <t< td=""><td>TOPY 208 HICH GLS STD 8"</td><td>56,314</td><td>75,642</td><td>341,730</td><td>94,421</td><td>91,231</td><td>140,324</td><td>209,889</td><td>12,882</td><td>28,575</td><td>15/3/</td></t<>	TOPY 208 HICH GLS STD 8"	56,314	75,642	341,730	94,421	91,231	140,324	209,889	12,882	28,575	15/3/
61,511 72,734 307,667 91,235 88,667 134,541 216,306 143,761 226,160 15,60 <td>TOP1 208 HEM GLS STD 9"</td> <td>45,341</td> <td>608'95</td> <td>312,952</td> <td>92,647</td> <td>84,864</td> <td>128,939</td> <td>179,652</td> <td>97,611</td> <td>26,831</td> <td>17,864</td>	TOP1 208 HEM GLS STD 9"	45,341	608'95	312,952	92,647	84,864	128,939	179,652	97,611	26,831	17,864
11	TOZY 208 HICH GLS STD 10"	61,511	12,734	307,687	91,235	86,647	134,541	218,308	13,761	28,150	15,338
8 49,890 71,320 324,222 83,157 86,861 135,354 205,152 156,484 27,257 16 3,684 20,190 11,549 152 2,468 3,047 35,855 63,302 808 4,690 23,434 20,190 11,549 152 2,468 3,047 35,855 63,302 808 4,690 23,434 20,611 12,257 164 2,720 3,306 40,498 65,600 827 4,690 23,124 11,818 144 3,162 4,036 40,498 75,500 827 4,143 25,567 12,948 161 3,529 4,636 76,406 76,406 875 4,098 27,098 167 3,569 4,696 76,206 875 4,098 27,099 167 3,697 4,096 76,206 875 4,098 27,099 172 3,119 4,096 4,096 77,906 87 4,098	TOZYZVE HAH GLS STD 11"	46,494	63,787	286,949	90,444	79,469	125,152	186,235	114.764	25,588	17.271
8 7 10 6 2 2,468 3,047 38,685 63,302 80 3,584 20,190 11,549 152 2,468 3,047 38,685 63,302 80 4,690 23,242 20,611 12,257 184 2,720 3,306 40,498 65,630 821 4,690 23,124 11,818 144 3,162 4,058 42,535 69,546 87 4,143 25,867 12,948 161 3,529 4,058 76,408 87 4,043 25,877 12,948 161 3,529 4,049 70,409 76,205 875 4,049 2,790 3,677 4,056 76,205 772 772 4,049 2,790 3,547 4,056 76,205 874 773 4,049 2,790 3,547 42,576 65,589 84 4,049 2,790 3,547 42,876 66,989 84 4	Average Glass Standard	49,830	71,320	374,222	93,157	158'98	135,354	20,452	125,849	77,257	16,512
8 3,684 20,190 11,549 152 2,468 3,047 38,855 63,302 808 4,650 23,284 20,611 12,257 164 2,720 3,306 40,498 65,500 821 4,650 23,284 20,611 12,257 164 2,720 3,306 40,498 65,500 821 4,136 23,286 12,248 161 3,528 4,094 70,344 70,344 725 4,143 25,587 12,348 161 3,528 4,496 47,950 76,216 875 4,049 2,049 42,535 65,207 722 875 875 4,049 4,049 4,796 76,216 875 875 875 4,049 2,740 3,817 4,649 4,796 76,216 875 4,049 4,049 4,796 76,216 86,989 814 4,049 4,049 4,249 4,249 4,249 4,249 4	% Std dev.	7	\$	S	2	8	9	8	=	*	2
3,684 20,190 11,549 152 2,468 3,047 35,650 63,302 900 4,620 22,283 12,023 120 3,043 4,094 42,535 69,816 703 4,396 23,283 12,023 120 3,043 4,094 42,535 69,816 703 4,143 25,567 12,946 161 3,528 4,496 47,950 76,409 867 4,049 25,814 13,215 172 3,113 4,496 47,950 76,206 875 4,049 27,049 4,696 47,950 76,206 875 875 4,049 27,049 4,796 76,209 76,206 875 875 4,049 4,049 4,796 76,209 76,209 76,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 87,209 <td>Orff corrected air blanks</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>18</td> <td>Page 1</td>	Orff corrected air blanks									18	Page 1
3,594 20,611 12,257 184 2,720 3,305 40,448 63,500 67.1 4,690 23,283 12,023 12,023 120 3,043 4,094 70,354 725 4,396 23,124 11,818 144 3,162 4,094 70,354 725 4,143 25,567 12,948 161 3,528 4,495 76,406 867 4,069 25,874 13,255 172 3,113 4,696 76,206 875 4,069 25,874 12,679 172 3,113 4,696 76,205 875 4,069 25,874 12,679 172 3,113 4,639 42,523 63,620 772 4,069 21,677 12,679 1,677 3,617 4,296 7,253 63,620 773 4,066 21,567 12,677 145 2,790 3,545 38,596 68,599 814 7 3,871 4,046 42,773	**************************************	3,684	20,190	2.58	153	2,468		36,855	22 20	3	7 6
4,650 23,263 12,023 120 3,063 4,044 70,354 705 7 4,396 23,124 11,816 144 3,162 4,044 70,354 725 7 4,143 25,567 12,946 161 3,529 4,496 47,860 78,406 867 7 4,049 25,874 13,225 172 3,113 4,056 47,860 78,206 875 7 4,049 22,498 12,679 172 3,113 4,059 42,523 63,620 772 8 1,055 21,677 12,652 180 3,067 3,576 61,883 713 9 3,871 21,677 12,652 180 3,067 3,576 68,589 68,589 814 10 3,871 21,780 3,577 42,477 66,385 83 10 3,871 22,871 42,778 63,634 73 10 22,872 12,872	T271206 HKH AR BL 2"	3,594	20,611	12257	\$	2720		40,496	2000	2	200
7 4,396 23,124 11,816 144 3,162 4,044 70,404 70,504 762 7 4,143 25,567 12,946 161 3,559 4,496 47,960 76,206 875 7 4,029 25,874 13,225 172 3,113 4,956 76,205 875 7 4,026 21,677 12,679 172 3,113 4,257 63,620 772 8 3,686 21,567 12,662 180 3,967 3,576 63,528 713 9 3,871 21,567 11,540 145 2,790 3,536 68,589 814 10 3,871 21,353 12,833 12,833 12,833 12,833 12,834 12,833 12,834 12,833 12,834 12,833 12,834 12,833 12,834 12,834 12,834 12,834 12,834 12,834 12,834 12,834 12,834 12,834 12,834 12,834 12,834	"02/12/08 HICH AIR BL. 3"	4,630	23,283	12,023	\$	3,043		42,535	03,010	763	2
4,143 25,567 12,948 161 3,529 4,674 48,968 76,409 B87 4,029 25,814 13,225 172 3,113 4,095 76,205 875 7 4,089 25,814 13,225 172 3,115 4,095 76,205 875 7 4,089 1,540 172 3,115 4,039 42,523 65,223 772 7 3,889 1,540 14,562 180 3,087 3,517 42,876 61,683 713 9 3,871 2,790 3,535 38,589 66,959 814 9 3,871 42,877 66,335 853 9 3,871 42,876 66,385 853 10 3,871 42,876 66,385 853 10 3,871 42,877 66,385 853 10 3,871 42,877 66,385 853 10 4,083 22,857 3,477	TOTAZOS HICH AIR BL. 4"	4,398	23,124	11,818	144	3,162		44,044	15.00 10.00	8	3
4,029 25,814 13,325 172 3,369 4,495 76,205 875 4 4,481 22,493 1,2679 172 3,113 4,039 42,523 63,628 752 7 4,065 21,877 12,662 180 3,087 3,877 42,876 61,883 713 7 3,887 4,085 21,353 11,540 145 2,790 3,536 38,598 68,589 814 9 3,871 42,477 66,335 853 853 9 4,083 22,651 12,372 162 3,874 42,730 65,335 853	702/12/06 HICH AIR BL 5"	4,143	25,567	12,948	15		_	48,968	76,409	292	88
4461 22,438 12,678 172 3,113 4,039 42,523 63,528 752 75 3,656 2,677 12,662 180 3,067 3,877 42,876 61,863 713 7 3,888 21,353 11,540 145 2,790 3,536 36,539 66,395 814 9 3,871 21,353 12,353 12,353 12,353 12,354 42,447 66,395 823 9 4,083 22,553 12,372 162 3,010 3,554 42,730 63,034 750	TO2H 2018 HICH AIR BL G	4,059	25,874	13,325	172		i	47,950	76,205	875	454
F 4,085 21,577 12,662 180 3,087 3,676 61,883 713 F 3,886 21,353 11,540 145 2,790 3,545 38,598 68,969 814 IP 3,871 21,353 12,930 182 2,857 3,477 42,447 06,395 833 IP 4,083 22,637 12,372 162 3,010 3,854 42,730 65,395 833	"02/12/05 HKH AIR BL. 7"	4,481	22,498	12,679	225			42,523	63,628	752	23
7 3,886 21,353 11,540 145 2,790 3,535 38,589 66,969 814 (C 3,871 21,358 12,853 18,583 182 2,857 3,477 42,447 66,395 853 (C 3,887 2,897 12,372 162 3,010 3,854 42,730 68,034 783	122/2208 HICH AIR BL 6"	4,065	21,677	12,652	180			42,876	28 28 28	713	387
C	TIZY 2006 HIGH AIR BIL 9"	3,886	21,353	11,540	145		3,536	38,588	68,989		88
4,083 22,651 12,372 162 3,010 3,054 42,730 63,034 750	TOZITZOS FIKH AIR BL. 10°	3,871	21,358	12,933	192	2,837		42,447	66,395		389
Element - Raw Counts	Average	4,083	22,651	12372	162	SPOK 1		42,730	700	2	\$
	Flament - Raw Counts										

"OZY1206 HOH GLS STD 1" 97,640 "OZY1206 HAH GLS STD 2" 80,014 "OZY1206 HICH GLS STD 3" 86,443 "DZY1206 HICH GLS STD 4" 84,858 "DZY1206 HICH GLS STD 6" 98,635 "DZY1206 HICH GLS STD 6" 98,635 "UZY1206 HICH GLS STD 6" 82,557 "UZY1206 HICH GLS STD 6" 82,557 "UZY1206 HICH GLS STD 6" 83,899	97,640 80,014	17,950	2,077	233,800	Ant Ant		40.000			
	80,D14	47.44				S 4.	() ()	98,80	235.800	263,700
		- -	5.	203,320	206,26	51,228	8.370	83,587	198,445	226,040
	85,443	14,494	5,615	211,943	98,237	58,704	8,090	8	217,337	223.229
	81,691	15,295	5,583	200,032	95,480	54,328	7,412	107,10	195,728	214,195
	84,858	14,524	4,985	200,520	98,48	53,912	2,046	88,138	194,117	21,540
	98,635	18,941	5,688	220,573	105,481	64,205	8,313	100,315	229,030	249,680
	82,557	14,885	5,368	201,842	91,566	53,580	7,146	85,117	199,609	224,982
	83,899	15,447	5,247	193,725	87,980	53,525	7,710	90,454	199,979	212,689
	120,865	20,448	\$,202	281,520	131,249	79,064	12,516	131,784	273,378	313,117
	70,750	13,024	4.770	167,271	20227	48,163	6.450	79,170	170.847	180,676
14	97,820	18,164	4,905	228,149	103,497	68,426	11,540	112,414	245,398	288 (20
ass Standard	69,479	15,962	5.201	213,609	98,121	290'85	8,682	98,753	214,333	25.27
% Std dev.	7,	€	9	43	14	19	Z	15	2	5
Certum Normalizad										
	97,640	17,950	5,077	233,800	108,100	64,430	10,920	106,900	235,800	283,700
	97,880	17,629	5,841	248,719	113,646	62,667	10,239	102,252	240,309	276,512
	101,082	17.144	1499	250,685	116,194	69,435	956	112,012	267.065	264.034
	97,339	18,224	8,652	246,691	113,781	64,734	8,822	109,266	233,221	255,228
	14.79i	17,915	6,149	247,330	116,765	66,497	9,690	108,714	239,433	281,046
	101,797	17,484	5,870	227,845	108,842	68,263	8,580	183,531	236,373	257,685
	99,171	17,881	6,448	242,464	109,994	64,376	8,585	102,247	239,781	270,273
	100,479	18,500	6,284	232,009	105,342	64,102	8,234	108,329	239,498	254.721
	102,402	17,323	4,407	238,515	111,199	66,986	10,604	111,622	231,616	205,285
	94,480	17,392	6,370	223,375	98,419	64,317	8,613	105,724	228,150	24,276
1.	8,278	17,877	4,828	224,564	101,868	67,348	11,457	110,643	241,531	283,797
tass Standard	99,393	17,756	6,870	257,799	109,105	65,560	8,576	107,388	228,434	261,222
% Std dev.		2	12	7	9	89	#	6	7	60
	280	833	3,019	266	1	284	6	165	122	83
	345	971	3,304	275	128	326	8	287	152	\$
	306	806	3,129	320	6	362	8	902	167	8
	315	828	9,241	283	103	S	\$	88	133	88
	386	1,091	3,859	314	<u>\$</u>	288	x	izz	158	2
	388	1,057	4,001	300	122	986	ន	22	170	4
	88	838	3,289	286	128	388	R	至	149	\$
	8	26	3,228	271	132	320	Ø	훒	156	5
	307	98	2,937	286	113	330	ଯ	199	136	88
HICH AR BL 10"	82 82	286	3432	278	\$	333	ß	182	141	¥
	342	99	3,345	284	120	347	ន	26	148	\$
Element - Raw Counts										

Esment - Raw Counts	3	20	6	Ş.	*	윤	Pa]
TO27/2006 HICH GLS STD 1"	306,900	145,300	57,670	61,330	42,160		36,940	54,670
TOZY 2006 HICH GLS STO Z	250,064	127,020	51,079	52,810	36,902	412	27,794	43,100
"WAZIGE HICH GLS STD 3"	258,624	121,397	47,081	47,634	32,567	525	25,563	43,145
"WZMZVO6 HXH CLS STD 4"	256,723	114,252	45,268	46,559	31,276	483	25,892	43,881
"WATZING HICH GLS STD 5"	248,005	111,211	45,510	45,148	30,859	416	22,469	38,761
TOZIZOG HICHGLS STD 6	296,387	135,559	53,917	58,454	38,642	426	30,187	54,131
TOZVIZOB HICH GLS STD 7"	254,651	121,501	47,787	51,349	35,756	251	78,924	42,254
"Q2/12/06 HICH CLS STD 8"	255,423	116,918	45,224	47,694	33,289	289	27,444	45,918
"WAY 2006 HICKH GLS STD 9"	361,055	165,438	65,438		47,354	338	34,320	54,089
TO2/206 HICH GLS STD 10"	229,069	101,413	38,879		27,482	325	21.044	41,430
TOZVIZOG HICH GLS STD 11"	310,798	147,527	56,644		42,538	124	32,514	60,233
Avarage Glass Standard	275,155	127,960	50,418		38,266	387	28,281	67,419
% Std dev.	13	4	14	16	16	70	18	14
Certum Normalized								
TO2/12/06 HICH GLS STD 1"	305,900	145,300	57,670		42,160	367	36,940	54,670
TOX 2008 HICH CLS STO 2"	305,900	155,382	62,485		45,142	200	. 34,001	52,724
TOM 2006 HACH GLS STD 3"	305,900	143,588	55,687		38,520	129	30,236	51,031
TOP1208 HICH GLS STD 4"	305,900	136,137	52,539		37,268	276	30,852	52,287
TO2/208 HICH GLS STD 5"	305,900	137,172	56,134		39,186	513	27,715	47,810
702/1208 HKH GLS STD 6"	305,900	139,905	55,846		38,881	439	31,155	55,866
TOM 2006 HICH GLS STD 7"	305,900	145,963	57,405	61,684	42,952	302	32,342	50,758
"02/12/08 HKH GLS STD 8"	305,900	140,023	54,161		i	347	32,868	54,992
TO/TO/06 HICK GLS STD 9"	308,900	140,182	55,440	59,225		280	720,027	45,826
102/12/08 HICH GLS STD 10"	305,900	135,428	52,063			434	28,103	56,325
CON2006 HACH GLS STD 11"	305,900	145,202	55,751	60,579		415	32,002	59,284
Average Glass Standard	305,900	142,207	56,034	58,610		437	31,390	52,779
% Std dev.	0	•	5	5.	8	77	8	7
Drift corrected air blanks								
"02/12/06 HPCH AIR BL T	11	א	6	9	6	282	88	80
**CZ1206 HKH AIR BL. Z	18	23	12	11	10	305	22	8
"UZ/12/06 HIGH AIR BL 3"	11	23	8		6	319	74	10
TIZH 206 HICH AIR BL 4"	13	ಜ	8		7	317	ន	7
"02/1/2016 HICH AIR BIL S"	22	29	12		7	453	88	11
TOZH ZUG HKCH AIR BL. 6"	7.	22	11	10	10	432	အ	4
702/1208 HKH AIR BL. 7	11	20	8	6	6	8728	[29]	8
TIZ11206 HICH AIR BL 8"	15	19	8	9	11	223	61	8
TOZH ZOB HICH AIR BL ST	16	52	10	11	8	312	74	10
"WZAZWE HKH AIR BL. 10"	14	7	8	11	11	287	8	7
Average	15	23	6	10	ф	317	67	æ
Element - Raw Counts								

TOZ1206 HICH SVEN OIL BL 2" TOZ1208 HICH SVEN OIL WED 1" TOZ1206 HICH SVEN OIL WED 2" TOZ1206 HICH SVEN OIL WED 2" TOZ1206 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 1" TOZ1206 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 2"	3,821	235,018	41,490	202			460 553			
"02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL WED 1" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL WED 2" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL WED 2" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 1" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 2" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 2"				290	088'01	5,483	20.00	1,186 186	1,189	167,148
"02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL WED 1" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL WED 2" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 1" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 2" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 2"	3,888	201,744	39,846	683	8,118	2895	157,177	73,459	2,225	143,782
"02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL WED 2" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 1" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 2" "02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 2"	3,742	190,075	33,354	\$	8,467	9,138	361,619	71,368	4,519	157,849
"DZ/12/06 HIGH SVEN OIL THUR 1" "DZ/12/06 HIGH SVEN OIL THUR 2" "DZ/12/06 HIGH SVEN OIL TRU 1"	4,128	196,768	34,940	711	10,163	6,968	268,814	74,881	3,343	143,612
"V2/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 2" "V2/12/06 HKH SVEN OIL FRI 1"	4,719	276,925	296,29	745	11,550	11,862	568,657	99,666	7,485	182,213
"DZM 206 HKH SVEN OIL FRU 1"	4,824	280,792	45,529	1,031	13,952	10,300	534,454	090,18	10,451	176,523
	4,810	288,334	68,590	2,446	18,629	19,376	786,823	77,330	18,538	221,004
702/12/06 HIGH SVIEN OIL FRI Z"	5,029	238,601	45,334	1,105	13,936	10,525	506,586	83,148	16,947	168,439
702/12/06 HIGH JOHN OIL WIED 1"	5,385	580,487	55,967	88	13,776	19,958	234,195	82,858	20,828	304.144
TODI 2008 HICH JOHN OIL WED 2"	5,147	BD4,376	60,976	417	18,936	22,912	306,614	86,485	20,456	314,960
TON 208 HKH JOHN OIL THUR 1"	4,518	409,802	44.199	82	13,941	16,549	270,544	83,824	13,895	212212
"12/12/06 HIGH JOHN OIL THUR 2"	4,282	418,970	45,512	\$	14,472	16,970	213,334	83,907	14,674	218,577
"02/12/06 HIGH JOHIN OIL FRU 1"	4,222	467,862	49,288	415	18,658	18,435	214,237	86,038	15,914	242,640
TOZI 206 HICH JOHN OIL FRII 2"	4,394	465,915	49,409	8	17,280	19,570	178,285	84,323	15,748	266,535
"02/12/06 HACH RYAN OIL WED 1"	5,532	409,850	50,572	619	23,680	10,525	470,647	82,108	5,760	359,710
"02/12/06 HIGH RYAN CAL WED 2"	5,315	269,141	37,981	906	17,157	11,958	554,841	87,060	2225	296,034
TOZIZOG HICH RYAN OIL, THUR IT	5,135	585,490	84218	607	27,065	15,071	566,063	85,204	8,876	493,518
"DZ/12/06 HICH RYAN OIL THUR ?"	5,015	413,166	48,900	672	17,325	9,512	387,147	84,519	5,325	391,613
"G2/12/06 HRCH RYAN OB. FRE 1"	4,985	619,761	67,912	88	24,139	10,701	424,569	85,514	8,871	660,379
"OZIZIOB HICH RYAN CIIL FRII Z"	5,063	601,154	85,583	288	27,817	11,352	475,090	86,087	7,080	673,978
"02/12/06 HICH DAVE OIL WED 1"	8,284	54,719	49,158	583	14,019	18,012	485,381	82,729	4,151	168,777
TOZH ZOG HICH DAVE OIL WED 2"	5,625	53,475	49,934	548	11,967	10,956	418,508	81,447	3,872	168,231
"C2/12/06 HKH DAVE OIL THUR 1"	5,731	68,496	81,902	815	12,045	11,243	339,597	88,326	4,070	235,505
"UZ/12/06 HICH DAVE OIL THUR 2"	5,619	55,528	61,737	909	12,589	. 9,674	266,282	64,838	4,189	195,804
"02/12/06 HIGH DAVE OF FRU 1"	5,678	97,436	172,212	805	21,019	13,060	357,339	85,922	6,315	200,078
TOZ/12/06 HKH DAVE OIL FRU Z	5,618	91,916	162,196	421	19,631	10,788	198,769	85,450	4,692	176,146
"12/12/06 HIGH SCOTT OIL WED F	7,178	359,173	78,240	126	27,782	88,903	11,839,207	119,587	9,650	1,591,134
TOZYZYJS HICH SCOTT OIL WED Z	6,904	218,524	52,418	820	17,864	52,411	10,702,080	104,254	5,678	1,243,243
TOZ/12/06 HICH SCOTT OIL THUR I"	6,355	197,533	50,333	ĝ	18,788	72,574	9,736,842	99,617	6,188	943,194
"02/12/06 F#CH SCOTT OIL THUR 2"	6,488	241,759	64,444	1,495	25,479	98,567	13,984,018	111,529	8,980	1,683,237
"UZ/12/06 HIGH SCOTT OIL FRI 1"	992'9	168,149	48,849	1,059	18,013	B6.219	8,987,866	101,870	5,486	1,090,938
102/12/06 HIGH SCOTT OIL FRI 2"	6,385	608'022	59,311	1,015	22,530	75,366	10,140,406	109,390	7,714	1,704,582
Average Air Blank Corrected										
Sven Reference Oil										
"UZ/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL BL 2"	197	212,467	29,117	525	7,980	1,629	107,823	5,161	396	166,742
TO21206 HKH SVEN OIL BL 3"	-195	179,194	27,474	ន	5,108	1,828	114,448	5,425	1,433	143,376
Svan Engine Oil										
TOXIONE HICH SIGNAN WIED 1	244	ACA CAP	- NO BB4	120	E 450	706.5	240 000	2 020	014.6	420 619

Element - Raw Counts	පී	As	g	å	Z	3	ਝ	S	83	2
TOZI 206 HIGH SVEN OIL BL Z"	24,526	1,977	4,304	1,917	299'6	897	121	616	1,035	82
"02/12/06 HIGH SVEN OIL BL 3"	29,525	2,031	4,600	1,662	12,522	929	8	1,128	738	88
"D2/12/06 HKH SVEN OIL WED 1"	25,965	- 828,	3,601	2,130	4,661	820	99	3,242	3,040	1,147
"02/12/06 HICH SVEN CALL WED 2"	30,868	2,157	3,907	1,631	5,203	795	98	2,729	3,389	1,414
TOZY 2706 HICH SVEN OIL THUR T	32,120	2,818	5,043	4,285	9,881	1,349	86	1,527	5,424	1,164
*02/12/08 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 2"	36,567	2,537	4,582	4,238	8,728	1,274	153	3,330	5,778	1,583
"02/12/06 HKH SVEN OIL FRI 1"	37,388	2,604	4,194	7,929	10,680	1,986	8	9,445	4,276	1,476
TOZI 206 HICH SVEN CIL FRI 2"	40,695	2,638	4,626	3,411	18,410	1,195	75	3,850	4,497	88
"YOZYZOG HICH HOH NOT WED 1"	9.870	1,773	3,967	2,911	4,180	2,368	83	11,459	1,955	148
"02/12/06 HICH JOHN OIL WED 2"	12,719	1,620	4,405	3,386	5,247	2,998	3	11,801	2,433	210
"TO2/12/06 HIGH JOHN CAL THUR 1"	20,970	1,731	3,924	2,411	8,571	1,631	99	8,203	1,795	28
TO27/2/06 HICH JOHN OIL THUR 2"	19,685	1,807	3,771	2,500	6,313	1,807	38	11,414	1,800	430
102/12/08 HICH JOHIN OIL FRI T	19,641	1,859	4.148	2,595	4,743	1,683	9	7,343	1,379	8
"C2/12/06 HKH JOHN OIL FRU 2"	18,636	2021	4,138	2,730	3,164	2,004	88	8,186	1,691	83
TOZIZOB HICH RYAN OIL WED 1"	34,832	1,845	4,188	5,115	1,478	1,855	425	2205	14,046	186
"02/12/06 HIGH RYAN OIL WIED 2"	43,453	SZE'I	4,163	4,187	2,098	1,879	83	2,916	11,678	408
"02/12/06 HICH RYAN CAL THUR 1"	30,594	2,186	2'082	4,212	1,571	1,458	3 5	3,713	600'6	326
"LEZIZOB FIKH RYAN CIL THUR 2"	38,900	2,043	4,710	3,311	2,045	1,613	156	4,642	3,163	221
"TON 2005 HIGH RYAN OIL FRU 1"	26,133	2,506	4,655	5,494	928	2,030	191	2,728	8,848	208
"UZ/12/08 HIGH RYAN OIL FRI Z"	19,987	2,357	4,752	7,552	1,184	2,847	143	2,640	93,280	211
VZ/12/06 HPH DAVE OIL WED 1"	39,625	1,871	3,984	2,142	4,657	1,311	98	3,028	2,242	226
"DZH ZOG HKH DAVE OIL WED Z"	38,853	1,877	3,815	2,218	4,073	372	88	3,465	2,100	226
"02/12/08 HICH DAVE OIL THUR 1"	64,661	2,107	4,433	3,038	5,477	2,575	139	2,625	2,087	193
*UZ/12/06 HICH DAVE OIL THUR 2"	43,001	2,254	4,543	2,689	4,590	1,174	78	1,854	851	101
TIZITZOB HICH DAVE OIL FRE 1"	32,320	2,839	4,719	5,484	3,744	1,265	156	1,603	1,583	108
TOZH ZNG HICH DAVE OIL FFB Z	32,793	2,865	4,663	5,137	3,748	1,220	155	1,667	1,610	110
12/12/06 HIGH SCOTT OIL, WED 1	31,712	2,523	4,503	4,233	8,295	3,284	147	4,314	12,096	116
TIZITZIDE HICH SCOTT OIL WED Z	48,230	2,395	CEY'S	2,724	029'6	5,003	98	4,241	10,009	124
TOZI 2006 HIKH SCOTT OIL THUR IT	48,711	2,660	4,320	2,559	8,751	2,085	88	4,173	11,778	366
"02H2/06 HKH SCOTT OIL, THUR 2"	48,863	2,900	4,379	3,483	8,709	4,374	233	6,877	16,437	222
TO2/12/06 HIGH SCOTT OIL FRI 1"	55,686	3,031	4,616	2,686	11,979	2,139	217	4,371	11,676	280
TOZ/12/06 HICH SCOTT OIL FRI 2"	44,353	3,122	4,509	3,446	10,427	2,297	158	4,528	14,550	888
Average Alr Blank Corrected										
Sven Reference Oil										
TOZI 206 HIGH SVEN OIL BL 2"	24,184	1,019	958	1,626	9,742	250	105	723	887	8
"02/12/06 HKH SVEN OIL BL 3"	23,183	1,072	1,256	1,370	12,402	330	8	88	586	S
Swan Engine OF										
TOST ZODE HIGH SVEN CAL WED 1"	25,623	e.	92	1,838	4,542	473	35	3,046	2,881	1,107

Element - Raw Counts	3	3	ð	٤	¥	2	æ	5
"02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL BL 2"	120	æ			103	\$	\$	83
TOZIZIOS HICH SVEN OIL, BL 3"	28	27			æ	909	438	102
TO2/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL WED 1"	314	8			97	205	41,988	155
TO21206 HIGH SVEN OUT WED 2"	108	82			75	498	43,195	113
TOZY 208 HICH SVEN OIL THUR 1"	197	32			107	749	66,643	18
"UZ/12/06 HACH SVEN OIL THUR Z"	673	42			234	685	65,095	136
TOZYZ/106 HIKH SVEN OIL FRI 1"	228	44			109	489	77,559	171
TOZY 2006 HICH SVEN OIL FAT Z	945	46			181	909	59,094	165
"02/12/06 HICH JOHN OIL WED 1"	æ	28			32	87B	21,561	83
TOM 2008 HIGH JOHN OIL WED 2"	191	8			14	833	21,248	89
TIZM 2006 HIKH JOHN OIL THAR 1"	8	77			110	299	11,754	98
TO21:206 HIGH JOHN OIL THUR Z"	139	83			21	888	13,188	88
"02/1206 HIGH JOHN OIL FRI 1"	72	8		 	8	32	12,871	8
"02/12/06 HICH JOHN OIL FRI 2"	112	S		10	107	ક્ર	15,171	9
"COM 2006 FINCH RYAN CILL WED 1"	8	82			3	82	13,378	136
TOZI 2008 HIGH RYAN OIL WED Z	017	31			8	877	10,142	190
	248	29			148	1,023	15,181	118
TOZYZOB HICH RYAN OIL THUR Z	205	40			88	1,018	10,079	155
"CONZUGENKH RYAN CAL FRU 1"	386	38			23	121	9,711	115
102/12/08 HIGH RYAN OIL FRI 2"	233	92			8	742	11,587	142
"C2H2/06 HICH DAVE OIL WED 1"	185	12			83	450	34,786	160
"02/12/06 HICH DAVE CAL WED 7"	128	22			28	480	41,522	145
"DZY12/08 HKH DAVE OIL THUR 1"	274	22			78	9999	37,894	213
TOZY 2/05 HICH DAVE OIL THUR Z	96	8.2			ಜ	989	35,358	144
"02/12/06 HIGH DAVE OIL FRI 1"	85	22			41	487	40,138	102
"02/12/06 HICH DAVE OIL FRI 2"	83	72			18	465	43,944	107
TIZM 2/06 HIGH SCOTT OIL WED 1"	261	82			181	හි	7,987	
TIZA 2/06 HIGH SCOTT OIL WED 2"	130	62			44	525	6,630	164
"02/12/06 HICH SCOTT OIL THUR I"	108	28			107	909	6,244	198
TOZNZ/OG HKH SCOTT OIL THUR 2"	56	37			25	744	7,980	173
TOZN 2008 HICH SCOTT OIL FREE 1"	108	Œ			114	308	5,961	185
TUZNI 20G HIKH SCOTT OIL FRI 2"	152	33			114	83	006'9	151
Average Air Blank Corrected								
702/12/06 HIGH SVEN OIL BL 2"	105	6	7	6	3	287	372	74
"02/12/06 HICH SVEN OIL BL 3"	50	9		8	24	289	371	፠
Swen Finding Oil								
TOWN OF HIS SACE OF WED 1"	300		ď	Ī	8	486	44 000	207
			7	7	3	3	1 1000	Ē

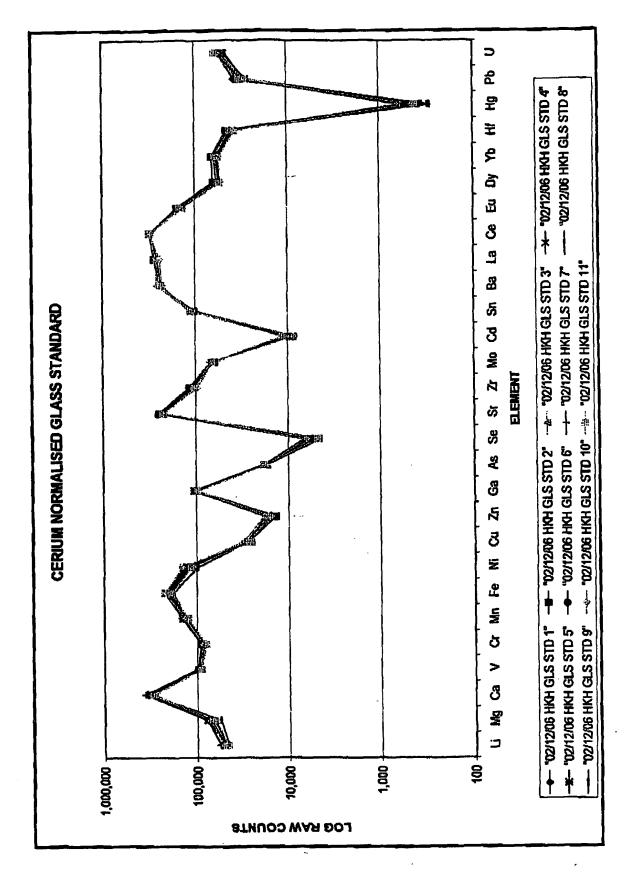
Fig. 2	II. THUR T	46 1,505 5 5 5 5 1,505 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	"	12 2 2 2 1	10,943 10,943 10,943 10,946 10,946 10,831 14,281 14,281 14,315 14,315 14,315	3,114 8,0008 8,446 15,522 6,671 12,695 12,695 14,581 16,715 16,715	224,084 515,927 481,725 483,856 483,856 181,465 227,815 170,605 177,605 177,605 177,605 177,508 227,815 512,112	6,847 13,022 13,022 13,022 15,114 16,730 18,004 18,004 18,004 18,004 18,004	2,550 6,692 9,653 17,745 16,154 18,165 13,881 15,127 15,127 14,955 4,795 8,083	181,807 176,117 220,598 198,033 242,234 265,123 265,123 391,207 666,917 666,917 677,58
6.35 144,775 4,250 6,541 6,000 515,577 13,022 6,687 6,687 7,147 7,172 7,147 7,	6.55			2 2 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	8,541 10,943 10,943 10,836 11,836 14,281 14,281 14,316 14,316 14,316	8,008 8,446 15,522 16,102 12,695 12,695 14,581 16,715 16,715	515,927 481,725 463,856 463,856 191,465 227,815 170,605 177,508 427,918 512,112 512,112	13,022 13,022 12,026 15,114 18,451 15,730 18,004 18,004 18,004	9,653 17,745 16,154 16,154 13,003 13,003 15,127 14,965 14,965 14,965 14,965 14,965 14,965	181,807 176,117 333,738 314,554 211,806 218,171 242,234 265,123 361,207 381,207 666,977
668 284,376 44,386 883 96,941 6,446 431,725 13,120 9,659 17,146 9,659 17,146 9,659 17,146 9,659 17,146 9,659 17,146 9,659 17,146 9,659 17,146 9,659 17,146 9,659 17,146 9,659 17,146 9,659 17,146 <th< td=""><td>6.55</td><td>M 1 2 1 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 8 4 1 6 1 6 1 6 1</td><td></td><td>22 889 22 889 22 883 283 283 284 445 397</td><td>10,943 10,943 10,933 11,482 14,281 14,281 14,315 14,315 14,315</td><td>15,522 16,102 19,058 12,698 11,581 16,715 16,715</td><td>463,725 463,826 463,826 191,463 263,884 227,815 170,605 171,508 427,918 512,112 512,112</td><td>13,026 9,296 15,114 14,624 15,780 15,780 16,288 14,074 18,026</td><td>9,658 17,745 16,154 18,102 13,102 13,881 15,121 14,955 4,967 4,967 8,083</td><td>200,598 198,053 340,554 211,806 218,171 242,234 265,128 265,12</td></th<>	6.55	M 1 2 1 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 8 4 1 6 1 6 1 6 1		22 889 22 889 22 883 283 283 284 445 397	10,943 10,943 10,933 11,482 14,281 14,281 14,315 14,315 14,315	15,522 16,102 19,058 12,698 11,581 16,715 16,715	463,725 463,826 463,826 191,463 263,884 227,815 170,605 171,508 427,918 512,112 512,112	13,026 9,296 15,114 14,624 15,780 15,780 16,288 14,074 18,026	9,658 17,745 16,154 18,102 13,102 13,881 15,121 14,955 4,967 4,967 8,083	200,598 198,053 340,554 211,806 218,171 242,234 265,128 265,12
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1,302 557,807 46,219 2,284 10,368 6,47 463,968 11,140 11,302 557,815 12,868 11,140 11,302 557,815 11,140 11,402 11,402 11,402 11,402 11,402 11,402 11,402 11,403 1	1,302 259, 557 253, 784 56, 218 2,284 10,505 14,281 1,305 14,281 1,305 14,281 1,305 14,281 1,305	2 1 2 2 2 2 4 4 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		2,284 943 253 253 253 253 253 253 253 253 253 25	10,926 10,926 11,482 11,482 11,281 14,281 14,147 24,035 24,035	15,522 6,677 19,058 13,116 14,581 16,715 16,715	463,257 463,856 191,465 263,884 227,815 171,508 427,918 512,112 522,323	15,114 15,114 18,481 18,481 18,004 18,004 18,004 18,004 18,006	17,746 16,154 18,663 13,102 13,102 15,121 14,955 14,779 8,083	198,033 311,738 314,554 242,234 262,234 262,234 263,126 391,207 391,207 391,207 391,207
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T 158 386,520 33,139 253 15,460 1,4710 1,4700 15,171 1,4700 1,4700 1,5711 1,4700	Z 189 306,420 33,139 Z53 11,602 T 139 446,371 36,815 253 11,608 T 1,449 387,300 38,200 457 20,670 T 1,232 248,391 25,609 743 14,146 T 1,032 248,391 25,609 743 14,146 T 1,032 248,391 510 14,315 Z 903 597,213 35,239 307 21,129 T 22,211 32,168 34,252 36,259 307 21,139 T 2,211 32,168 34,250 445 445,159 T 1,548 45,346 43,550 44,607 T 1,535 14,855 14,936 44,008 T 1,536 14,936 14,008 14,008 T 1,536 14,936 44,004 658 3,008 T 2,272 14,004 658	9 4 4 W W W W W W		25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	15,948 14,281 20,670 24,147 24,035 24,035	14,581 16,715 16,715 10,105	171,508 243,141 427,918 512,112 522,323	18,004 16,288 14,074 19,026	15,121 14,985 4,967 4,479 8,083	242,234 265,129 266,129 261,234 261,234 261,234 261,234 261,234 261,234 261,234
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1,449 387,304 37,037 239 14,281 15,715 243,111 19,429 14,074 4,957 1,449 387,200 38,200 4,75 14,477 8,100 512,112 19,026 4,779 1,449 387,200 38,200 743 14,477 8,100 512,112 19,026 4,779 1,449 387,201 28,203 51,646 445 24,025 11,217 522,323 17,170 8,102 1,449 387,201 38,200 743 14,477 8,100 512,112 19,026 4,779 1,449 387,201 38,200 743 14,477 8,100 512,112 19,026 4,779 1,449 387,201 38,203 337 21,129 6,647 34,487 16,643 6,787 1,449 39,204 31,646 445 34,477 14,489 1,789 3,288 1,440 3,426 34,386 44,386 44,886 1,786 1,786 4,886 1,786	1,449	4 6 0 0 0 0 0		298 457 743 743 445 510	20,670 20,670 24,055 14,315 24,236	8,102 1,021	243,141 427,918 512,112 522,323	18,000	4,967 4,479 8,083	359,304 285,828 499,112 391,207 659,972
1,449 387,300 38,210 457 20,570 6,671 47,101 1,470 4,867 1,227 246,291 25,689 74,3 14,147 8,105 512,112 19,056 4,479 2,227 246,291 25,529 51,946 446 24,055 11,217 522,223 17,170 6,083 2,227 390,515 36,228 510 44,316 54,055 11,217 522,223 17,170 6,083 2,221 32,168 38,786 420 11,008 44,158 442,258 14,684 17,480 18,480 18	1,449 387,300 38,200 457 20,670 1,449 387,300 38,200 457 20,670 1,449 24,652 1,232 246,891 25,609 743 14,147 1,232 246,891 51,846 446 24,055 14,315 1,4	8 2 2 8 8		445	20,670 14,147 24,035 14,315	8,105	427,918 512,112 522,323	14,074	4,967	359,304 295,628 459,112 301,207 659,972
1,449 387,300 38,200 457 20,670 6,871 421,975 14,174 4,100	1,449 387,350 38,250 457 20,670 1,422 248,891 25,609 743 14,147 1,222 248,891 25,609 743 14,147 1,4315 36,239 51,848 445 24,055 1,4315 36,239 31,848 445 24,055 1,4315 36,239 397 21,129 31,231 32,168 38,786 425 24,607 32,168 38,786 425 31,009 1,538 1,538 32,977 48,358 444 9,580 1,538			457 743 7445 510 397	28,670 24,055 14,315	8,105	512,112 522,323	19,026	4,479 8,083	295,628 493,112 391,207 669,972
1,232 246,381 25,620 743 14,147 8,105 512,122 18,025 4,473 1,032 562,839 51,846 446 24,035 11,277 51,170 6,485 1,032 562,839 51,846 446 24,035 11,277 6,485 77,489	1,232 248,531 25,609 743 14,147 1,052 562,933 51,848 446 24,055 1,052 390,615 36,528 510 14,315 903 597,211 55,539 397 21,129 903 597,211 55,539 397 21,129 2,211 32,163 34,721 425 24,607 1,542 30,324 37,962 385 4,49 1,542 30,324 37,962 385 4,590 1,538 32,977 49,355 444 9,580 1,535 74,885 149,530 652 9,055 1,535 74,885 149,350 759 16,622 1,535 74,885 149,367 739 14,854 2,212 174,883 35,967 1333 20,489 2,272 174,883 35,077 1,333 20,489 2,273 145,593 35,077 1,333 20,489 2,273 145,593 35,077 1,333 20,489 2,273 145,593 35,077 1,333 19,271 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 15,004 2,273 145,593 35,077 1,333 19,271 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 15,004 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 15,004 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 15,004 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 15,004 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 15,004 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 15,004 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 16,005 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 16,005 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 16,005 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 16,005 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 16,005 2,305 196,288 46,638 65,868 16,005 2,305 196,288 46,638 16,005 2,305 196,288 46,638 16,005 3,305 16,538 16,005 3,305 16,005 16,005 3,305 16,005 16,005 3,305 16,005 16,005 3,305 16,005 16,005 3,305 16,005 16,005 3,305 16,005 16,005 3,305 16,005 16,005 3,305 16,005 16,005 3,305 16,005 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,305 16,005 3,	2 4 6 6 6		743 445 510	14,147 24,055 14,315	8,105	512,112	19,026	8,083	391,207
1,022 562,369 51,846 445 24,055 11,217 622,322 17,170 8,082 902 399,615 38,236 397 21,123 6,863 344,417 16,485 4,522 903 557,211 25,539 397 21,123 6,867 381,839 17,480 8,077 1,542 30,204 37,562 386 44,188 442,862 14,694 3,326 1,542 30,204 37,562 386 44,188 442,862 14,694 3,329 1,543 32,577 49,356 49,530 5,204 16,004 17,887 17,416 3,307 1,543 32,577 49,356 44,652 46,694 17,86,778 17,816 3,307 1,545 32,577 49,356 44,652 46,604 17,86,778 17,816 3,307 1,545 32,877 49,356 7,542 46,578 16,004 17,816 3,307 1,545 33,862 65,868 7,59 24,752 56,004 17,76,718 3,307 1,546 193,974 40,044 658 14,854 16,004 17,76,718 3,307 2,405 2,18,208 45,206 652 13,206 62,718 13,907 11,76,718 3,307 2,405 2,18,208 46,208 65,004 14,854 13,907 11,76,718 3,307 2,405 2,18,208 46,208 65,004 12,518 3,307 145,308 46,526 46,527 14,604 12,518 4,516 12,504 12,518 13,517 14,518 13,517 14,518 1	1,052 562,839 51,846 446 24,055 893 389,515 36,528 510 14,315 903 578,511 55,539 397 21,129 880 578,534 84,221 425 24,607 1,542 30,924 37,862 420 11,008 1,542 30,924 37,862 429 11,008 1,543 30,924 37,862 429 11,008 1,544 45,346 49,530 652 9,05 1,545 37,866 149,530 652 9,05 1,545 37,866 149,530 65,848 16,003 1,535 74,885 149,385 444 9,580 1,535 74,885 149,385 16,003 1,535 74,885 149,386 775 24,773 2,271 1193,974 44,044 658 14,854 2,272 174,883 36,477 897 15,004 2,205	0 0 0	<u> </u>	510 397	24,055	110011	522,323		8,083	391,207
902 589,515 36,528 510 14,315 6,669 344,477 16,485 4,532 4,532 903 587,211 55,539 397 21,129 6,647 381,839 17,400 6,078 903 587,211 55,539 397 21,129 6,647 381,839 17,400 6,078 1,542 30,224 45,530 42,567 7,498 42,652 14,694 3,309 1,542 30,224 45,530 46,530 44,630 7,410 374,13 3,079 1,548 46,530 46,530 44,630 34,530 42,530 44,630 17,410 3,000 1,535 74,885 143,886 143,880 74,10 374,10 3,413 3,000 1,535 74,885 143,880 143,880 7,410 3,500 17,410 3,500 1,535 74,885 143,880 14,680 3,500 17,410 34,410 3,500 1,535 114,883	832 389,615 36,528 510 14,315 903 559,615 36,528 397 21,128 903 578,634 63,221 425 24,607 800 578,634 63,721 425 24,607 1,542 30,324 37,562 385 4,958 1,548 45,946 49,550 652 9,058 1,548 32,977 49,355 444 9,580 1,535 74,885 149,355 16,682 9,058 1,535 74,885 149,356 14,854 15,773 1,535 1,535 14,854 15,773 15,773 2,272 174,863 37,961 739 14,854 2,272 14,859 36,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,539 36,477 897 15,004 2,205 196,286 46,858 853 16,204 2,205 146,539 36,477 897 16,204	666		510	14,315	11,2,11		17,170		201,207
900 557.211 55.539 397 21,129 6,647 381,639 17,480 6,078 800 578,504 63,721 425 24,607 7,489 422,361 18,023 6,287 1,542 30,924 37,562 365 439 7,107 374,178 13,413 3,777 1,542 30,924 37,562 365 429 7,107 374,178 13,413 3,777 1,542 30,924 37,562 365 7,309 26,568 15,271 3,777 1,542 34,540 44,550 65,260 7,309 26,688 15,271 3,777 1,535 74,884 146,623 24,670 5,820 22,453 16,804 3,300 1,535 69,365 149,23 24,730 24,730 17,460 17,46 3,300 1,535 7,486 14,684 16,622 6,904 17,460 17,46 3,300 1,535 14,684 13,300 11,7	903 557,211 55,539 397 21,128 800 578,534 83,521 425 24,607 2 2711 32,168 36,786 420 11,009 1,542 30,524 37,562 385 4,988 1,548 45,946 49,530 652 9,035 1,535 32,977 49,365 444 9,580 1,535 69,385 149,823 259 16,622 1,535 69,385 149,823 259 16,622 1,535 11,535 69,385 149,823 259 16,622 2 2,035 11,93,974 40,044 658 14,854 2 2,035 1193,974 40,044 658 14,854 2 2,035 1193,974 40,044 658 14,854 2 2,035 1195,918 85,088 853 119,071	נט נט נט		397	21.128	5,658	344,417	16,485	4,532	272 659
980 578,504 63,221 425 24,607 7,488 42,581 63,221 42,882 62,381 (8,023) 62,281 62,282 62,282 62,481 62,282 62,481 62,282 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482 62,482	890 578,804 83,221 425 24,607 2,211 32,168 38,786 420 11,009 1,542 30,324 37,562 306 4,958 1,542 30,324 37,562 306 4,958 1,546 45,946 49,365 444 9,580 1,535 74,865 159,840 345 18,009 1,535 74,865 159,840 345 18,009 1,535 74,865 159,840 345 18,009 1,535 74,865 159,840 345 18,009 2,506 336,823 66,866 759 24,753 2,516 195,974 40,044 658 14,854 2,277 174,863 35,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,593 36,477 897 18,004 2,273 1,85,398 46,868 65,304 16,009 2,273 1,45,393 36,477 897 18,004					6,847	381,639	17,480	8.078	A72 574
2211 32,168 36,786 420 11,003 14,168 442,662 14,694 3,348 15,521 3,079 15,546 46,546 14,546 5,826 7,101 378,178 13,413 3,079 15,546 46,546 14,546 5,826 7,101 378,178 13,413 3,079 15,546 15,521 15,546 15,546 14,684 15,547 15,546 15,547 15,546 15,547 15,548 15,547 15,546 15,547 15,546 15,547 15,546 15,547 15,547 15,546 15,547 15,547 15,547 15,547 15,547 15,547 15,547 15,547 15,547 14,548 15,547 15,54	2211 32,168 38,786 420 11,009 1,542 30,924 37,562 386 852 9,035 1,548 45,946 49,365 444 9,580 1,535 74,865 159,840 345 18,008 1,535 74,865 159,840 345 18,008 2,816 193,974 40,044 658 14,854 2,272 174,883 37,961 738 15,778 2,272 174,883 35,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,593 35,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,593 35,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,593 35,477 897 15,004			405	24.607	7.498	432,361	(8,053	6,287	
2211 32,168 36,766 420 11,003 14,168 442,682 14,694 3,308 1,542 30,224 31,562 365 8,968 7,101 376,178 13,413 3,079 1,542 32,346 46,365 652 9,035 7,101 376,178 13,413 3,079 1,535 32,346 46,365 444 9,580 7,101 376,178 13,413 3,079 1,535 7,348 15,368 15,680 3,580 17,416 3,300 17,416 3,300 1,535 69,385 146,823 25,94 16,662 6,934 17,416 3,500 1,535 1,535 16,622 6,934 11,766,478 51,553 8,883 1 2,261 1,335 7,361 73 24,753 95,049 11,766,478 51,553 8,883 1 2,273 145,893 36,477 897 14,654 16,663,351 13,448 13,448 13,448	2,211 32,168 38,786 420 11,009 1,542 30,224 37,562 365 8,958 1,546 45,946 49,550 652 9,035 1,536 32,377 49,550 652 9,035 1,535 74,895 159,840 345 16,009 1,535 74,895 159,840 345 16,009 1,535 30,652 66,868 759 16,009 2,816 193,974 40,044 658 14,854 2,277 174,883 37,961 738 15,778 2,277 145,893 36,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,593 36,477 897 15,004 2,273 1,85,398 46,838 853 18,204									
2,211 32,168 38,786 4,20 1,000 7,101 378,178 13,413 3,079 1,542 30,924 37,562 385 8,986 7,101 378,178 15,413 3,413 3,079 1,548 4,5946 49,520 652 9,005 7,389 286,868 15,291 3,309 1,535 74,885 159,840 345 16,622 6,934 15,897 5,522 17,897 5,522 1,535 74,885 159,840 345 16,622 6,934 15,897 5,522 17,897 5,522 1,535 74,885 7,535 16,622 6,934 11,786,478 51,553 8,858 1 3,006 336,623 65,868 775 24,775 66,734 11,786,478 51,553 8,858 1 2,405 2,207 1,335 27,13 13,541 11,786,478 31,673 31,673 2,205 146,599 36,477 897 13,000	2271 32,188 38,785 420 11,005 1,548 45,946 49,530 652 9,035 1,536 32,977 49,365 444 9,580 1,535 74,885 159,840 345 18,008 1,535 74,885 159,840 345 18,008 2,515 1735 68,385 149,823 259 16,622 2,516 193,974 40,044 658 14,864 2,277 174,863 37,361 738 15,778 2,277 174,863 36,477 897 15,004 2,277 145,599 36,477 897 15,004 2,277 145,599 36,477 893 18,277			1	00000	44.460	CARD GAS	14 694	3.358	168.371
1,542 30,384 37,582 385 0,596 7,100 37,486 15,291 3,297 1,648 45,946 49,530 652 9,055 7,389 286,868 15,291 3,377 1,535 32,977 49,355 444 9,580 5,825 17,887 5,522 1,535 74,885 159,840 345 16,604 17,416 3,300 1,535 68,365 16,823 16,527 6,944 17,416 3,300 2,265 1,535 68,366 775 16,622 6,944 17,416 3,300 2,272 174,863 775 14,864 48,657 10,659,351 36,247 4,865 1 2,272 174,863 37,861 73 15,004 6,241 36,471 897 15,004 6,241 31,366 4,865 1 2,277 146,593 36,477 897 15,004 62,365 84,5176 41,366 6,271 1	1,542 30,324 37,562 345 4,550 1,646 45,946 49,550 652 9,035 1,536 32,977 49,365 444 9,580 1,535 74,885 159,840 345 18,008 1,535 66,868 759 76,753 2,772 174,863 37,361 738 15,770 2,277 174,863 35,477 897 15,004 2,277 145,599 36,477 897 15,004 2,277 145,599 36,477 897 15,004			3	200	200	27.00	43.413	3.070	167.805
1,646 46,540 49,550 6522 9,005 7,205 226,505 15,21 3,396 1,536 32,977 49,355 444 9,580 5,820 223,553 16,804 5,522 1,535 74,885 159,840 345 16,003 9,205 11,786,778 17,887 5,522 1,535 68,385 149,823 25,049 11,786,778 17,416 3,500 2,2818 195,974 40,044 658 14,884 48,657 10,659,351 38,220 4,885 1 2,2772 114,863 37,861 738 15,778 68,773 13,941,209 43,644 8,185 4,685 1 2,2772 146,593 36,477 897 15,004 62,365 8,465 6,924 1 1,366 3,466 1 1,504 1,366 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td>1,646 45,946 49,530 652 9,005 1,536 32,977 49,365 444 9,580 1,535 74,885 159,840 345 16,652 1,535 69,385 (49,823 259 16,622 2,816 193,974 40,044 658 14,864 2,277 174,883 37,361 738 15,778 2,277 174,883 35,477 897 15,004 2,277 145,599 36,477 897 15,004 2,277 145,599 36,477 897 15,004</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>200</td> <td>OC.</td> <td>101.5</td> <td>200 200</td> <td>16.204</td> <td>1111</td> <td>245 049</td>	1,646 45,946 49,530 652 9,005 1,536 32,977 49,365 444 9,580 1,535 74,885 159,840 345 16,652 1,535 69,385 (49,823 259 16,622 2,816 193,974 40,044 658 14,864 2,277 174,883 37,361 738 15,778 2,277 174,883 35,477 897 15,004 2,277 145,599 36,477 897 15,004 2,277 145,599 36,477 897 15,004			200	OC.	101.5	200 200	16.204	1111	245 049
1,536 32,977 49,365 444 9,580 3,680 2,643 10,000 3,522 10,000 3,522 10,000 3,522 10,000 3,522 10,000 3,522 10,000 3,522 10,000 3,522	1,536 32,977 49,365 444 9,580 1,535 74,885 159,840 345 18,008 1,535 69,385 (49,823 259 16,622 2,516 193,974 40,044 658 14,864 2,277 174,863 37,361 738 15,778 2,273 145,599 36,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,599 36,477 893 18,204			253	30.6	200	000,062	10000	200 F	405 308
1,535 74,885 159,040 345 18,008 9,205 17,604 17,604 17,604 3,500 1,535 69,386 736 759 16,622 6,934 15,706 77,416 3,500 2,506 33,662 736 759 14,856 48,657 10,654,13 31,532 4,886 1 2,277 174,863 37,861 738 15,778 68,772 9,945,13 31,583 5,396 1 2,277 174,863 37,861 738 15,778 68,773 3,941,728 43,644 6,167 1 2,277 145,893 36,477 15,004 62,365 8,945,136 31,336 4,693 1 2,273 145,893 36,477 897 15,004 62,365 8,945,136 31,336 4,693 1 2,303 196,298 46,308 15,211 10,694,135 31,336 4,693 1 2,303 196,298 46,308 15,211 <td< td=""><td>1,535 74,885 159,440 345 18,008 1,535 69,385 (49,823 259 16,622 3,085 336,623 66,868 759 24,753 2,277 174,863 37,361 738 15,778 2,277 174,863 35,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,599 36,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,599 36,477 897 15,004</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>085'S</td><td>3</td><td>25,232</td><td>1000</td><td>2000</td><td>400</td></td<>	1,535 74,885 159,440 345 18,008 1,535 69,385 (49,823 259 16,622 3,085 336,623 66,868 759 24,753 2,277 174,863 37,361 738 15,778 2,277 174,863 35,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,599 36,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,599 36,477 897 15,004				085'S	3	25,232	1000	2000	400
1,535 69,385 149,823 259 16,622 6,954 158,040 17,416 3,530 2,026 336,623 66,868 759 74,755 56,049 11,796,478 51,553 8,856 1	1,535 69,385 (49,823 259 16,622 3,085 336,623 66,868 759 24,753 2,277 174,863 37,861 738 15,778 2,277 174,863 52,077 1,333 20,439 2,273 145,599 36,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,599 46,828 863 19,921				18,009	8,215	314,608	14,004	2700	2/0/2017
3,006 33,6623 66,868 759 24,753 95,049 11,786,478 51,553 8,888 1 2,816 193,974 40,044 658 14,864 48,557 10,659,351 38,220 4,885 1 2,2772 174,863 37,861 738 15,778 68,773 9,694,113 31,583 5,396 2,2773 145,593 36,477 897 15,004 62,365 8,945,136 31,836 4,693 1 2,273 145,593 36,477 897 15,004 62,365 8,945,136 33,836 4,693 1 2,305 196,298 46,308 853 18,277 10,697,676 41,356 6,371 1 2,305 196,298 46,308 853 19,271 11,514 10,697,676 41,356 6,371 1 3,575 467,018 38,519 258 12,806 15,211 211,403 16,526 6,371 6,490 1 4578	2,816 193,974 40,044 658 14,864 15,778 24,753 2,277 174,863 37,861 7,38 15,778 2,277 145,599 36,477 897 15,004 2,277 196,288 46,878 863 19,924			259	16,622	6,934	156,040	17,416	3,500	170,74
3,006 33,665 759 74,753 95,049 11,786,478 51,555 4,886 1 2,816 195,974 40,044 658 14,864 48,557 10,659,351 38,220 4,886 1 2,277 174,863 37,361 738 15,778 68,720 9,694,113 31,583 5,386 1 2,277 145,599 36,477 68,772 15,941,289 43,484 8,187 1 2,277 145,599 36,477 15,004 62,355 8,945,136 41,356 6,921 1 2,305 196,238 467,018 38,477 897 15,004 62,355 8,945,136 33,636 4,693 1 2,305 196,238 46,004 65,007 15,004 62,355 8,945,136 33,636 4,693 1 2,305 196,238 46,007 10,007,676 41,356 6,921 1 45,75 467,018 38,451 24,504 41,356 6,921 </td <td>2,816 198,974 40,044 658 14,854 15,778 2,405 2,405 196,288 46,808 853 19,504 2,309 196,288 46,808 853 19,209</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>100</td> <td>004.004</td>	2,816 198,974 40,044 658 14,854 15,778 2,405 2,405 196,288 46,808 853 19,504 2,309 196,288 46,808 853 19,209								100	004.004
2,818 198,974 40,044 658 14,854 48,557 10,659,351 38,220 4,885 1 2,2772 174,863 37,361 733 20,469 92,713 13,941,209 43,494 8,187 1 2,2773 145,599 36,477 897 15,004 62,365 8,945,136 33,486 8,187 1 2,2773 145,599 36,477 897 15,004 62,365 8,945,136 43,494 8,187 1 2,305 196,238 46,706 62,365 19,457 41,356 6,927 1 45,75 10,687,676 41,356 6,927 1	2,272 174,863 37,861 738 15,778 2,405 2,405 14,593 36,477 897 15,004 2,273 145,593 36,477 897 15,004 2,303 196,288 46,878 853 19,924				24,733	95,049	11,780,478	32 IS	000	1,300,720
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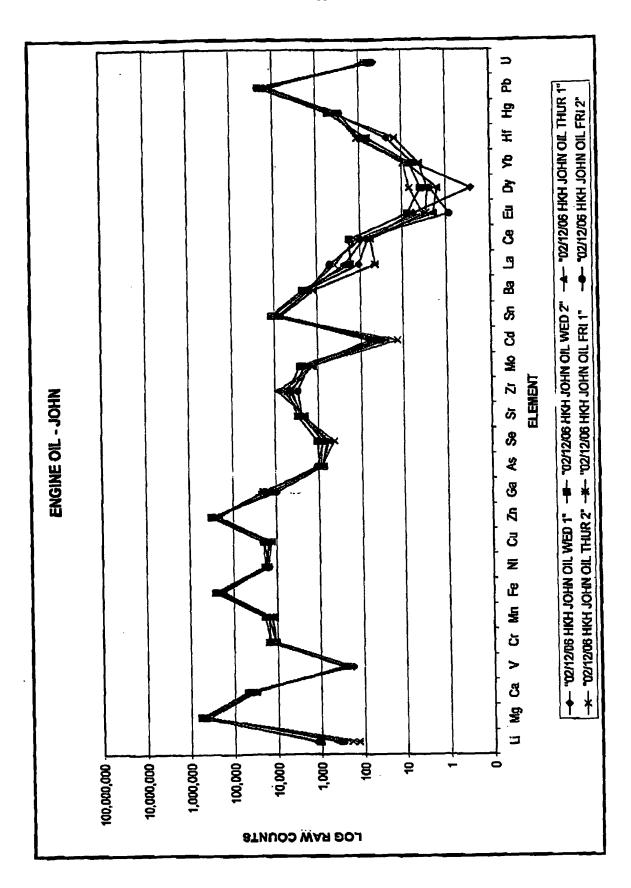
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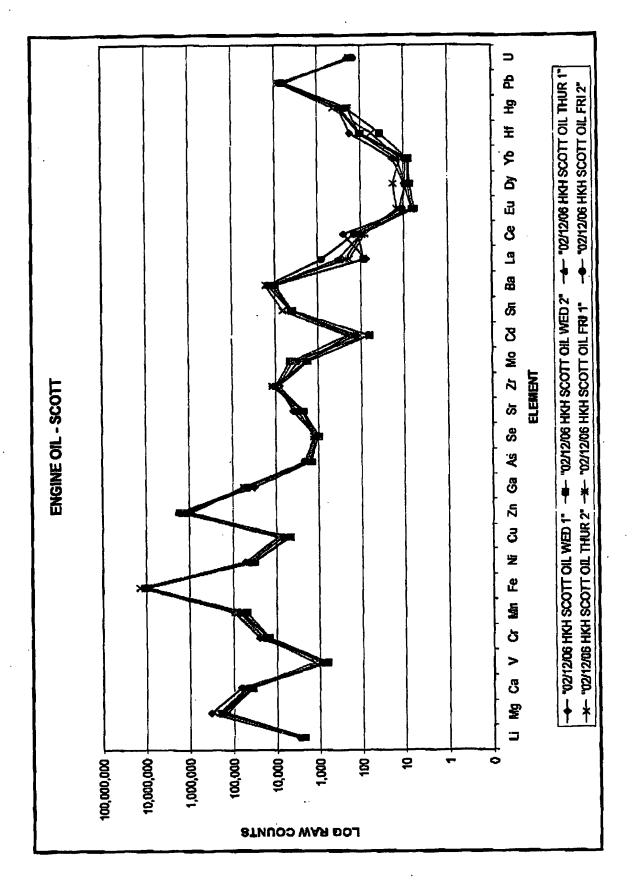
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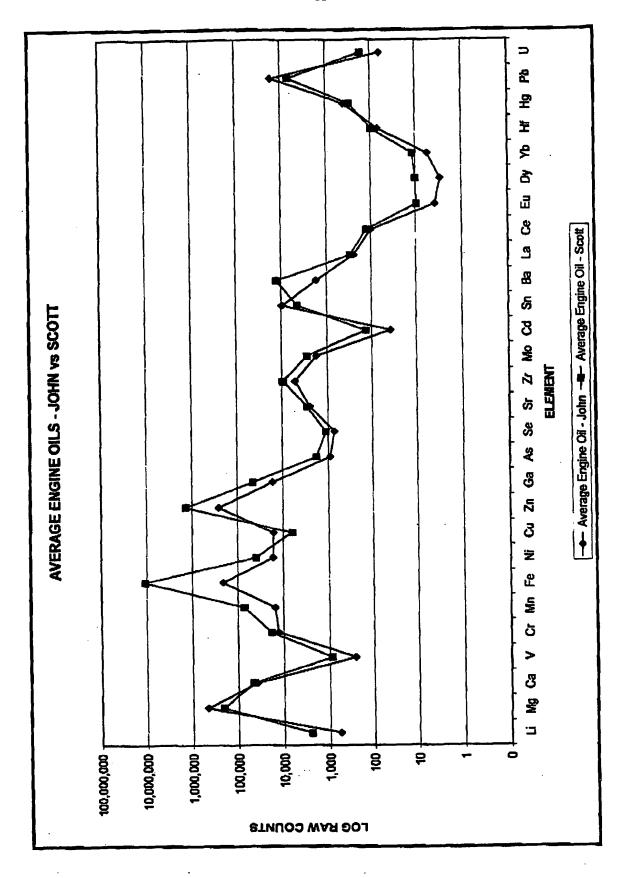
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Element - Daw Counts	8	ā	õ	ę	E	£	æ	
TEXT 206 HIGH SVEN OIL WED 2"		3	l	6	25	182	43,127	55
TYPH 200 HICH SVEN OIL THEIR 1"	182	9	t	4	86	433	68,576	11
"WAY ZAGE HICH SVEN OIL THUR Z"	23	R	7	12	522	369	65,027	128
"DZM2/06 HKH SVEN OIL FRI !"	511	Z	12	19	100	172	77,492	163
TO/1206 HIGH SVEN OIL, FRI Z"	88	8	12	15	172	191	29,027	157
John Engine Oil								
"02/12/06 HKH JOHN OIL WED 1"	88	S	0	c.	B	350	21.483	\$
"02/12/08 HKH JOHN OIL WED 2"	202	7	*	7	99	516	21,181	8
TOY 2006 HIGH JOHN OIL THUR 1"	22	2	2	7	· 100	371	11,686	78
TOZYZKIG HICH JOHN OIL THER 2"	124	3	7	6	112	372	13,121	72
TIZM 2006 HICH JOHN OIL FRI 1"	15	3	3	4	51	419	12,803	23
TOZN 2006 HKH JOHN CILL FRI 2"	97	-	2	0	88	284	15,100	8
Pyre Engine Of								
TOMORON OIL WED 1"	282	5	3	9		414	13,311	148
TO27208 HICH RYAN CIL WED 2"	952	6			51	<u>\$</u>	10,075	<u>\$</u>
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YOZH ZOG HECH RYAN OIL THUR Z	487	4	3	13	48	ē	10,011	Ž
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TIZYZXX HICH RYAN CII, FFU Z	218	4				82	11,499	퐟
Dave Engine Oil								
TOST 200 HKH DAVE OIL WED 1"	180	4					34,697	120
TOWNSON HICH DAVE OIL WED Z	111	2					41,454	137
TIZMZJOS HICH DAVE OIL THUR 1"	B	9					37,827	***
TIZITZOG HIGH DAVE OIL THUR Z	50	85					35,291	136
"02/1206 HIGH DAVE OIL FRY 1"	25	9	7	12	8	170	40,070	8
TIZM 2006 HACH DAVE OIL FRU 2"	3	8					43,876	88
Scott Engine Oil								
통	246	9	6	18			7,919	156
TOZH 2008 HICH SCOTT OIL WED 2"	115	9	8	80			6,563	158
TIZM 2008 HKH SCOTT OIL THUR I"	83		L	8	26	282	6,177	\$
TIZM 208 HIGH SCOTT OIL THUR 2"	8		4	12			7,912	165
TIZM 2008 HIGH SCOTT OIL FRE 1"	3		6	14			5,894	177
TOZI 206 HICH SCOTT OIL FRI Z	137						8,832	₹
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Average Engine OI - South	128	6	01			282	6,883	164









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1	5	Normalized Data	SIND	O4488	116	120Sn	121Sb	126Te	138Ba	13gla	140Ce	141Pr	146NH	153Eu	157Gd	159Tb	163Dy	185Ho
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Substitute Sub	\dagger		Ē	ğ	3	8	8	8	8	Ē	Ş	2 2 2 2 3	គ្គ	1312	411	2484	3	2551
842 326 147 600 435 71 1417 1701 6a 326.9 144.2 588.6 494.6 68.4 1410.2 186.4 6a 24 26 17 4.7 1.0 14.8 18.5 6a 0.9 0.7 1.3 0.3 0.9 1.4 1.1 1.1 1 0.09 0.7 1.3 0.3 0.0 0.03 0.03 1 0.00 0.02 0.01 0.04 0.03 0.03 4 100 1481 173 3001 2175 344 7142 8754 4 100 1591 172 3001 2163 344 7142 8754 4 100 1591 172 3001 2163 344 7142 8754 4 100 1591 170 222 359 7748 8697	+		938	3	9	8	8	28	100	<u>\$</u>	1645	2147	397	1326	42 1	2488	83	2519
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Second S	= 3	uza.	2946		7	288.6	2	Š	4102	1896.4	16582	2162.0	391.1	1312.3	413.7	2489.5	£4.1	2555.0
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4821 1589 721 3001 2175 344 7131 8768 4821 1589 721 3006 2185 344 7162 8754 8754 4810 1581 716 2884 2223 339 7198 8697 6755 6755 6755 6755 6755 6755 6755 6	<u>ي</u>	nunt Umit 3 sigma	8	0.02	99	<u>6</u>	900	ğ	0. B	0.03	0.02	6 0	700	ജ	0.03	900	100	8
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2000 17ME 040 P147 000 MME 1001	\vdash		4810	<u>33</u>	250	7887	222	8	28.	1598	250	96	2		Sec.	2000	3 8	
	H		4758	1580	ş	980	245	823	ě	98	152	11165	2 2	874	240	3 5	2 2	2
1577 710 2964 2182 332 7312 8884	_		4720	157	£	2982	2182	2	73.12	8884	6639	1,000	202	8	98	92.00	1 8	00000

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3		182	荔	128	278	105	427	2	282	883	ä	\$	83
		181	585	智	<i>S15</i>	205	83	2	£	23	ğ	\$	2
2		듈	33	22	88	葛	2	83	93	850	8	9	2
	Wean	1823	586.7	128.0	578.1	10.5	428.7	88	365.4	834.3	387.2	980	456 9
	Standard Deviation	2.8	121	20	5.2	22	3.7	88	51	115	9	24	88
	Coefficient of Variation	1.5	21	0.5	60	22	0.0	82	7	=	1.6	2	5
	Count Limit 3 signs	0.05	90.0	200	89	00	88	0,19	8	3	98	8	900
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	16-Feb-#3												
8		五	38	Z)	8	8	828	8	3	23	88	\$	150
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	Mesm	178.7	562.8	128.3	568.2	1123	4500	63.1	908	980	385.4	6803	452.0
اما	Standard Deviation	20	27	5,	7	3.7	50.5	7	82	6.6	3		5.5
KRSD	Coefficient of Variation	1.	6.0	27	0.7	3.5	112	3	17	=	2	9	12
	Count Umit 3 sigma	ag	0.01	600	0.02	Q.10	0.34	0.15	88	50.0	PQ.0	age	800
	Inport Indiana	1											
		3	27.22	ŝ	27.28	61	2	ğ	22 22 22	1188	98	2080	22
		2	222	3	27/2	619	S	ğ	1744	1178	1830	2082	2201
Ţ		92 82	88	£	72	\$	822	8	1688	£	1816	2112	2/45
Ţ		2	222	g	27.5B	8	2315	23	1666	1191	1821	2051	2184
		8 8	200	æ	27.14	674	2312	₹	1718	1183	1784	2089	2188
	688	583	27125	8112	2735.0	3	23429	821.8	1716.7	1183.3	1811.9	20827	2186.8
	Standard Deviation	2	15.8	37	16.9	SZ SZ	1B2	988	25.0	53	17.8	21.8	25.8
T	Coefficient of Variation	8	8	3	8	97	8	18.8	1.5	9.4	1.0	1.0	12
Ī	Count Linni S sigma	9.00	200	ğ	200	0.12	20.0	0.58	0.04	0.0	0.03	900	604
T													
	16+60-03												
1		8		E	2	28	Ř	g	É	2	E	2002	2183
		3		1	22	54	2287	ş	2	2	-829	2075	200
T		3	2/2	200	27.10	8	Zi.	ĝ	Ē	<u>1</u>	2	2080	2150
Ţ		ž į) R		27.17	8	8	**	E	2	<u>-</u>	808 808	258
		2		3	2535	8		ğ	23	176	<u> </u>	7,000	25 25 25 26 27 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28
T	Shadon Daintee	8	77.5	3	ZIZME	B77.7	2287.0	222	13	28	686	SES.	21680
T		8	2	22	929	2	82	99	18.7	2	33	ā	188
T	Coemicient of Variation	8	2	2	2	2	92	3	=	7	77	0.8	3
	Court Limit 3 sigma	0.02	200	9.03 20.03	ρō	9	Q.01	0.18	0.03	100	900	20.0	0.03
	5ppm 15/02/2003												
		28	16247	200	14854	258	1584	525	688	F. 50	8018	4000	9
		4338	14147	99	14833	888	1357	ğ	958	9888	750	5282	1321
		62/29	14009	3148	14440	2723	- 1388 - 1388	1608	89/15	OZJQ OZJQ	828	10905	1588
		4327	14671	2864	14726	9699	11433	1559	8769	2882	¥088	8770	128
		4379	14782	3125	15061	4051	11388	1573	8774	5896	8028	10689	10057

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Run Normelized Data	2	8	218	8	100 PM	5900	NOS	1038	500	62069	75.0	8		1388	AGO	200
Meen	750.4	188.1	2571.8	3138.7	4863.1	3536.7	868.8	914.3	800	3856.7	4630	888	4344.9	8777.4	7087	3080 B
Standard Deviation	88	25	18.6	15.3	28	98.8	83	101	49	2	17	80	\$	15	200	200
Coefficient of Variation	3	2	S	0.5	1.2	18	29	=	8	98	9	7	80		90	:
Count Limit 3 signs	20'0	500	gg	ag	NO O	88	gg g	8	80	200	988	80	88	88	8	5
16-Feb-03																
	757	8	3567	3086	8203	1	983	8	2	888	章	23	4375	2823	200	200
	754	181	3594	3181	888	1905	23	123	8	3868	8	8	2	9829	8/2/	2
	748	391	9998	3163	888	3523	83	ğ	2	3853	9	2	2075	6773	2	3450
	752	19	2883	3167	125	X8	3	g	E	9999	Ş	8	2003	300	2	95
	748	89	989	3160	490B	28	2	8	812	200	8	6	A Bar	gg	715	- L
The control of the co	731.4	1884	3578.8	3153.0	4961.9	9536.8	8612	948.4	2002	38283	193	ž,	4307	PREKO	2	3 5
Standard Deviation	43	28	203	ā	57.1	203	103	Ē		S S	2	1 2	9.00	300	3 2	
Coefficient of Variation	8.0	1.5	9	9	2	7	2	-	=	=	3 8	3 2	=	? :	7 5	3
Count Limit 3 sigma	0.02	890	0.02	89	88	200	ğ	90	8	80	g	200	89	g	18	1 20
10com 15/02/2003																
	1531	372	222	8183	10989	100	100	225	410	2	858	7	700	1000	200	DE AD
	1524	274	7177	9120	1000	27.8	2	1945	3	8222	4	8	S S	1787	19075	
	1502	376	7257	6100	1100	7984	550	\$	<u> </u>	28	913	172	200	17893	15740	£ 2
	1514	365	7467	282	10949	7082	1606	288	85	882	2	2	158	12898	15002	8500
	1649	ş	7202	5977	1871	7007	1592	1619	1382	125	8	\$	6238	12960	16737	9469
Mean	1524.1	370.4	7208.8	6070.3	11020.9	7130.3	1806.5	1841.3	1333.6	7,1527	808.3	110.2	8895.3	12871.1	15831.6	6657.7
Standard Deviation	17.9	3.3	37.0	82.0	63.6	220	tas	98	2	85.7	22	15	288	350	1355	3522
Coefficient of Variation	1.2	3	65	Y	0.5	1.0	۵.7	1.0	3	12	8.0	23	6.0	2	3	3
Count Link & signa	8	8	0.02	100	50	8	200	8	Ş	ğ	0.02	98	0.03	90	0.03	0.16
24 47 67	-															
STEPES		1										Ì				
	2 4	Es i		900	20	ğ	<u> </u>	₽ E	233	존	E	<u>\$</u>	2088	12780	15749	7000
	COE!	3	3	250	2/801	Z	28	2	200	200	8	2	848	12870	2005	2882
	200	3/5		90.0	100	200	280	Ē	ğ	<u>0</u> 2	8	ğ	25 25 25 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	12888	15561	2012
	X		200	613	10724	B	1813	ã	₽ E	18	8	Ŧ	8Z.S	12698	45587	6415
	82		ž	95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 95 9	10719	<u>8</u>		2	B	7343	88	5	128	12797	15844	6381
PEG.	1518.3	372.6	7225	8808	10880	7884.3	1587.8	1817.7	1315.8	7328.9	862.0	109.8	8788.5	12728.5	19825.7	BECT B
Senidad Devadon	225	34	424	2	1664	33	17.1	17.8	83	44.6	4.1	80	41.8	60.5	78.5	384.6
Coefficient of Variation	1.5	80	8	12	1.5	8	1.1	10	0.7	9.0	0.5	0.8	SS	S	2	25
Count Limit 3 sigma	0.04	0.03	gg G	80	0.05	0.03	200	සිය	20'0	0.02	0.01	970	9.	90	ē	0.16
SABU 4 45mmmn																
	5	=	2800	4188	Senta Senta	\$	ş	1	the state of	44700	720	十	5000	╅	_	4
	198	5	2800	4113	71/228	ž	8	2	38	R	3 2	2 2	140200	╈	+	1
	873	Š	2461	4125	9283	3	8	88	3007	1390	2	T	138478	╆	+-	10000
	865	₩	2413	4088	28123	74	88	E	997	11452	2	T	140051	+	+-	100.00
	198	85	2378	4176	61909	151	187	88	ğ	±586	ĕ	✝	456	╫	+-	10/1882
Meen	868.4	140.1	2:00:2	4224	8265B.9	412	188.5	6.00.3	3024.1	11590.8	788.1	T	140714.1	+-	1-	8.59CD
Standard Deviation	6.1	67	1723	35.6	667.2	88	2.6	11.6	210	157.5	89	1	1877B	╁╴	+-	0.15
Coefficient of Variation	0.7	6.5	6.8	8	=	6.1	*	13	Q.7	1.4	13	3.2	12	2.5	52	1,0
												I		ı		

	-		TENTO	3	100	3	9 G	Poor	7	200		7835	3	25	12910		
	Meen	4780.7	1575.6	710.6	2960.9	2183.7	337.4	7168.3	8757.7	B#78.0	11079.4	1960.3	6686.8	2086.7	12961.0	3238.5	13580.8
	Standard Deviation	42.1	14.8	7.7	32.0	280	07	98.1	79.2	1163	88.2	216	970	189	1280	18.4	20.0
	Coefficient of Variation	0.0	0.9	=	5	2	2.2	3	3	=	6.0	-	0.7	89	2	8	3
	Count Limit 3 sigma	0.00	0,00	900	8	900	900	200	8	50	8	ğ	800	5	8	3 8	3 2
												3		1	3	7	3
П	18-Feb-03																
		4812	色	288	200	282	83	7247	878	25.23	11049	1978	6865	2002	13154	3774	2
		4785	1587	7	2003	2196	×	7178	E ST	22	410BB	200	285	2	a.00.0	2 2	3
		2000年	- 188 - 188	Z	22.82	27.75	32		Ē	8	1	200	998	3 8	o razze	1000	2
6		4600	5	5/2	5	2.5	326	2404	3		1000	2	3	Bong	anne.		71021
9		36	3	748	ğ	378	3 8	5 00	8 8	200	000	3	8	220	BILL	8 /27	280
	Menn		2000		3	2117	3	*	100	3	SLLL	ASS	200	20087	85	8 28	13412
	Standard Onderline	2007	300	3	area a	R'ORLZ	9/8	2.3	2.0	652.	1088.5	1979.	6891.6	2088	13198.3	32726	13440.9
Ī	Control Constitution	200	3	3	Ŗ	R'A	3	8	97.7	8	2	8 8	88	212	3102	18.8	47.7
T	COEMICIENT OF VARIETION	3	3	9	7	ž	=	=	=	11	0.5	1.0	1.0	10	24	9.0	9.0
	Count Limit 3 अंद्रामक	000	200	900	5 00	O.C.	89.0	0.03	0,00	0.03	0.01	0.03	200	0.03	000	20.0	100
	tonom 15m22nm																
		8	847.0	43064	200		2	*******									
		0000	2 0	2 3	210	2	3	77151	800		3		3748	20	/08/2	727	28825
T		3	200	Charles		3	8		18154	916	77.78	4	13834	4350	28412	7315	28282
T			226	3	200	2	88	14633	2985 2885	<u>\$</u>	25060	482	13841	223	28269	7279	<i>1</i> 9182
T		E S	33 62	3	8	ę Ş	25	4884	18962	19117	24618	4542	7 606	85	28290	2827	82082
7		22 28	3885	2	9	4 23	28	14859	19085	19082	24817	4478	13720	£ 88	28387	712	28588
1	Nesson Nesson	8677.3	31802	1425.1	61037	4413.0	656.2	14B40.8	19169.1	19129.5	24822.4	4491.8	13813.2	4248.1	282381	7246.2	28684.3
1	Sendard Deviation	74.0	17.1	19.5	623	282	8.3	201.9	1.002	3	238.7	88	3027	698	245.8	77.4	2412
	Coefficient of Variation	88	2	*	1.0	97	1.0	1.4	12	3	5	2	97	1.6	9	=	80
1	Court Limit 3 sgma	ã	g	8	80	g	88	80	20	DQ.	0.04	200	900	90.0	80	0.03	80
Ť	200																
Ť	10-reports																
1		24	8	8	900	455	3	14839	19310	भिव	24505	4405	13666	4180	27802	699	28864
1		28	37.58	<u>\$</u>	838	25	ş	4719	16362	18955	24500	138 1	14405	4115	77.77	7121	28810
1			358	ğ	923	20	8	74908	1	19052	24972	4569	14592	4140	27548	7,08	28678
Ť			28	282	88	200	3	1972	19037	18867	24545	42	14845	4132	28014	7157	28426
, '		ğ	8	1415	200	£	3	¥756	16875	19681	36712	4475	14282	4193	28039	7143	28639
T		9807.3	238.2	200	8883	4379.6	647.9	94788.0	191532	18098.8	24896.4	4408.2	14318.3	41524	27889.8	7029.3	28543.6
T		200	3	87	9	308	22	88	188	2	187.7	42.	3829	32.6	207.4	230.1	96.3
Ť	COERTICAL OF VARIABON	3	3	9	2	12	2	98	8	2	80	2	77	0.8	1.1	3.3	0.3
	COLUMN S SIGNED	11.02	E E	0,02	89.0	0.03	5	0.02	90	200	200	900	90'0	2070	D,03	0.10	10.0
ľ	SARM 1502/2003																
П		30012	2	ম	1213	285	-	+-	+-	+-	80012	18782	200	CUSSE	87.0	Brier?	2077
		30163	£58	ನ	<u>3</u>	翻	-	╁~	+	┿	26560	18142	E	SA RS	E L	5 5	9
7		58866	B	z	1204	186	-	\vdash	-	_	25809	18241	83	23	3882	529	2003
7		5992	\$	B	= 88	2	-	Н	_	ш	28080	16372	27	2	2832	9165	2005
Ť		28855	\$	×	<u>동</u>	至			$\boldsymbol{\vdash}$	\perp	26403	\$6166	230	. ¥85.	3887	6134	5369
۲	Ween	28822.5	3	ŝ	1245.1	1887	6.9	79776.0	107134.4	1916982	28634.2	H-3038-3	228.9	3477.8	3691.6	6110.3	5440.B
7	Sentand Levanor		2	8	3	=	7	-+		_	20	380	2.1	27.8	47.8	53.3	57.8
4		'n	1.6	7	ď		-	-									

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Page	Normalized Data	166Er	169Tm	17ZP	175Lu	1784	181Ta	182W	1502 2003	20 8 Pb	209Bi	TEXT.	7387
	Meen	4354.9	14377.0	3061.9	14802.1	3730.6	11545.7	15B3.0	6834.3	5963.4	9294.1	10821.1	112223
	Standard Deviation	23.5	229.6	£9.8	238.1	188.6	149.8	21.8	620	51.7	49.5	105.4	1986
	Coefficient of Variation	0.5	2.3	2	1.8	5.1	13	=	7.0	99	3	10	=
	Count Limit 3 sigma	002	0.07	900	200	0.15	ğ	90	20'0	90	D.02	8	ğ
	16-Feb-03												
		4356	14151	2080	14748	2673	121	1800	9069	888	8551	10799	11474
		\$29	14252	88 98	15103	4179	11609	1629	SESS.	8239	9278	40879	11438
		\$	14630	3043	14909	3753	1991	\$	8877	<u>88</u>	353	10977	11210
		285	14754	3300	74868	3749	158	686	2508	88	8238	11043	113-18
Q		4357	74959	3529	8237	3756	1603	1818	7588	2885	25Z5	#087B	11260
	The an	4570.5	M549.3	3125.2	14671.3	3822.1	118174	1613.2	6903.1	5948.5	8343.6	109/3.5	H340 0
	Standard Deviation	38.2	340.3	104.5	173.8	2028	117.0	12.0	888	798	1201	8	113.4
	Coefficient of Variation	6.0	23	33	1.2	6.3	2	8	9	3	1.3	60	10
	Count Limit 3 stores	0.02	400	0.10	20.0	0.18	0,03	2000	0.03	80	800	90	85
	10.00m 15.02.2003												
		1229	\$0206	28,929	30387	8454	34217	8888	18134	18281	16532	22131	ZA78
		9448	20220	8828	30622	77.35	2528	\$160	18248	18755	teres	zzzz	23214
		#C98	29765	598 3	30154	7610	24203	3744	18313	13578	18888	8722	7364 7364
		8520	28272	229	30687	五	24214	2017	18120	13521	19067	22488	23640
		6Z)+6	88962	6791	30240	8270	34249	346	18154	13510	19050	22714	23773
	Wear	8549.8	29654.8	6777.2	30420.0	7872.B	24221.6	37622	18193.3	13568.9	18630.0	22428.0	23537.7
	Standard Deviation	123.2	37R.0	88.8	235.6	404.9	17.4	.642	828	138.1	242.1	244.0	202.0
	Coefficient of Variation	2	13	1.3	83	5.1	0.1	12	0.5	1.0	1.3	1.1	88
	Count Limil Saigma	ğ	8	ğ	200	0.15	90	ğ	0.0	0.03	3	600	0.03
	18-Feb.03												
		9403	29896	24.0	SUSSI	7	Monte	35.40	18284	CHILD	18840	225.67	Arox.
		9704	2886	623	30288	8389	22770	2000	18282	15 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	18774	22385	288
		838	80028	25	201S1	8823	23802	STOS	18083	13508	188	22046	23306
		9407	30084	2599	50041	8284	53869	3865	18285	13238	18571	8022	22.286
		9868	30071	67.39	30611	6373	23909	3673	18468	13585	18G81	22481	23234
	Mean	2223	30043.4	6883.5	30284.3	8231.8	23894.5	3666.5	16263.8	13495.0	18687.4	22334.8	22088.0
	Standard Deviation	1488	48.4	67.7	1880	2814	108.1	11.2	132.8	193.0	118.7	97902	247.0
	Coefficient of Variation	1.8	62	2	8	3.4	0,4	ď	0.7	1,4	g.	6.0	1.1
	Count Limit 3 dgma	a.05	000	8,0	200	0.10	100	0.00	0,02	100	0.02	900	0,03
	SARM1 1503/2003												
		2002	9892	\$53	2815	5853	280	g	747	22058	8	58246	7244
		6028	7884	\$23	8582	1282	22	58	748	2023	8	28897	21419
		5925	7827	422	2844	823	7286	554	757	21512	Ħ	7.28S	21307
		2865	7824	424	2869	8229	7163	563	171	zzz	152	50784	21844
		9169	2814	B85	2830	5118	7267	285	ž	21238	922	59188	21438
1	Mean	5874.1	28507	4420.9	2844.6	5363.7	727.3	9778	756.2	21624.7	770.7	59807.4	21450.0
	Standard Deviation	513	ä	3	21.4	208.5	48.1	6.0	989	431.6	21.8	388.3	234.4
	Coefficient of Variation	80	=	8	98	2	2	=	2	22	2	90	=

5	Normalized Oats	J.C	9	ALS	520	Selfin	S	BON	28 28	662	8983	7545	8228	85Rb	88 8	198	7208
	Count Limit 3 sigma	200	ğ	83	000	870	0.18	90'0	O.D.	9	10 0	\$0°0	g	M 0	900	80	80
	18-Feb-03																
		25	2	2233	4131	62362	<u>8</u>	187	ğ	3072	11652	778	14	139202	5383	83272	102872
		£	Ξ	233	4113	82005	亁	\$	88	3010	12153	753	7	138167	QZ)+S	C3852	101857
		22	ğ	282	Ê	22123	豆	ğ	3	300	11659	782	15	142107	5444	20898	103817
.		E	\$	2238	4138	922	187	3	888	3045	11855	877	\$1	141184	3575	10996	104928
8		8	₹	2235	4307	62280	167	182	690	30 63	11623	788	\$	138891	5452	82223	102587
	Mean	67.0	141.2	23420	4171.9	62463.9	1622	184.1	690.0	3042.7	11788.5	1111	4.8	1401102	5428.9	83867.5	1022126
Ī	Standard Deviation	1.8	1.8	2	78.2	436.1	5.1	1.7	B.4	21.9	2228	81	70	1564.4	23.3	1355.9	1189.2
	Coefficient of Variation	8	2	0.3	1.9	0.7	3.1	0.9	60	7.0	1,8	12	25	=	3	1.4	1.2
	Count Linit 3 sigma	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.08	700	0.09	0.03	0.03	20.0	90.0	0.03	200	0,03	60	100	gg
	SARM 3 15/02/2003																
		822	2	2,288	85	3973R2	8	8	ğ	21148	23316	ឆ្ក	8	81810	2806768	16976	3873483
		223	3	27590	3512	2518964	2	8	38	20959	22818	325	9	83744	Z768670	8968	3854318
		E S	\$	28082	25.52	2588870	윭	Ř	1003	21453	23207	325	8	82043	280082	16810	3909831
		3	\$	28088	200	2620828	815	286	1006	83602	23828	318	9	12151	2806082	16982	3933645
		2761	43	2002	3567	2818720	8	Ŕ	1001	21430	23407	315	9	_	2820968	17404	3957580
	Wean	27496	466.1	27927.5	3527.9	2817845.0	808.S	283.0	834.8	8116112	23314.8	3224	0.0		2801208.2	17024.2	3905757.9
	Standard Deviation	82	5.1	209.6	25.3	18631.2	10.8	24	13.0	240.3	364.7	6.3	0.2	_	19783.6	223.7	42335.1
	Coefficient of Variation	80	Ξ	20	23	ď	1.3	90	1.3	1.1	1.6	20	28	3	8	2	=
T	Count Limit 3 sigma	8	8	Ş	200	g	정	200	100	900	0.05	0.08	0.09	0.03	0 ,02	0.04	800
T	18-Feb.03																
Γ		2002	889	83.58	3529	2831163	£	8	ğ	7428B	2000	ž		5	Serrande	232161	20001
		2768	472	27960	2863	2834834	8	×	8	25.58	23118	95		827.67	284868	Į.	9024467
		77.87	5	28638	3483	2638258	8	280	200	25.68	225.77	199		+	2780808	16067	SPOTERIA
0		28.27	4U	28801	388	2859582	223	252	8	258	23.00	ş		8772	2770610	200	SWEETEN
2		2758	213	28733	34689	2625253	417	200	를	21508	22869	æ	9	1	2827573		1000000
1	Mean	ZVB1.3	473.5	28445.0	3525.2	2837811.1	817.0	291.7	898.2	214527	23424.4	307.4	6.2		2812696.0	17180.9	3910478.B
1	Standard Deviation	8/12	38	3698	509	13078.5	9.7	2.1	10.5	113.7	290.2	25	0.3	86.1	30316.1	148.0	18247.6
	Coefficient of Variation	=	8	2	77	0.5	12	1.1	1,0	0.5	1.2	1.1	4.6		=		3
	Count Link 5 sigma		200	0.04	80	0.01	8	98	100	0.02	900	900	0.14	Ð	0.03	0.03	aga
	SARMAG 1STOZZOCO																
П		988	7	+	14461	4069009	21859	9128	4423	325432	1523	35365	52	2443	22034	8038	20042
		58	4	61478	1445(7	4044171	21881	9636	43470	323332	8999	858	2	88	21484	882	2548
1		E	8	╛	142017	4041842	21690	2668	42585	315842	2005	34897	\$	2908	21670	9836	20202
7		8	\$	_	139245	4065684	21747	8883		32228	4866	35142	2	888	21305	858	19890
ľ		ğ	2	-	4507	4077948	21425	02.58	_	25767	205	35401	12	Léga.	21648	Š	19675
7	New York	6/28	2	_	142287.5	4067690.8	21002	88754	_	322520.B	5048.0	35197.4	124	9035,8	21627.3	91821	20271.4
1	Standard Deviation	88	67	312.0	2268.2	22805.3	124.8	500.0	8.99.8	4010.4	140.7	206.9	07	147.3	269.0	630.2	440
Ť	Coefficient of Variation	2	Ş	g _S	٩	3	8	53	93	12	2.6	9'0	1.0	1.0	12	68	22
1	Count Limit 3 signia	9	D 12	gg	50:0	200	g	938	800	8	80.0	9.02	900	0.005	20	7	200
<u> </u>	18 EALM		1					1	1	7			1				
1	manual		1	1	1	1	1	1	7	1	1						_

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60 ~ 83 Gs	Court of brill of chinas						,		952	3				15/60		2	ĺ
		00	0.05	200	0.75	200	20	e u	200	2	٤	900	8	2		2	
								3	3	3	3	3	3	Z	5	B	800
	16-Feb-03																
		28343	2	R	27.0	195	-	80430	4007747	-	ACCOUNT	45000	į	3			
		207.63	1	3 3	į	3 8		2	101747	190900			ş	3	2632	6128	3
		3 5	2	\$ 2	3	8	-	28	104333	9776	7077	15807	R	3512	3687	88	25
	1	3	3	8	1212	2	-	3	105505	2887 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	28083	16176	8	355	268	6135	2387
•		ZBANO	3	8	200	3	-	79833	105623	4947	28202	16258	ğ	34 BB	2398	6135	225
اد		30/62	¥	8	Ē	\$	-	78604	108357	182758	26962	16198	122	38	8636	9132	5445
	Mean	28859.2	6139	23.9	1217.9	185.0	0.9	78947.9	105913.4	190400.0	28432.9	18107.7	277.2	35012	3888.4	61134	54238
	Standard Deviation	335.3	ž	970	34.4	gg S	8	10520	1255.6	2529.5	384.8	1480	26	8.9	Ş	440	g
	Coefficient of Variation	1.1	8	22	87	25	98	2	12	1.5	15	60	1	93	3 2	27	8 2
	Count Limit 3 stoma	000	200	200	8	٤	090	200	2	1					3	3	3
			2010	4.0	010	500	800	4	100	400	100	23.	800	201	900	0.00	0.02
	SARMS 15022003																
		SERTING	auc.	878	38	1	۶	٠.	-	2000							
		27453	a K	3	3 6	2 8	2 6	_		2	Ž.	223	2	28	2	ğ	83
		OCT STOR	200	3 8		7	2	_	_	25/20	B		8	25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 2	23	8	g
T		8/5/05		8	200	R	2	_	_	23012B	2882	20	2	52	82	907	88
T		300187	212 212	3 8		R	٥	27,173	202131	255699	E	<u>=</u>	714	26	ž	917	128
T		300000	210	8	2210	8	6		_	229433	25624	10887	78	1374	200	83	2
T	CESTO .	3800093	Z13.7	87.2	2889	9/2	3	2772960.8	_	257397.4	25227.3	10488.1	714.2	1357.7	726.8	913.9	2003
T	Standard Deviation	15463.1	88	12.0	44	0,7	S		_	1481.7	284.0	674.8	32	16.4	7.5	2	37
T	Coefficient of Variation	7	1,7	5	2	52	3.6		_	0.6	1.1	6.4	0.4	Ξ	0.	80	3
	Court Unit 3 signs	g.2	998	900	900	900	0.1	9.00	603	0.02	0.03	0.10	200	80	8	800	ğ
T	48 Each All																
T		Promone	3	949	93.45	8	T		-								
		0.77.000		3	8 2	8 8	T	-	-	234032	247.00	10V8B	80	25	<u>2</u>	83	됿
T		99594		3 3	8 8	9	T	_	_	2000	200	10016	38	5 28	2	88	8
T		20000	5 8	3	8	2	T	-	_	25.58.52 25.58.52	2000	200	£	5 5 5 5	85	8	840
١		3000	8	3	86.7	193	1	_	_	2020	Z Z	1822	7.	137	744	106	120
T	Illeria	1	Ž	2	2157	12	7	21684	26282	28.465	25316	10879	£	1361	740	887	838
T	WEED!	B. ROS/BC	722	3	2152.5	7/2	┪	-	_	2561212	28083	10868.8	18	1378.8	741.8	928.8	832.5
T		· i	3	3	3	3	0.2	200	1074.6	3075.4	E	Ē	3	127	£3	8.2	5.6
1	Court I (mark of particular)		3	2	3	<u>.</u>	=	Ξ	2	12	2	6	8	90	60	8.0	0.7
			0.0	100	50	0.05	908	0.03	0.02	900	g	0,02	0.03	0.00	0.09	0.03	200
Ĩ	SARM 46 1502/2019																
П		\$517	117	3477	1841	250189	6	117294	15682	54,588	9229	2081	458	808	584	Ě	37.5
		3318	11	82	1780	247822	-	116358	11838	54903	488	2000	9	8	ĉ	2 2	
		3245	1	3431	1805	250066	s	= -282=	139.0	287782	25	200	9	8	8	E	8
7		88	ā	2366	1111	267112	2	118786	13775	54613	9 5	2888	8	28	575	2	6
1		3006	ž	828	2342	249327	9	114901	13865	\$5.58 \$7.58	B	2885	\$	673	35	E	283
7	Meen	3256.5	돌	34223	1908.2	248911.1	2.8	116148.4	14158.9	54788.9	#159.B	2913.2	448.1	675.0	577.9	1	578.7
	Sendard Deviation	188.7	~	28	700	1379.5	5	6778	855.1	225.8	828	47.3	22	5.6	3	53	4.3
1	Coefficient of Variation	57	=	=	12.7	9.0	4.9	60	6.0	0.4	23	1.8	22	8	80	2	79
1	Count Limit S. skima	8	3	8	83	200	0.15	88	0.18	10.0	ş	0.06 0.06	900	4.02	0.02	0.02	0.02
Ť	48. Solv.ne					İ											
1						1	1		1	1	1	1		1		7	

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Ę	Normalined Data	166Er	189Tm	1727B	175Z1	135	terra	#Z#	TISOZ	208Pb	208B:	ZZ	2280
_	Count Limit 3 sigma	0.03	90'0	0.01	70'0	0.12	20,0	900	펄	88	870	0.02	900
	18-Feb-03												
6		8889	2829	4412	2880	5231	7228	029	192	21730	342	28818	21480
		2885	2835	4449	Z791	2222	7447	282	749	21549	253	37686	21180
æ		2962	2805	4364	2829	2207	7175	364	757	21348	ន្ត	200	23/22
ÇD.		5003	5788	4334	2808	STTB	255	295	741	21804	95	8358	21247
5		6059	2992	4344	2829	5149	ğ	582	75.	08222	ES.	29687	27.72
	Mean	5987.2	2824.1	4380.4	2827.3	5197.2	7278.0	568.2	750.6	27743.9	318.2	58574.5	214116
	Standard Deviation	50.0	8.72	48.3	33.6	33.7	67.7	30	6.1	32.0	87.8	687.5	2006
	Operational of Variation	0.8	1.0	Ξ	1.2	98	3	3	6.8	1.6	21.4	12	1.0
	Count Limit Salgman	8	60.0	970	90.0	9	200	200	80	990	986	8	8
	SARMS 15022003			·								İ	
-		£883	687	23	888	86200	18377	<u>8</u>	193	/BESZ	7.	68745	18839
7		296	486	857	3	94146	18289	1875	Ŕ	19297	718	67780	18672
9		1013	105	828	쥻	86120	18787	1961	Ø	25590	Ę	BESS7	1987
ų		9001	987	83	909	8834	1277	1979	য়	25.296	8	10089	187708
S.		1010	504	3	597	95858	19583	187	82	25850	25	19889	1987
	Mean	1.1001	486.8	833.3	589.5	088330	18552.1	1913.2	2560	25677.3	788.3	68706.8	19743.7
	Standard Deviation	11.2	2D	R.7	62	84.5	1380.1	66.2	30	3812	7.5	7002	137.5
	Coefficient of Variation	1.1	1.0	a.	0.0	63	7.3	4,5	1.2	5.1	1.	2	D.
	Count Limit 8 signa	0.03	800	800	800	0.03	0,22	0.13	100	200	90	80	0.00
	16-Feb-03												
		1015	25	8	\$	96238	18183	1656	282	25683	712	BB641	19713
		100	\$	8	505	96408	17404	1658	253	25717	778	09060	19688
اور		ğ	8	728	808	96158	17819	1961	258	26133	835	60009	18980
		195	ã	2	268	94511	17680	1948	251	26304	6	660002	18907
9		<u>\$</u>	ξ	33	606	052.26	17356	1878	223	25678	ž	66806	18883
	Megn	1008.5	602.5	822.5	604.3	05914.1	17650.3	1900.4	256.3	25978.8	795.3	GÐ104.D	19864.2
	Standard Deviation	£	22	7.9	4.1	1062.5	329.2	51.5	4.5	298.4	5.85	757.3	1513
	Coefficient of Variation	8	₹.	60	67	1.1	13	2.7	1.8	1.1	7.1	1.1	g.8
	Count Limit 3 aigma	000	00	9,00	0.02	0,03	0.08	0,06	0.06	0.03	0.21	000	0.02
	CADSA AR ASMIDINGS												
		37	247	940	\$	778	Ę	Kon	5	2004000	5	3	1
N		3	38	35	a a	ê	3	3 6	3 6	7077748	2000	2000	9 5
9		803	2	1	Ş	5	99	Ĕ	Ę	80000	8	2 2	3
-		3	25	À	Ę	3	1	8	3	ANGOCK A	3 8	2 0	3 2
S.		8	812	35	88	285	Ş	225	2	8080675	8008	2	1
	pean	538.6	217.8	313.7	202.1	596.9	406.9	STES	21.1	7884838.8	90233	62836	19mg 8
	Standard Devintion	90	1.1	\$	77	124	¥	47	0,1	BETSBS	55.8	128.2	3
	Coefficient of Variation	1.1	0.5	4.	2	2.1	=	80	0.5	=	. 98	7	80
	Count Limit 3 sigma	973	0.02	ğ	0.04	90.0	88	20,0	50	800	200	ğ	8
	18-Feb-03												

16 60435 13560 3994865 3994865 3994865 39939 139833 4015559 3994865 39939 139833 4015559 3994865		⊦	۲	L	ł					
Mean 100 10 56639 113883 4015599 14588 145888 14588 145888 145888 145888 145888 145888 145888 145888	21239	-	-		-	1	2008	785	16.00	2MR
1000 17 66413 145269 4026670 17 66413 145279 4026870 1000 17 66413 145279 4026870 1000 17 66413 145279 4026870 1000 17 66413 145279 4026870 1000 17 66413 145279 4026870 1000 17 66413 145279 4026870 1000	27423	╀╴	_	L.	┿	2	9838	3.00	87.0	4004
Mean 1000 17 60413 145539 4729681 145539 4729681 145539 4729681 145539 4729681 145539 4729681 145539 4729681 145539 4729681 145539 4729681 145539 14	21383	┝	${}^{+}$	1	╁	12	80	21246	996	7000
Semidard Deviction 1006 16 610264 138626 4425620.4	21471	┝	_	L	╁	2	6999	2 P.Z.M	600	1000
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复	Momentage Oata	SS/P	OFFESS	1168	120Sn	12180	126Te	138Ba	139La	140Ce	Z F	148910	153Eu	157Gd	139Tb	163Dy	165Ho
		222	Ŧ	2847	2378	241839	3	114377	19745	55238	4147	8887	8	229	39	E	5
		322	113	22,17	1743	243262	3	112085	13389	52054	5	2846	187	88	88	2	S
		3131	22	2325	1730	248333	2	113492	19528	33198	£651	2818	8	689 98	27.	192	ß
اء		e E	£	2365	1753	248370	7	114849	13833	54383	4087	38.5	\$	8	28	780	25
힏		2003	=	3335 5335	2344	246422		114206	13460	56172	4088	385	\$	£	ß	2	28
	Mean	3135.4	111.1	3381.3	1991.4	244897.3	25	113807.6	13590.4	54991.8	4087.0	233	6983	688.2	569.3	7.07	87.6
	Standard Desiglion	108.7	1.3	20.6	337.7	2631.7	95	1078.0	189.7	8362	38.5	24.5	3.5	67	48	3	=
	Coefficient of Wariston	3.3	1.2	9.0	17.0	1.1	6.2	6.0	3	1,5	0.0	6.0	9.0	9	9.0	6	8
	Count Limit 3 sigma	0.10	0.04	0.02	1970	a 63	a.18	800	70.0	90.0	800	600	0.02	80	80	8	200
	Spor check 1502/2003																
		9597	1523	88	2865	2125	318	8368	8488	9018	10069	595	35	1988	12422	316	12778
7		5316	1528	88	2867	2117	222	8600	8638	B241	10652	1889	852	8968	12430	\$155	12874
_		200	1527	\$	2002	2107	127	9650	8464	P828	10995	1852	48	1869	12254	3140	<u>585</u>
-		88	1501	39	2883	2109	22	9619	6457	8111	10582	1821	905	2005	12697	3156	13012
1		28 28 28 28	1513	88	38	802	Ř	8465	8278	8118	10593	1898	9000	2060	12742	78 78	13207
	Meen	\$ \$ \$	1518.9	685.4	2875.3	2107.3	\$25	85824	8416.9	81724	10540.2	1862.8	6379.9	2001.B	12529.2	3149.0	12875.5
	Standard Deviation	38.5	11.2	5.4	21.9	E.	22	73.6	557	83.6	97.4	25.7	34.7	283	177.3	2	182.8
- 1	Coefficient of Variation	3	0,7	9	0.9	8	2	8	0,1	1.0	63	1.4	92	1.3	4.	3	2
-	Count Limit 3 sigma	8 18	200	99	ğ	8	8.0	900	8	88	0.03	900	700	808	900 100	a.01	0.0
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	Standard Deviation	385.9	17.1	85	802	18.9	77	200	38	200	3	2 4		13/07	1.000	3102	2/8/2
	Coefficient of Variation	7.8	=	5	0.7	60	=	80	3	1 2	2	98	8	20	20	200	;
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Ī	Blank TE 1502/2003																
		Z :	2	0	2	-	0	S	-	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
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E	Normelized Data	196E	189Tm	1727b	1750	178H	181Ta	(BZW	TOSE	208Pb	209Bi	ZZZIP	ZZBIT
		3	215	307	1	686	403	581	122	6147881	6228	8541	1324
		534	212	314	82	647	\$	8	218	6083497	87219	96438	1322
		532	214	808	200	576	300	878	612	80226488	8578	9828	1303
6		225	92	90¢	202	3	9	283	219	8030015	9160	288	13/6
2		523	212	900	g	1082	285	1 00	218	8104503	9482	2006	1319
	Mean	925	214.8	308.7	6002	682.0	398.0	9839	218.9	8078522.8	82017	9,691.0	1316.7
	Standard Deviation	97	3.4	2.8	1.9	2128	3	207.3	1.8	61330.2	29.2	138.8	2
	Coefficient of Variation	8	9	8.0	8	31.2	1.6	312	88	90	0.3	7	90
	Count Limit 3 sigma	9	900	500	8	3	900	80	200	20:0	00	3	000
	Span check 15/02/2000												
_		970	13801	2882	13831	2005	1,005	23	2838	6285	7516	10719	113280
_		1124	13520	5255	£72	- Se	1137	25	1884	285	22.66	10737	1728
		4211	137.14	2967	14428	S S	11506	55	1288	9895	8367	50578	1348
		4229	13788	3010	13888	3577	11678	1535	6744	591B	9168	10667	1415
		4235	13763	2887	13840	SE SE	11229	1554	8731	5884	8028	10905	200
	Mean	4228.4	13678.8	3000.1	14145.4	3706.3	11338.6	1545.1	EB68.2	5983.8	92138	10799.8	11833.0
	Standard Deutation	15.7	110.4	17.1	410.8	2022	57	11.5	9.99	386	28	130.6	7117
	Coefficient of Variation	0.4	9.0	90	53	\$\$	1.5	2.0	88	5	0.	12	8
	Count Link 3 signa	100	25 0	D.02	0.08	0.16	908	0.02	20.0	0,02	900	0.04	900
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		4 18	3568	282	288	98	1304	<u>§</u>	8618	52,48	208	1 86	1150
		Ž	1000			2	= 188	ž	8228	100	8	<u>5</u>	5
		\$ 1	220	2988	2000	22	1156	2 05	3	22	888	100g	1065
ِ ا		4173	L 2321	2882	2000		1085/	<u>2</u>	8428	85.55	200	200	2
		100	1382B	2852.6	13808.0	3567.8	10889	\$223	8653.3	5785.8	800 4.8	10543.3	11088.0
	Standard Deviation	228	2800	60.3	2138	202	828	25.0	825	ğ	2	86.5	151.8
	Coefficient of Variation	8	23	3	1,5	3	8	-	9	=	8	8	1,4
	Count Umil 3 sigma	0,02	96.0	5	0.05	0.02	0.03	900	0.03	9,03	0.03	200	0.04
	Back TF 150000ms											ľ	
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		0	0	0	0	18	5	9	-	9	2		
	Allean	8	0.2	0.0	07	16.9	5.3	19.9	7	15.8	21	22	3
	Standard Deviation	0.0	0.0	a.0	90	15.	0.2	1.6	2	6.3	5	2	3
	Coefficient of Variation	61.1	128	20.8	22.9	9.9	4.2	7.9	7.5	2.0	7.0	8	2
Ţ	Court Limit 3 sigma	\$	ž	\$	\$	5	≨	ş	ES .	ş	¥	NA.	ş
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Page Page	Randard Deviation	8.1	Q.7	1723	35.8	697.2	2	97	11.6	210	157.5	88	T	1677.8	622	1378.4	0188
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Count Limit 3 sigma	\$	ş	≨	\$	≨	\$	*	2	2	\$	4	MA	N.	W.	NA.	4
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Standard Deviation	336.9	3,4	90	ž	88	00	1962.0		2529.5	384.8	148.0	2.5	83	30,0	41.0	28.6
Coefficient of Variation	=	80	22	88	9,0	2	2		2	1.5	83	1.1	07	0.0	0.7	0.5
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Concentrations in CRMs										T						
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SARM 3 Cert Val	2	£	8	S.	B	2	28	a	8	4	2	Ē	3	E	8	£
SARM 48 Cert Vet	096	121	16.0	7.40	0.13	5	8	R	8	2	3	8	388	20	2	88
	83															
	_		_	_	i											

Ş	Normalized Data	166Er	189Tm	47276	17540	1787	181Ta	WZ81	E SE	208Pb	20981	ZZZIP	ZZBU
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5		٥	Đ	0	٥	11	Ş	41	-	51	2	و	-
		2.0	82	8	2	3	4.8	16.9	3	15.4	07	3	63
	Standard Deviation	99	00	00	90	88	2	978	0.1	0.3	5.0	62	9
	Coefficient of Variation	23.5	12.4	35.9	15.9	\$	3.5	3.6	7.8	17	3	4	129
	Count Limit 3 sigma	N/A	NS.	N.F.	NY.	N.W.	NA	NA	NA	W/N	NGA	NA.	Ę
			j										
	SARM 1502/200												
F		8015	2836	4425	2813	5239	2002	570	147	95022	305	99-285	21244
~		6029	2884	4425	2859	5521	727	98	748	22046	82	25685	21419
6		5925	2827	4422	2844	8228	288	3 55	757	21512	8	7,288,5	21307
		2889	7987	#3X	2869	8239	7183	563	72	2222	ĸ	Serre	21844
c.		5916	2814	9623	2829	5118	7287	286	¥	21238	33	59188	2438
	Mean	5974.1	2880.7	4620.9	2844.0	5363.7	727.3	562.6	755.2	21824.7	270.7	59607.4	21450.8
	Standard Deviation	613	32.1	13.7	21.4	208.5	40.8	6.0	9.6	431.6	21.8	388.3	24
	Coefficient of Waristion	6.0	1.1	0.3	6.0	88	0.7	1.1	13	2.0	7.3	8	7
	Count Limit 3 sigme	93	0,03	D,0	8 00	a o	20'0	0,03	gor	900	0.24	200	80.0
	(8-Feb-CS												
9		5838	8282	412	0882	1629	223	0 <i>2</i> 5	Ĕ	21730	242	59618	21483
7		2885	9882	877	1812	ZZ2S	2912	295	749	21540	Ø	57688	2153
8		3965	2805	1364	2828	5207	7175	Š	757	21346	S	2000	2422
6		60035	2768	4334	2808	5178	206	587	741	21804	380	665385	21247
2		6069	2992	434	2828	5140	ğ	3	731	2822	213	28887	21702
	Mean	5997.2	2824.5	4380,4	2827,3	5197.2	7216.0	568.2	750.6	21743.9	3162	58574.5	21411.6
	Standard Deviation	58.0	27.9	48.3	33.6	30,7	67.7	σc	6.1	3629	67.8	697.5	203.6
	Coefficient of Variation	88	40	1.1	12	970	6.0	0.5	0.8	1.8	21.4	12	1.0
	Count Limit 3 sigma	800	88	80.0	0.00	000	900	0.00	0.02	9070	0.64	0.04	0.03
	Average SAFBH 1	88	7887	200	988 888	222	222	38	283	25.ZZ	288	2009	21431
	SARIK1 Certified value	950	88	2	288	226	8	1.85	8	2	8	8.8	500
	Counts per ppm	220	무	윩	248	\$	1474	8	SE SE	꿁	<u>1</u>	£	â
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	DESCRIPTION OF CHARGE												
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	SARM 46 15472/2003	-	V	-	V	-	T	-	7	98.97	٩	-	-
		-	V	-	1		V	1	V	1693			-
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	SARMS Cent Val	20	Ę	ę	3	Ē	2	2	F	2	5	6	_
	SARIM 48 Cert Val	2.60		85	8	231.00	83	2	2	\$	50	2	7
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1	Barness Brand Ports	F	4	-	4												
2	MUNICIPALITY LIGHT	2	906	AIC	Ş		3	ĝ	Ž Ž	5	9	2	3	9	25	<u>}</u>	28
	Samples diluted 250x prior								ĺ								
	to analysis							-									
	Calculated							-									
	Detection Umit Oata					 											
	Based on standards:																
		12	986	SIV	2023	SSM	స్ట్రిక్ట	ECM:	252 252	68Zn	288	SE SE	83	250	200	A	JZ06
	concs in pub	10	×	Ç	R	9	6	ş	15		•	22	28			9	28

Æ	Nomelized Data	83Mb	98No	11100	120Sh	121Sb	126Te	138Ba	139LB	140Ce	141Pr	146Md	153Eu	157Gd	15gTb	163Dy	185140
	Samples diluted 250x prior																
	to enalysis																
	Cafcutated							-									
	Detection Limit Data															-	
	Based on standards																
		QN58	98Mc	1103	12051	121Sb	126Te	1SEBa	139La	140Ce	141Pr	146Nd	153Eu	157Gd	159TD	163Dy	185Ho
	conce in path		•	•	9	9	8	6	7	'n	7	8	152	9	2	4	9

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Run	Normalized Data	7389I	169Tm	17ZYB	175Lp	178HB	181Ta	182W	ZDELL	208Pb	2006	23Z1B	238U
	Samples diluted 250x prior												
	o analysis												
	Calculated												
	Defection Umit Data				-								
	Based on standards:-												
		166Er	169Tm	17.Th	176Lu	178HF	181Ta	182W	T205TI	208Pb	20969	ZXZIII	ZSEU
	couce in path	60	œ	S	\$	*	38	75	6	60	6	ų,	100

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